

THE NETWORK RAIL (CAMBRIDGESHIRE LEVEL CROSSING REDUCTION) ORDER

TRANSPORT AND WORKS ACT 1992

TRANSPORT AND WORKS (APPLICATIONS AND OBJECTIONS PROCEDURE) (ENGLAND AND WALES) RULES 2006

THE NETWORK RAIL (CAMBRIDGESHIRE LEVEL CROSSING REDUCTION) ORDER

STATEMENT OF CONSULTATION

(Required by Rule 10 (2) (d))

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Executive summary

Network Rail has undertaken extensive consultation throughout the development of the Anglia Level Crossing Reduction Programme. This has helped to inform the specification of the scheme, by enabling key stakeholders and members of the public to provide their feedback on the emerging proposals, which has been considered and used in the decision making to refine the solutions for each level crossing.

A consultation strategy was developed to adhere to the statutory requirements from Rule (10(2)d) of the Application Rules. It also helped to ensure that the consultation process is inclusive and effective, improving the acceptability of the proposals to be applied for within the Cambridgeshire Level Crossing Reduction Transport and Works Act Order (TWAO), and thereby increasing the level of confidence that robust proposals have been developed.

The consultation planning recognised that effective and on-going engagement with the following wide range of stakeholders will be key to the successful promotion of the TWAO:

- 1. **Strategic stakeholders** (Local Planning and Highway Authorities; MPs, Councillors, Parish Councils etc.)
- Statutory consultees (i.e. as identified within Schedules 5 and 6 of the Transport and Works Act 1992)
- 3. Landowners (including tenants, occupiers, and parties with private rights of way)
- 4. Local access, user, and interest groups
- 5. The public

Whilst consultation has been ongoing throughout all stages of the project, the periods of formal public consultation activities can be summarised as follows:

- Round 1: Initial options for each level crossing were presented in June 2016 to support the option selection process;
- Round 2: Preferred option (generally a single option) for each level crossing was presented in September / October 2016;
- December 2016 Information Update: To highlight significant changes to proposals at seven public level crossings (i.e. those where there will be changes made to the solution which might significantly affect the public), as a result of the feedback received from the public and stakeholders during Round 2.

Stakeholder engagement feedback and responses for each round of public consultation were considered as part of the option selection process along with a range of other factors. In addition, consultation also helped shape the proposals and key examples are provided in **Appendix D.**

1 Introduction

1.1 Scheme background

Network Rail has taken steps to close or reduce potential risk at many level crossings on the railway network and is continually looking at ways to improve safety, reliability and value for public money. This is achieved through various existing programmes and initiatives including the National Level Crossing Closure Programme which is based around safety criteria.

Additionally, Network Rail has developed the Anglia Level Crossing Reduction Strategy to further consider options to provide alternative means of crossing the railway to help expedite the process. In particular, the Strategy will help provide the following benefits:

- Improve the safety of level crossing users;
- Deliver a more efficient and reliable railway, which is vital in supporting the regional and UK economy;
- Reduce the ongoing operating and maintenance cost of the railway;
- Reduce delays to trains, pedestrians and other highway users;
- Improve journey time reliability for all railway, highway and other rights of way users.

The purpose of the Anglia Level Crossing Reduction Strategy is to improve safety, allow Network Rail to more effectively manage their assets, reduce the ongoing maintenance liability of the railway and help enable various separate potential enhancement schemes in the future.

1.2 The Strategy

The Anglia Level Crossing Reduction Strategy comprises 5 phases; however, the proposals in the Cambridgeshire Transport and Works Act Order (TWAO) only relates to Phases 1 and 2.

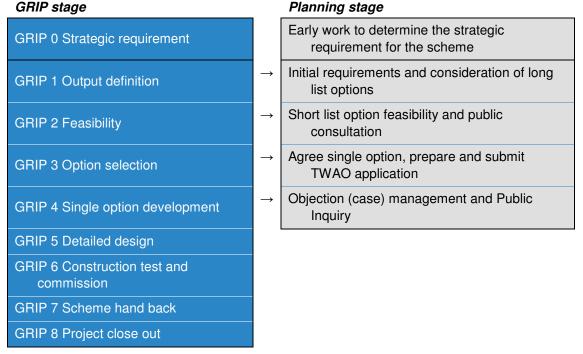
Phase 1 (mainline) and 2 (branch line) comprise level crossings where the proposals do not include any new form of grade separation across the railway, and where benefits may be deliverable and affordable within Network Rail Control Period 5 (to 31/03/2019) and Control Period 6 (to 31/03/2024).

Phases 3 to 5 will include new grade separated crossings of the railway, and diversion or downgrading of major highways. Network Rail has advised that these later phases are likely to be implemented within Control Period 6 (2019 to 2024) after Phases 1 and 2 are implemented. This is because the more substantive associated infrastructure means that they will take longer to develop and secure the necessary funding. It is expected that planning work on Phases 3 to 5 may be progressed during the latter stages of Control Period 5.

1.3 The Programme

Governance for Railway Investment Projects (GRIP) is Network Rail's management stages for projects and divides them into eight distinct stages, shown in the left hand side of Figure 1 below. The overall GRIP approach is product rather than process driven (i.e. within each stage an agreed set of products are delivered), and can be difficult to interpret in the context of the planning process. The right hand side of Figure 1 shows the key planning activities and/or events that occurs at each GRIP stage during the Programme.

Figure 1: GRIP stages in planning context GRIP stage



Source: Mott MacDonald

During 2014, Network Rail reviewed and developed early concept (GRIP Stage 0) solutions for Phase 1 and 2 of the Strategy. This included some early stakeholder consultation, the framework of which is set out in Chapter 3 of this report.

After considering the GRIP Stage 1 feasibility study outcomes and reviewing funding, Network Rail reduced the number of Phase 1 and 2 level crossings to be taken forward, due to affordability and deliverability. More specifically, work to consider level crossings within the county of Norfolk was deferred to Control Period 6 (2019 to 2024).

All works which are currently being progressed comprise the Programme, consisting of three individual projects, described in the next section.

1.4 The Projects

Three separate Projects have been identified within the post GRIP Stage 1 Strategy as listed below:

- 1. The county of Cambridgeshire (The Cambridgeshire Level Crossing Reduction Order);
- 2. The county of Suffolk (The Suffolk Level Crossing Reduction Order);
- The county of Essex, the county of Hertfordshire, the unitary authorities of Thurrock and Southend-on-Sea and the London Borough of Havering (The Essex and Others Level Crossing Reduction Order).

1.5 Transport and Works Act Orders

Each of the three Projects will be the subject of a separate application under the Transport and Works Act 1992 for which Network Rail is applying. This will include the powers necessary to

enable it to implement the projects such as the acquisition of land, or rights over land, extinguishment of existing rights and alteration of rights including downgrading of roads. It should be noted that solutions at certain level crossings are part of a common solution or interact with adjacent level crossings.

1.6 The Cambridgeshire Level Crossing Reduction Order

This report is for the Cambridgeshire Level Crossing Reduction Order only. It comprises 30 level crossings which are named and shown in Table 1.1 and Figure 2.

Table 1.1: Level crossings in the Cambridgeshire Order

0	Managa
Code	Name
C01	Chittering
C02	Nairns No.117
C03	West River Bridge
C04	No. 20
C07	No.37
C08	Ely North Junction
C09	Second Drove
C10	Coffue Drove
C11	Furlong Drove
C12	Silt Drove
C13	Middle Drove
C14	Eastrea Cross Drove
C15	Brickyard Drove
C16	Prickwillow 1
C17	Prickwillow 2
C18	Munceys
C20	Leonards
C21	Newmarket Bridge
C22	Wells Engine
C24	Cross Keys
C25	Clayway
C26	Poplar Drive
C27	Willow Row/Willow Road
C28	Black Horse Drove
C29	Cassellis
C30	Westley Road
C31	Littleport Station
C33	Jack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing)
C34	Fysons
C35	Ballast Pit

Source: Network Rail / Mott MacDonald

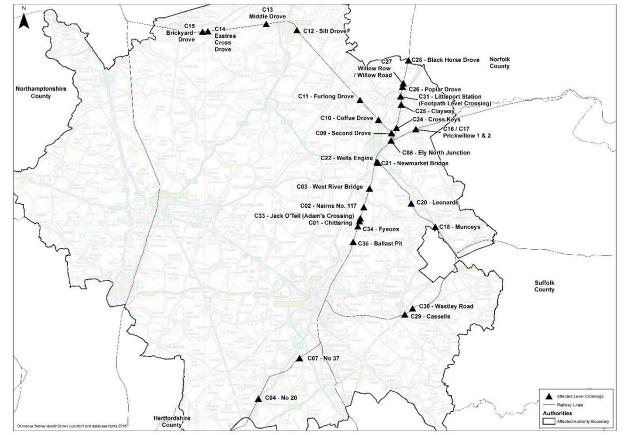


Figure 2: Map of level crossing sites and railway lines in Cambridgeshire

Source: Network Rail / Mott MacDonald

1.7 Purpose

This report, in accordance with Rule 10(2)(d) of The Transport and Works (Application and Objections Procedure) (England and Wales) Rules 2006 ("Application Rules"), sets out the extensive consultation activity undertaken by Network Rail to comply with the Application Rules.

Rule 10(2)(d) requires the applicant to submit with the draft Order, a report summarising all the consultations undertaken, including confirmation that the applicant has consulted with all the relevant bodies named in Schedule 5 and 6 of the Application Rules.

1.8 Report structure

Following this introduction, the report is structured as follows:

- **Chapter 2** describes the statutory requirements and incorporating best practice procedures for pre-application consultation;
- Chapter 3 outlines the approach that was used to carry out consultation activities with all stakeholders that are relevant to this project;
- Chapter 4 provides an overview of the key findings from the consultation and how it shaped and influenced the proposals throughout the life of the project.

2 Pre-application consultation requirements

2.1 Statutory requirements and best practice

A consultation strategy was developed to adhere to the statutory requirements from Rule 10(2) (9d) of the Application Rules. It also has taken account of the following guidance and best-practice procedures to develop a more wide-ranging approach to pre-application consultation:

- The Department for Transport (DfT) 'A Guide to TWA Procedures';
- The Government's 'Code of Practice on Consultation':
- Pre-application requirements for Development Consent Orders promoted under the Planning Act 2008. Whilst this is not specifically applicable to a TWAO scheme, we have taken cognisance of relevant best practice and considered a range of approaches; and
- Planning Practice Guidance published by the UK Government in March 2014 (which supersedes the 'Code of Practice on the Dissemination of Information during Major Infrastructure Developments', which is referenced within the DfT's 'A Guide to TWA Procedures').

This approach has ensured that the consultation process is inclusive and effective, and helps maximise acceptability of the proposals to be applied for within the TWAO, thereby increasing the level of confidence that robust proposals have been developed.

Table 2.1 demonstrates the compliance of the project's consultation activities with the statutory requirements, adherence to best practice and areas where the consultation activities undertaken exceed requirements.

Table 2.1: Consultation requirements and best practice compliance

Consultation activity	Statutory requirement	Guidance recommendation	Project activity
Rule 10(2)(d) of the Transport and Works (Application Rules 2006	ons and Objections	Procedure) (England	and Wales)
Consultation Report including confirmation that all relevant parties named in column 2 of Schedules 5 and 6 of the Rules have been consulted.	✓	✓	✓
Government Code of Practice on Consultation, 2008	3		
Formal consultation at a stage where influencing the outcome is feasible	×	✓	✓
Consultation period of at least 12 weeks ¹	x	✓	✓
Clear explanations of proposals, including benefits and costs ² , the process being followed, the scope to influence the proposals	*	✓	✓
Consultation exercises accessible to and clearly targeted at those people affected	×	✓	✓
Minimising the burden of consultation to consultees	x	✓	✓
Analysis of consultation responses with feedback provided following the consultation exercises	×	✓	✓
Learning from guidance and best practice to plan and run consultation exercises	×	✓	✓
Planning Act, 2008: Guidance on the pre-application	n consultation		
Notify the Secretary of State of the proposed application and whether an environmental impact assessment or a screening opinion will be pursued	×	✓	✓
Produce and make easily available a Statement of Community Consultation (Pre-Application Approach to Community Consultation, PAACC) ³	*	✓	✓
Publicity and advertisement of consultation exercises	×	✓	✓
Minimum period of 28 days for return of responses to consultation ⁴	×	✓	✓

Source: Rule 10 of the Transport and Works (Applications and Objections Procedure), 2006; Code of Practice on Consultation, 2008

Stakeholder consultation has been ongoing from 2015 to 2017, with several rounds of formal public consultation undertaken in 2016

Costs were discussed with the local authority has part of ongoing discussions regarding the proposals

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 3}$ $\,$ A "Communications Plan" has been produced for this project, which is similar in nature to a PAACC

⁴ All formal public consultation periods provided a minimum period of 28 days for the return of responses, with exception to the Round 2, whereby a 21-day return period was advertised. However, responses received up to 28 days were accepted and included in the consultation reporting

3 Overview of consultation approach

3.1 Preparation and planning

3.1.1 Stakeholder Management Plan

A Stakeholder Management Plan (SMP) was developed to set out how the project will engage with stakeholders during the feasibility design development and TWAO pre-application stage This SMP was followed through all stages of consultation.

In addition, a Communications Plan was developed and was prepared for the Cambridgeshire area and issued to the County and District Councils at the outset of the project. These were shared with the relevant Local Authorities to advise on the project's approach to consultation with all stakeholders and were followed throughout the consultation process.

3.1.2 Identification of affected parties

The proposed closure of level crossings will affect a wide range of stakeholders. The consultation planning recognised that effective and on-going engagement with all stakeholders will be key to the successful promotion of the TWAOs.

The stakeholders potentially affected by the scheme were categorised as follows:

- Strategic stakeholders (Local Planning and Highway Authorities; MPs, Councillors, Parish Councils etc.);
- 2. Statutory consultees (i.e. as identified within Schedules 5 and 6 of the Transport and Works Act 1992);
- 3. Landowners (including tenants, occupiers, and parties with private rights of way);
- 4. Local access, user, and interest groups; and
- 5. The public.

3.2 Stages of consultation

The Cambridgeshire TWAO was subject to the following stages of consultation:

- Round 1: (April to July/August 2016) Initial options for each level crossing were
 presented to stakeholders, including landowners, with formal public consultation in June
 2016 to support the option selection process (GRIP Stage 2). Stakeholders and members of
 the public were invited to submit feedback which was used to inform the development of the
 preferred solutions, ahead of the second round of consultation. At this stage the proposal
 drawings where made available to consultation parties. These showed potential route
 options but did not specify the type of proposed right of way of potential extinguishments;
- Round 2: (August/September to November 2016) Preferred option (generally a single option) for each level crossing was presented, to gain buy-in to the preferred option and to refine it based on consultation feedback. A formal public consultation was held during September 2016. At this stage the proposal drawings were made available to consultation parties. These showed proposed routes including the type of right of way as well as extinguishments;
- Round 3 Information Update (December 2016 to January 2017): An information update
 was used in December 2016 to highlight changes to proposals at public level crossings, as a
 result of the feedback received from the public and stakeholders during Round 2. At this

stage the proposal drawings were made available to consultation parties, to show the changes made. There were seven crossings (grouped into five packages) in Cambridgeshire included within the December 2016 Information Update:

- C06 Barrington (subsequently removed from scheme)
- C08 Ely North
- C26 Poplar Drove & C27 Willow Row package
- C09 Second Drove & C24 Cross Keys package
- C20 Leonards

At each of these consultation stages, the public as well as stakeholders were invited to discuss and comment on the entirety of the proposals including the route options, specific features and need for the scheme.

 Round 4 (January to February 2017) continuing Landowner Engagement (undertaken by Bruton Knowles

While there were defined periods of public consultation; engagement with other key stakeholders such as landowners, local authorities, statutory consultees was an continual process, hence the overlapping time periods given above.

Please note, in the tables found in **Appendix D**, round 3 is used to define correspondence for any level crossing during the defined timescale above, not only the level crossings which were part of the December 2016 update.

3.3 Process undertaken

3.3.1 Strategic stakeholders

3.3.1.1 GRIP Stage 1

This category of consultee includes Local Planning and Highway Authorities (County and District Councils), Parish Councils, Councillors, and MPs. The Country Land and Business Association (CLA) and the National Farmers Union (NFU) were also important strategic stakeholders consulted at this stage. These organisations were able to provide details for the majority of the major farmers and landowners that will be affected by this scheme.

Cambridgeshire County Council was consulted during GRIP Stage 1. Workshops were held with various officers (such as Highways, PROW, Green Infrastructure, Legal, Trails and Heritage etc.) in Autumn 2015. A brief overview presentation provided background context and an overview of the programme and project plan. This initial session also described the nature of the work undertaken to date, including the site visits and desktop research, and provided a further opportunity to forge partnership working for mutual benefit.

The crossings within the relevant County area were then discussed in detail as a group, to understand the current situation and to consider the proposed solutions, in order to further develop and shape the initial proposals for level crossing closures. A Google Earth KMZ file showing the locations of all level crossings and a PDF plans of the proposed closure solutions were circulated to all attendees prior to the meeting.

A second meeting was then held post completion of the GRIP Stage 1 reviews to provide an update to project and discuss any amendments to the proposals.

After considering the GRIP Stage 1 feasibility study outcomes and reviewing funding, Network Rail reduced the number of Phase 1 and 2 level crossings to be taken forward into the next

stage of the project. More specifically, level crossings in Norfolk and those on branch lines in Suffolk were removed due to affordability and deliverability.

3.3.1.2 GRIP Stages 2 and 3

Further and more detailed consultation was undertaken with strategic stakeholders during GRIP Stages 2 and 3. At the most basic level, County, District, and Parish Councils received written correspondence throughout the programme to provide notification of the opportunities for consultation at the various stages.

A series of workshops were held with Cambridgeshire County Council during GRIP Stages 2 and 3, which fed into decision making in relation to the refinement of solutions for each level crossing. These are as follows:

- Post Round 1 consultation: 26th July 2016 and the 2nd August 2016
- Post Round 2 consultation: 11th October 2016
- Post December 2016 Information Update: Teleconference, 16th December 2016

County Archaeologists, County Cultural Heritage Officers were also invited to attend and the three District Councils within Cambridgeshire were also invited to send a representative to attend (District Councils were also requested to provide information on any planning applications that might be relevant for the team to consider during the development of the proposals for level crossings).

In addition to the workshop sessions, ongoing teleconferences / telephone conversations and email correspondence occurred between the design team and the relevant County Council Officers throughout the process, to ensure that they could input and influence the emerging proposals for each level crossing.

The Rules stipulate that every Parish or Community Council in whose area the relevant stopping-up or diversion of a footpath, a bridleway, a byway or cycle track is located, must be consulted for a TWAO application. Councillors from parish councils in which affected level crossings are situated were invited to pre-meetings, to be held before the publicised time for Round 1 and 2 public exhibitions. Other parish councils which became relevant as the design developed were also consulted. Also, in accordance with the Rules, all relevant Parish or Community Councils will be served with a copy of the TWAO application.

Members of Parliament were briefed in advance of each stage of the consultation. This was done by letter with the offer of a face to face briefing.

The initial stage of consultation was communicated to County and District Leaders, Cabinet Members and affected ward councillors. This was done by letter with the offer of a follow up meeting and a private "stakeholder" session one hour in advance of the advertised time at the public exhibitions. Officers at Cambridgeshire County Council also syndicated information out to all councillors, those affected and those not affected.

Network Rail facilitated a workshop for councillors alongside Cambridgeshire County Council on 9 August at East Cambridge Council, Ely. Feedback from that session was captured and used to refine plans.

The second round of consultation was communicated to MPs, Council Leaders, Cabinet Members and all affected ward councillors by letter. As with the initial round of consultation this was done in advance of a press release. Again, a follow up meeting was offered.

The third stage and subsequent removal of crossings was communicated to MPs, affected ward councillors, County and District Council Leaders and Cabinet Members.

Network Rail undertook ad hoc meetings with individual members of parliament regarding specific crossings. These were:

- Heidi Allen MP (South Cambs) Barrington Road
- Lucy Frazer MP (South East Cambs) Project Overview

Ad hoc meetings also took place with county and district councillors:

• Cllr Susan van de Ven - Melbourn Ward - Cambs CC - Barrington Road

Members of parliament were briefed regularly, face to face by Network Rail's Public Affairs Manager (Anglia) as part of our ongoing engagement programme.

3.3.2 Statutory consultees

This category of consultee is concerned with those as identified within Schedules 5 and 6 of the Transport and Works Act 1992.

At GRIP Stage 1, a letter was issued to the organisations outlined below on Friday 9th October 2015. The letters introduced the programme, and requested the opportunity to meet (or arrange a telephone discussion) with relevant individuals to discuss the programme and relevant crossings in further detail.

- Natural England;
- Environment Agency;
- Historic England; and
- Highways England.

Further and more detailed and ongoing consultation with these statutory consultees was carried out during GRIP Stage 2 and 3. This was done via letter, telephone discussions and meetings, to ensure that the project team was aware of key considerations in the development of the initial and preferred options. Some consultees requested more detailed design information on the proposals, which was provided.

The feedback received (such as safety and functionality) supported design development and the preparation of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Screening Request for the Cambridgeshire TWAO, which was submitted to the Secretary of State on 8th December, 2016; and the Screening Opinion dated 24th January 2017, it was confirmed that no EIA is required for the Cambridgeshire proposals.

3.3.2.1 Schedules 5 and 6 consultees

Schedules 5 and 6 of the Rules identify a range of other statutory consultees that need to be consulted. This engagement has been undertaken via written correspondence, to provide current information about the project, details of information available on the project website and contact details to provide feedback or discuss any aspect of the project.

All parties to be served under Schedule 5 and 6 of the Rules have been informed of the intended application.

Appendix A provides a summary of the various relevant categories of consultee under Schedules 5 and 6 of the Rules, who are entitled to receive a copy of the application documents or to be served with notice of the making of the application. It also contains categories which are not relevant although consultation has been carried out with some of these parties so that they are aware of the scheme.

3.3.3 Landowners

This category of consultee is mostly concerned with the owners of land affected by the Anglia level crossing closure proposals; but also includes tenants, occupiers and parties with private rights of way.

The approach adopted for consulting with landowners and other affected parties is described below.

Details for affected landowners were obtained from the Land Registry; this enabled the team to undertake initial desktop investigations and discussions with landowners. This also enabled the identification of other affected parties (including tenants, occupiers, and parties with private rights of way).

At GRIP Stage 1, only an initial prioritised list of potentially directly affected landowners were consulted, to enquire about the operation of the land, make arrangements to gain access for surveys and obtain information for initial compensation cost estimates. This was undertaken via letter and telephone discussions. In addition to this, a small number of additional land owners were consulted during site visits if the opportunity arose (i.e. the landowner was present on site whilst our surveyor was there).

At GRIP Stage 2-3, written correspondence and discussions continued with landowners during four phases of activity (described below).

- An initial phase of consultation activity (between April and July/August 2016) was undertaken
 with landowners directly affected by the proposals; namely, where the proposals involved the
 creation of a new public right of way across their land, where their private user rights to a
 level crossing would be affected, or for land adjacent to a public level crossing being
 affected.
- A second phase of consultation between August and October 2016 for key landowners on single preferred options.
- 3. The third phase of consultation (between November and December 2016) was undertaken with landowners where there were potential significant impacts, or where changes to the proposals as a result of the consultation process or other engineering or environment reason had taken place, etc., and where design evolution had identified new landowners / parties affected by the proposals.
- 4. A fourth phase of consultation activity (between December 2016 and February 2017) was undertaken by Bruton Knowles with landowners/affected parties including those subject to the acquisition of temporary access rights. This comprised progression of discussions with parties previously engaged and the engagement of new parties where identified through earlier consultation. This was undertaken through written correspondence, telephone discussions and site meetings where requested. All landowners/affected parties identified through the referencing process were written to, given an opportunity to discuss the proposals, advised of how their interest could be affected and where to view the current design.

The team made on average three separate attempts to contact unique land parties to ensure that they had sufficient opportunity to be consulted.

Furthermore, to establish the use of private user crossings, a questionnaire was produced for completion by those with rights to use at least one of the five private user crossings being considered within Cambridgeshire. This is shown in **Appendix B.** The private user crossings identified within the study area within Cambridgeshire are as follows:

- C02 Nairns (No. 117)
- C26 Poplar Drove
- C33 Jack O'Tell
- C34 Fysons
- C35 Ballast Pit

This questionnaire sought to capture not only the average use of the level crossing but also whether there were any times of the year when usage peaked (such as during the harvesting season). The questionnaire was posted to interested parties on Friday 2nd December 2016. A freepost return addressed envelope and details of the project email address to which responses could be sent were enclosed. The deadline for responses was set as Friday 16th December 2016. The survey was issued again to those who had not provided a response on Wednesday 11th January 2017, with a revised response date set for 23rd January 2017. Of the questionnaires issued to 14 private users for level crossings in Cambridgeshire, 10 responses were received for the following level crossings:

- C02 Nairns (No. 117) one response
- C26 Poplar Drove six responses
- C33 Jack O'Tell one response
- C34 Fysons one response
- C35 Ballast Pit one response

Network Rail can confirm that all identified parties in the Book of Reference have been consulted prior to submission of the Order. If any other parties are identified following on from submission of the order Network Rail will continue to engage with them as they become known. Key comments made by landowners have been identified in **Appendix D**. This also sets out how these comments influenced the design proposals taken forward.

3.3.4 Local user and interest groups

3.3.4.1 GRIP Stage 1

At GRIP Stage 1, Mott MacDonald worked with Network Rail to prepare an online survey as the first means of engaging with local user groups. This collated high level feedback and information, as a basis for further, more detailed engagement in the later stages of the programme. The survey intended to give an opportunity for local user groups to inform the project team of their general principles in relation to the Anglia Level Crossing Reduction Strategy.

The following eight local user groups (largely identified from Schedule 5 of the Rules and other non-statutory strategic bodies identified by the team) were contacted with the invitation to engage with Network Rail through the completion of the survey at an organisational level:

- Auto Cycle Union;
- British Driving Society;
- British Horse Society:
- Byways and Bridleways Trust;
- Cyclist Touring Club (CTC);
- Essex Bridleway Association
- Open Spaces Society;
- Sustrans; and
- The Ramblers Association (Head Quarters).

The survey commenced on the 19th October 2015 and closed on 1st November 2015 (excluding a four-day extension). All organisations were contacted before the survey closed with a final request to participate.

A total of 12 individual responses were received, representing all of the organisations listed above, with the exception of the Auto Cycle Union and the British Driving Society. Four of the 12 responses were received from the Ramblers Association's local contacts in the Anglia region. A response was also received from the Essex Bridleways Association and Colchester Cycling Campaign (at the request of one of the eight main organisations listed above).

3.3.4.2 GRIP Stages 2 and 3

To continue the engagement started in GRIP Stage 1, the local user groups listed above were re-contacted via letter and email providing details and notification of the Round 1 and 2 consultation opportunities, as well as the December 2016 Information Update.

Other additional user and interest groups were also identified for engagement (e.g. through discussions with the strategic stakeholders etc. and / or through the public exhibition events). This also includes local interest groups (such as local environmental groups, who may not use the land affected by the proposals but have a particular interest in it). Furthermore, representatives of Network Rail attend Local Access Forums and informed attendees of upcoming public exhibition events.

In addition, the national groups listed in Schedule 5(10) of the Rules will be served with a copy of the TWAO application (as stipulated in the Rules).

Furthermore, a scoping study was undertaken during summer 2016 to consider how those with protected characteristics (as defined by the Equality Act 2010) might be affected by the proposals. This was followed by the preparation of a series of Diversity Impact Assessments (DIAs) where appropriate, which included consultation with the Network Rail's Built Environment Accessibility Panel (BEAP) for feedback.

3.3.5 The Public

3.3.5.1 Public exhibition events

Round 1 and 2 consultation

Three public exhibition events were held in Cambridgeshire at the Round 1 and Round 2 consultations (six in total). Each level crossing was allocated to one of three event locations, as outlined below:

Event location: March

- C12 Silt Drove
- C13 Middle Drove
- C14 Eastrea Cross Drove
- C15 Brickyard Drove

Event location: Littleport

- C03 West River Bridge
- C08 Ely North Junction
- C09 Second Drove
- C10 Coffue Drove

- C11 Furlong Drove
- C16 Prickwillow 1
- C17 Prickwillow 2
- C18 Munceys
- C19 Wicken Road
- C20 Leonards
- C21 Newmarket Bridge
- C22 Wells Engine
- C24 Cross Keys
- C25 Clayway
- C26 Poplar Drove
- C27 Willow Row / Willow Road
- C28 Black Horse Drove
- C31 Littleport Station

Event location: Cambridge

- C01 Chittering
- C02 Nairns No. 117
- C04 No 20
- C06 Barrington Road
- C07 No 37
- C29 Cassells
- C30 Westley Road
- C33 Jack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing)
- C34 Fysons
- C35 Ballast Pit

The public exhibition programme and attendance for the Round 1 and Round 2 consultations are shown in Table 3.1 and Table 3.2 below. Representatives from the County Council, District Councils and Parish Councils and local user / interest groups were invited to a pre-meeting, one hour prior to the start of the public exhibition to be briefed on the proposals.

Table 3.1: Public exhibition programme and attendance for Round 1 public consultation, Cambridgeshire

Event location	Date	Pre-meeting time	Pre-meeting attendees	Public time	Public attendees	Total attendees
March	07/06/16	13:00–14:00	11	14:00-19:00	40	51
Littleport	08/06/16	13:00–14:00	13	14:00-19:00	72	85
Cambridge	10/06/16	13:00–14:00	10	14:00-19:00	40	50
			34		152	186

Source: Mott MacDonald

Table 3.2: Public exhibition programme and attendance for Round 2 public consultation, Cambridgeshire

Eve loca	nt Da tion	ate Pre-meetin tim	g Pre-meeting e attendees		Public attendees	Total attendees
Marc	h 07/09	/16 13:00–14:0	0 8	14:00-19:00	25	33

Event location	Date	Pre-meeting time	Pre-meeting attendees	Public time	Public attendees	Total attendees
Cambridge	08/09/16	13:00–14:00	12	14:00-19:00	18	30
Littleport	12/09/16	13:00–14:00	18	14:00-18:30	33	51
			38		76	114

Source: Mott MacDonald

Information update, December 2016

Due to the volume of responses received during the Round 2 consultation on the C06 Barrington Road level crossing proposals, a specific public information event for C06 was held to update local residents and stakeholders on proposals for this level crossing specifically. Table 3.3 provides a summary of attendance for the Barrington Road public information event. Representatives from the County Council, District Councils and Parish Councils and local user / interest groups were asked to sign in as stakeholders. Meetings were held with the County Council and Parish Council to brief them on the proposals prior to the event.

Table 3.3: Summary of attendance – Barrington Road public information event, December 2016

Event location	Date	Public time	Stakeholder attendees	Public attendees	Total attendees
Foxton	14/12/16	14:00-19:00	9	52	61

Source: Mott MacDonald

The other six Cambridgeshire level crossings included in the information update (as listed on page 10) were not subject to an event. Instead information was just disseminated by way of newspaper adverts, distributed flyers, notices on level crossings and direct contact with the County, District, and Parish councils.

3.4 Promotion / communication methods

A number of promotion / communication methods were used to publicise the consultations:

- Event flyers a flyer was produced to promote each public exhibition event (seven in total
 for events in Cambridgeshire) before each event, the relevant flyer was erected on both
 sides of the railway at every level crossing being consulted on, and a total of 16,400 flyers
 were delivered to addresses in proximity to the level crossings being consulted on (further
 details for each stage of consultation are provided below):
 - Round 1: 6,500 flyers were delivered to addresses in proximity to the level crossings being consulted on between 28/05/16 and 05/06/16
 - Round 2: 7,400 flyers were delivered to addresses in proximity to the level crossings being consulted on between 24/08/16 and 26/08/16
 - December 2016, Information Update: 2,500 flyers were delivered to addresses in proximity to the level crossings being consulted on between 07/12/16 and 09/12/16
- Newspaper adverts eight adverts were placed in local newspapers across Cambridgeshire across all consultation periods (three for both Rounds 1 and 2 and two for the December Update – see Table 3.4 for more details);

Table 3.4: Details of newspaper adverts

Stage of consultation	Newspaper	Publication date
Round 1	Cambs Times	27 May 2016
Round 1	Cambridge News	27 May 2016
Round 1	Ely News	27 May 2016
Round 2	Cambs Times	26 August 2016
Round 2	Cambridge News	27 August 2016
Round 2	Ely News	01 September 2016
December 2016 Information Update	Cambridge News	07 December 2016
December 2016 Information Update	Ely News	08 December 2016

Source: Mott MacDonald

- Summary sheets this was a key information resource developed for each level crossing, at each round of consultation. Content included:
 - An overview of the programme and benefits;
 - An overview of the level crossings and its existing features;
 - The level of response and the nature of the feedback received from previous consultation;
 - A summary of the latest proposals;
 - A drawing showing the latest proposals; and
 - How to provide feedback on the proposals.
- Banners a series of banners were produced to provide public exhibition attendees with information about the programme, its scope, and benefits, the TWAO process (project timeline), which level crossings are affected and how to provide feedback on the proposals;
- Plans large plans were displayed on boards and on walls, to supplement the banners showing which level crossings are affected and with information about existing public rights of way;
- Information pack this was used for the December 2016 Information Update, to provide details of the latest proposals for the level crossings which have been significantly changed, following the Round 2 consultation in September / October 2016;
- Website the project website (<u>www.networkrail.co.uk/anglialevelcrossings</u>) was designed, managed and updated by Network Rail to provide information specific to each round of consultation. The flyers, summary sheets, selected banners and questionnaires were all available to download from the website, as was a link to the online surveys.
- Event flyers for all stages of consultation, and the information pack for the December 2016
 Information Update were provided to strategic stakeholders (including County, District, and Parish Councils), local user / interest groups via email and / or post these groups were also invited to share the information on their social media platforms, to refer people to the Network Rail website.

Appendix C provides a selection of examples for the core materials described above, for each stage of consultation.

3.5 Pathways for providing feedback

3.5.1 Questionnaire

Stakeholders and members of the public were invited to complete a questionnaire to provide feedback on the Round 1 initial options and Round 2 preferred options. The questionnaire was designed to obtain feedback on a level crossing by level crossing basis.

The questionnaires could be completed and submitted in person at the public exhibitions, returned via a freepost address (envelopes were provided for this purpose), or using the online survey, which was available from the project website.

Appendix C includes a copy of the Round 1 and 2 questionnaires.

3.5.2 Other correspondence

Stakeholders and members of the public were also invited to:

- Contact the Network Rail helpline (03457 11 41 41) or on the project website www.networkrail.co.uk/anglialevelcrossings) for any queries about the scheme in general⁵;
- Use the project email address (<u>anglialevelcrossings@networkrail.co.uk</u>) to provide written comments on the proposals;
- Write to Network Rail using the freepost address.

3.6 Stakeholder management system

The team utilised a stakeholder management system named Apollo. This is an entirely web based Land Referencing System developed within a Geographic Information System. The system was customised to accommodate the project's workflows and processes. The system provided an environment in which to access, query and edit land interest and contact information.

A schedule of consultees was prepared for each TWAO area, identifying those to be consulted. This schedule was then used to manage the consultation with the parties identified. The schedule was expanded and amended as new stakeholders were identified through the consultation process, and parties were added to the Apollo database used to record all land ownership information and consultation correspondence.

Therefore, consultation correspondence has been stored on this database for future reference.

3.7 Design response

Consultation responses were discussed with the local authority and at project meetings to help inform the decision making in relation to the refinement of solutions for each level crossing.

A summary of the consultation response themes and project team response for each level crossing is set out in **Appendix D.** The findings from consultation are set out in Chapter 4.

⁵ Circa 80 calls to the helpline have been received between May 2016 and January 2017 (includes inquires across all TWAO Orders for the Anglia Level Crossing Reduction Strategy.

4 Findings from consultation

Network Rail has engaged in ongoing consultation to inform the design proposals in the order. The findings from consultation are set out below.

4.1 Round 1

4.1.1 Questionnaire

An example of the Cambridgshire Round 1 consultation sheets is included in **Appendix C2**. Table 4.1 displays a summary of the questionnaire results on option preference including the number of responses received for each level crossing, and a percentage breakdown of route preference at each level crossing. Please be aware that for some of the level crossings there are some questionnaire respondents who have selected a coloured route option as their preferred option that does not exist. These have been highlighted in red in the following table; where other is the preferred option, the respondents have proposed their own solution. Except for crossings C01, C08, and C12 only one option was presented.

Table 4.1: Level of response and support for the initial options at each level crossing (Round 1)

		(0	Route	S			
Name	Event	All responses	Red	Blue	Other	None stated	Proposal colour options
Chittering	Cambridge	4	25%	0%	50%	25%	Red and Blue
Nairns No. 117	Cambridge	0	0%	-	0%	0%	Red
West River Bridge	Littleport	2	100%	-	0%	0%	Red
No 20	Cambridge	13	54%	-	46%	0%	Red
Barrington Road	Cambridge	51	16%	-	73%	12%	Red
No 37	Cambridge	18	33%	-	67%	0%	Red
Ely North	Littleport	5	20%	20%	40%	20%	Red and Blue
Second Drove	Littleport	8	13%	-	50%	38%	Red
Coffue Drove	Littleport	9	22%	-	67%	11%	Red
Furlong Drove	Littleport	14	29%	-	64%	7%	Red
Silt Drove	March	23	13%	30%	43%	13%	Red and Blue
Middle Drove	March	9	67%	-	11%	22%	Red
Eastrea Cross Drove	March	3	67%	-	33%	0%	Red
Brickyard Drove	March	4	50%	-	25%	25%	Red
Prickwillow 1	Littleport	3	67%	-	0%	33%	Red
Prickwillow 2	Littleport	3	67%	-	0%	33%	Red
Munceys	Littleport	6	0%	-	67%	33%	Red
Wicken Road	Littleport	3	0%	-	67%	33%	Red
Leonards	Littleport	6	17%	-	67%	17%	Red
Newmarket Bridge	Littleport	5	80%	20%	0%	0%	Red
Wells Engine	Littleport	7	100%	-	0%	0%	Red
Adelaide	Littleport	5	20%	-	80%	0%	Red
Cross Keys	Littleport	8	25%	-	63%	13%	Red
Clayway	Littleport	9	22%	-	44%	33%	Red
Poplar Drove	Littleport	6	17%	-	33%	50%	Red
	Chittering Nairns No. 117 West River Bridge No 20 Barrington Road No 37 Ely North Second Drove Coffue Drove Furlong Drove Silt Drove Middle Drove Eastrea Cross Drove Brickyard Drove Prickwillow 1 Prickwillow 2 Munceys Wicken Road Leonards Newmarket Bridge Wells Engine Adelaide Cross Keys Clayway	Chittering Cambridge Nairns No. 117 Cambridge West River Bridge Littleport No 20 Cambridge Barrington Road Cambridge No 37 Cambridge Ely North Littleport Second Drove Littleport Coffue Drove Littleport Furlong Drove Littleport Silt Drove March Middle Drove March Eastrea Cross Drove March Brickyard Drove March Prickwillow 1 Littleport Prickwillow 2 Littleport Wicken Road Littleport Newmarket Bridge Littleport Wells Engine Littleport Cross Keys Littleport Littleport Cross Keys Littleport Litt	Chittering Cambridge 4 Nairns No. 117 Cambridge 0 West River Bridge Littleport 2 No 20 Cambridge 13 Barrington Road Cambridge 51 No 37 Cambridge 18 Ely North Littleport 5 Second Drove Littleport 9 Furlong Drove Littleport 14 Silt Drove March 23 Middle Drove March 9 Eastrea Cross Drove March 3 Brickyard Drove March 4 Prickwillow 1 Littleport 3 Prickwillow 2 Littleport 3 Munceys Littleport 3 Leonards Littleport 3 Leonards Littleport 5 Wells Engine Littleport 5 Clayway Littleport 5 Cambridge 13 Cambridge 14 Littleport 5 Cambridge 15 Littleport 6 Littleport 3 Littleport 5 Clayway Littleport 5 Clayway Littleport 9	Chittering Cambridge 4 25% Nairns No. 117 Cambridge 0 0% West River Bridge Littleport 2 100% No 20 Cambridge 13 54% Barrington Road Cambridge 51 16% No 37 Cambridge 18 33% Ely North Littleport 5 20% Second Drove Littleport 9 22% Furlong Drove Littleport 14 29% Silt Drove March 23 13% Middle Drove March 9 67% Eastrea Cross Drove March 9 67% Brickyard Drove March 4 50% Prickwillow 1 Littleport 3 67% Munceys Littleport 3 67% Wicken Road Littleport 3 0% Wells Engine Littleport 5 80% Cross Keys Littleport 7 100% Cross Keys Littleport 8 25% Clayway Littleport 8 25% Clayway Littleport 9 22%	Chittering Cambridge 4 25% 0% Nairns No. 117 Cambridge 0 0% - West River Bridge Littleport 2 100% - No 20 Cambridge 13 54% - Barrington Road Cambridge 51 16% - No 37 Cambridge 18 33% - Ely North Littleport 5 20% 20% Second Drove Littleport 9 22% - Furlong Drove Littleport 14 29% - Silt Drove March 23 13% 30% Middle Drove March 9 67% - Eastrea Cross Drove March 9 67% - Brickyard Drove March 4 50% - Brickyard Drove March 3 67% - Prickwillow 1 Littleport 3 67% - Prickwillow 2 Littleport 3 67% - Munceys Littleport 6 0% - Wicken Road Littleport 3 0% - Leonards Littleport 5 80% 20% Wells Engine Littleport 5 80% 20% Cross Keys Littleport 7 100% - Cross Keys Littleport 8 25% - Clayway Littleport 8 25% -	Chittering	Chittering

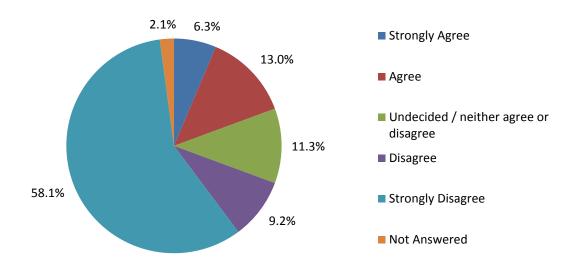
C27	Willow Row / Willow Road	Littleport	6	0%	-	100%	0%	Red
C28	Black Horse Drove	Littleport	5	-	20%	0%	80%	None (downgrade)
C29	Cassells	Cambridge	2	100%	-	0%	0%	Red
C30	Westley Road	Cambridge	12	33%	-	50%	17%	Red
C31	Littleport Station	Littleport	31	45%	-	45%	10%	Red
C33	Jack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing)	Cambridge	1	100%	-	0%	0%	Red
C34	Fysons	Cambridge	0	0%	-	0%	0%	Red
C35	Ballast Pit	Cambridge	3	0%	-	33%	67%	Red
			284					

Out of the 284 responses, the following level of general agreement for the level crossing proposals in Cambridgeshire was given:

- 6.3% strongly agree (18 responses);
- 13.0% agree (37 responses);
- 11.3% are undecided / neither agree nor disagree (32 responses);
- 9.2% disagree (26 responses);
- 58.1% strongly disagree (165 responses); and
- 2.1% didn't submit a response to the question (6 responses).

The pie chart in Figure 3 displays this information in a visual form.

Figure 3: Level of general agreement with proposals



Source: Mott MacDonald

Table 4.2 shows more detail regarding the level of support for the proposals generally at each level crossing irrespective of a particular option. This is derived from the question "to what extent do you agree with the changes proposed at this level crossing itself?".

 Positive indicates that the respondents chose either "strongly agree" or "agree" in answer to the question.

- Negative indicates that the respondents chose either "strongly disagree" or "disagree" in answer to the question.
- Neutral or no response indicates that the respondents chose either, "undecided/neither agree nor disagree" or did not respond at all to the question.

Table 4.2: Level of support for proposals at each level crossing (Round 1)

				3 ()	- /	
				Support fo	r proposals (3	categories)
Q _D	Nате Материали	Event	All responses	Positive (incl. strongly agree and agree options)	Neutral / No Response	Negative (incl. strongly disagree anfd disagree options)
C01	Chittering	Cambridge	4	0%	25%	75%
C02	Nairns No. 117	Cambridge	0	0%	0%	0%
C03	West River Bridge	Littleport	2	100%	0%	0%
C04	No 20	Cambridge	13	8%	8%	85%
C06	Barrington Road	Cambridge	51	2%	0%	98%
C07	No 37	Cambridge	18	17%	0%	83%
C08	Ely North	Littleport	5	40%	0%	60%
C09	Second Drove	Littleport	8	25%	0%	75%
C10	Coffue Drove	Littleport	9	22%	0%	78%
C11	Furlong Drove	Littleport	14	14%	0%	86%
C12	Silt Drove	March	23	17%	22%	61%
C13	Middle Drove	March	9	56%	11%	33%
C14	Eastrea Cross Drove	March	3	67%	0%	33%
C15	Brickyard Drove	March	4	50%	0%	50%
C16	Prickwillow 1	Littleport	3	67%	33%	0%
C17	Prickwillow 2	Littleport	3	33%	33%	33%
C18	Munceys	Littleport	6	0%	0%	100%
C19	Wicken Road	Littleport	3	0%	0%	100%
C20	Leonards	Littleport	6	0%	17%	83%
C21	Newmarket Bridge	Littleport	5	80%	20%	0%
C22	Wells Engine	Littleport	7	71%	29%	0%
C23	Adelaide	Littleport	5	20%	0%	80%
C24	Cross Keys	Littleport	8	0%	0%	100%
C25	Clayway	Littleport	9	33%	11%	56%
C26	Poplar Drove	Littleport	6	0%	33%	67%
C27	Willow Row / Willow Road	Littleport	6	0%	0%	100%
C28	Black Horse Drove	Littleport	5	0%	80%	20%
C29	Cassells	Cambridge	2	50%	50%	0%
C30	Westley Road	Cambridge	12	17%	17%	67%
C31	Littleport Station	Littleport	31	23%	35%	42%
C33	Jack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing)	Cambridge	1	0%	0%	0%
C34	Fysons	Cambridge	0	0%	0%	0%
C35	Ballast Pit	Cambridge	3	33%	67%	0%

4.1.2 Other correspondence

Emails and letters received between the 1st June 2016 and the 31st August 2016 2016 were considered to be related to Round 1 consultation.

Correspondence received via the project email or freepost was analysed and assigned to a series of categories – namely, to indicate objection or support for the proposals, or where an enhancement or alternative had been suggested. Where a stakeholder stated that they had no objection to the proposal, it was recorded as support. An example of an enhancement would be a suggestion for surface type or improved fencing; whilst an example of an alternative would be a suggestion for a largely different diversion route. One piece of correspondence may have been put into more than one category; e.g. if a respondent objects to a proposal but also suggests an alternative.

Please note, further emails and letters were received and classified into other categories not described above – such as acknowledgement (e.g. to receipt of an email) or general correspondence (request for information / confirmation of meeting dates etc.) These have not been included here. Table 4.3 displays a summary of the results from the 202 relevant items of email and letter correspondence received. The key comments and themes are incorporated into the Project team response table (**Appendix D**).

Table 4.3: Summary of other correspondence responses (Round 1)

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			1000 (110411	/	
	Name	Event	Objection	Support	Enhancement	Alternative
C01	Chittering	Cambridge	1	2	2	0
C02	Nairns No. 117	Cambridge	0	3	1	0
C03	West River Bridge	Littleport	0	4	0	0
C04	No 20	Cambridge	4	2	3	0
C06	Barrington Road	Cambridge	21	2	0	1
C07	No 37	Cambridge	7	3	5	1
C08	Ely North	Littleport	4	1	0	0
C09	Second Drove	Littleport	3	0	0	0
C10	Coffue Drove	Littleport	0	1	0	0
C11	Furlong Drove	Littleport	1	0	1	0
C12	Silt Drove	March	5	1	1	1
C13	Middle Drove	March	1	1	1	0
C14	Eastrea Cross Drove	March	0	1	0	0
C15	Brickyard Drove	March	0	0	1	0
C16	Prickwillow 1	Littleport	0	1	1	0
C17	Prickwillow 2	Littleport	0	1	1	0
C18	Munceys	Littleport	1	0	1	0
C19	Wicken Road	Littleport	13	0	2	5
C20	Leonards	Littleport	13	0	3	5
C21	Newmarket Bridge	Littleport	0	1	0	0
C22	Wells Engine	Littleport	0	1	2	2
C23	Adelaide	Littleport	3	1	0	0
C24	Cross Keys	Littleport	4	1	0	0
C25	Clayway	Littleport	1	1	0	0
C26	Poplar Drove	Littleport	3	2	0	0
C27	Willow Row / Willow Road	Littleport	2	1	0	0

	Total		97	41	27	16
C35	Ballast Pit	Cambridge	1	1	0	0
C34	Fysons	Cambridge	1	1	0	0
C33	Jack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing)	Cambridge	0	1	0	0
C31	Littleport Station	Littleport	2	2	1	1
C30	Westley Road	Cambridge	3	1	1	0
C29	Cassells	Cambridge	0	1	0	0
C28	Black Horse Drove	Littleport	3	3	0	0

4.1.3 Project team response

After the public consultation a workshop was held with the County and District councils to go over the crossing details and feedback received.

The consultation responses were considered and appraised in a structured format along with other factors such as engineering constraints, costs, project scope, potential environmental impacts, user safety, third party impacts and deliverability. As a result, a number of proposals were significantly changed, others tweaked and a number remained unchanged as a single preferred option was developed for the Round 2 consultation.

C23 Adelaide was removed from the project scope at this stage due to the large number of objections relating to the loss of well used circular walking routes and reduced access to the waterside. It was considered that these impacts could not be adequately mitigated by diversion routes alone.

Key comments received for each crossing and the project team response to them are set out in **Appendix D** (Project team response to consultation feedback).

4.2 Round 2

An example of the Cambridgeshire Round 2 consultation sheets is included in **Appendix C.3**. All crossings had a single option proposed with the exception of C18 which had two options.

4.2.1 Questionnaire

Table 4.4 shows the level of agreement with the preferred option for each level crossing within Cambridgeshire, shown at Round 2. A question was asked "to what extent do you agree with the preferred option for this level crossing?"

- Positive indicates that the respondent chose either "strongly agree" or "agree" in answer to the question.
- Negative indicates that the respondent chose either "strongly disagree" or "disagree" in answer to the question.
- Neutral or no response indicates that the respondent chose neither, "undecided/neither agree nor disagree" or did not respond at all to the question.

Table 4.4: Level of response and support for the preferred option at each level crossing (Round 2)

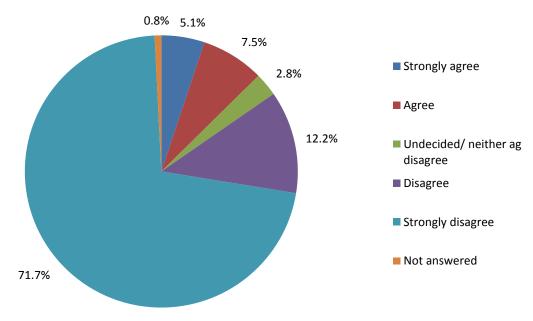
				Support for	proposals (3	als (3 categories)	
QIN	Nате	Event	All responses	Positive (incl. strongly agree and agree options)	Neutral / No Response	Negative (incl. strongly disagree anfd disagree options)	
C01	Chittering	Cambridge	3	33%	0%	67%	
C02	Nairns No. 117	Cambridge	2	50%	0%	50%	
C03	West River Bridge	Littleport	3	100%	0%	0%	
C04	No 20	Cambridge	18	0%	0%	100%	
C06	Barrington Road	Cambridge	122	0%	1%	99%	
C07	No 37	Cambridge	10	40%	0%	60%	
C08	Ely North	Littleport	6	0%	17%	83%	
C09	Second Drove	Littleport	7	29%	14%	57%	
C10	Coffue Drove	Littleport	2	50%	0%	50%	
C11	Furlong Drove	Littleport	4	0%	25%	75%	
C12	Silt Drove	March	5	80%	0%	20%	
C13	Middle Drove	March	6	50%	0%	50%	
C14	Eastrea Cross Drove	March	1	100%	0%	0%	
C15	Brickyard Drove	March	2	50%	50%	0%	
C16	Prickwillow 1	Littleport	3	0%	0%	100%	
C17	Prickwillow 2	Littleport	3	0%	0%	100%	
C18	Munceys	Littleport	9	33%	11%	56%	
C19	Wicken Road	Littleport	5	0%	0%	100%	
C20	Leonards	Littleport	2	0%	0%	100%	
C21	Newmarket Bridge	Littleport	4	50%	0%	50%	
C22	Wells Engine	Littleport	3	67%	0%	33%	
C24	Cross Keys	Littleport	4	0%	25%	75%	
C25	Clayway	Littleport	3	0%	0%	100%	
C26	Poplar Drove	Littleport	3	0%	0%	100%	
C27	Willow Row / Willow Road	Littleport	3	0%	0%	100%	
C28	Black Horse Drove	Littleport	3	0%	0%	100%	
C29	Cassells	Cambridge	4	25%	0%	75%	
C30	Westley Road	Cambridge	1	0%	0%	100%	
C31	Littleport Station	Littleport	7	29%	0%	71%	
C33	Jack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing)	Cambridge	2	50%	0%	50%	
C34	Fysons	Cambridge	2	0%	0%	100%	
C35	Ballast Pit	Cambridge	2	0%	0%	100%	
		Total	254				

Across Cambridgeshire, the level of agreement for the preferred option at the level crossings was as follows:

- 5.1% strongly agree (13 responses);
- 7.5% agree (19 responses);
- 2.8% are undecided / neither agree nor disagree (7 responses);
- 12.2% disagree (31 responses);
- 71.7% strongly disagree (182 responses); and
- 0.8% didn't submit a response to the question (2 responses).

The pie chart in Figure 4 displays this information in a visual form.

Figure 4: Level of general agreement with proposals



Source: Mott MacDonald

4.2.2 Other correspondence

Emails and letters received between the 1st September 2016 and the 31st October 2016 were considered to be related to Round 2 consultation. Table 4.5 displays a summary of the results from the 89 relevant items of email and letter correspondence received. The Project team response table at **Appendix D** includes the further detail on the stakeholders who provided other correspondence and their comments on the proposals, on a level crossing by level crossing and a stakeholder category basis.

Table 4.5: Summary of other correspondence responses (Round 2)

	Name	Event	Objection	Support	Enhancement	Alternative
C01	Chittering	Cambridge	1	1	0	1
C02	Nairns No. 117	Cambridge	1	1	0	0
C03	West River Bridge	Littleport	0	2	0	0
C04	No 20	Cambridge	6	2	0	0
C06	Barrington Road	Cambridge	14	2	0	2
C07	No 37	Cambridge	3	3	1	0

C09 Se C10 Cc C11 Ft C12 Si C13 M C14 Ea C15 Bi C16 Pi C17 Pr C18 M C19 W C20 Le C21 Ne C22 W C23 Ac C24 Cc C25 Cl	ly North econd Drove offue Drove urlong Drove ilt Drove iddle Drove astrea Cross Drove rickyard Drove rickwillow 1 rickwillow 2 unceys ficken Road eonards	Littleport Littleport Littleport Littleport March March March Littleport Littleport Littleport Littleport Littleport Littleport Littleport	4 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0	0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
C10 C0 C11 Ft C12 Si C13 M C14 E6 C15 B1 C16 P1 C17 P1 C18 M C19 W C20 L6 C21 N C22 W C23 A6 C24 C1 C25 C1	offue Drove urlong Drove ilt Drove iddle Drove astrea Cross Drove rickyard Drove rickwillow 1 rickwillow 2 unceys	Littleport Littleport March March March Littleport Littleport Littleport Littleport	0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	0 0 1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
C11 Fu C12 Si C13 M C14 Ea C15 Br C16 Pr C17 Pr C18 M C19 W C20 La C21 Na C22 W C23 Aa C24 Cr C25 Cr	urlong Drove ilt Drove iddle Drove astrea Cross Drove rickyard Drove rickwillow 1 rickwillow 2 unceys	Littleport March March March March Littleport Littleport Littleport Littleport	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 1 1 1 0 0	0 1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
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C13 M C14 Ea C15 Bi C16 Pr C17 Pr C18 M C19 W C20 Le C21 Ne C22 W C23 Ac C24 Ci C25 Ci	iddle Drove astrea Cross Drove rickyard Drove rickwillow 1 rickwillow 2 unceys /icken Road	March March Littleport Littleport Littleport Littleport	0 0 0 0 0 1	1 1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0
C14 Ea C15 Br C16 Pr C17 Pr C18 M C19 W C20 Le C21 Ne C22 W C23 Ac C24 Cr C25 Cl	astrea Cross Drove rickyard Drove rickwillow 1 rickwillow 2 unceys /icken Road	March March Littleport Littleport Littleport Littleport	0 0 0 1 1	1 1 0 0	0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 0
C15 Br C16 Pr C17 Pr C18 M C19 W C20 Le C21 Ne C22 W C23 Ae C24 Cr C25 Cl	rickyard Drove rickwillow 1 rickwillow 2 unceys ficken Road	March Littleport Littleport Littleport Littleport	0 0 1 1	1 0 0 0	0 1 1	0 0
C16 Pr C17 Pr C18 M C19 W C20 Le C21 Ne C22 W C23 Ae C24 Cc C25 Cl	rickwillow 1 rickwillow 2 unceys /icken Road	Littleport Littleport Littleport Littleport	0 1 1	0 0 0	1	0
C17 Pt C18 M C19 W C20 Le C21 No C22 W C23 Ac C24 C1 C25 C1	rickwillow 2 unceys licken Road	Littleport Littleport Littleport	1 1	0	1	0
C18 M C19 W C20 Le C21 Ne C22 W C23 Ae C24 Cc C25 Cc	unceys /icken Road	Littleport Littleport	1	0		
C19 W C20 Le C21 Ne C22 W C23 Ac C24 Cc C25 Cc	licken Road	Littleport	•	-	0	0
C20 Le C21 No C22 W C23 Ac C24 Cc C25 Cc		<u> </u>	1	0		
C21 No. C22 W C23 Ac C24 C1 C25 C1	eonards	1.1		0	0	0
C22 W C23 Ac C24 C1 C25 C1		Littleport	1	0	0	0
C23 Ac C24 C C25 C	ewmarket Bridge	Littleport	1	1	0	0
C24 CI	ells Engine	Littleport	1	1	0	0
C25 CI	delaide	Littleport	0	0	0	0
	ross Keys	Littleport	4	2	0	1
C26 Pc	layway	Littleport	2	1	0	0
	oplar Drove	Littleport	0	2	0	0
C27 W	/illow Row / Willow Road	Littleport	0	1	0	0
C28 BI	lack Horse Drove	Littleport	2	2	0	0
C29 C	assells	Cambridge	0	0	1	0
C30 W	estley Road	Cambridge	0	1	1	0
C31 Li	ttleport Station	Littleport	1	1	3	0
C33 Ja	ack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing)	Cambridge	1	1	1	0
C34 Fy	ysons	Cambridge	1	1	0	0
C35 Ba	allast Pit	Cambridge	0	1	0	0
To			49	32	11	4

4.2.3 Project team response

After Round 2, design plans were, again, considered in the light of the comments received and other key factors. A second workshop was held with the County and District Councils.

The preferred option at 24 of the crossings were adopted without amendment or with minor amendments only.

C19 Wicken Road was removed from the scheme at this stage after the consultation responses. It was considered that the access to well used Common Land for local amenity would be compromised by the closure and could not at this stage be adequately mitigated.

Seven crossings had significant changes made to their designs after Round 2. For this reason, further information on the changes for these crossings was provided in the information update in December 2016.

4.3 Information Update, December 2016

Emails and letters received between 7th December 2016 and 18th January 2017 were considered to be related to the December 2016 Information Update. Table 4.6 displays a summary of the results from the 29 relevant items of email and letter correspondence received.

Table 4.6: Summary of other correspondence responses, Information Update (December 2016) – Cambridgeshire

Level crossings	Objection	Support	Enhancement	Alternative	Total
C06 Barrington Road	12	3	4	3	22
C08 Ely North Junction	2	0	1	0	3
C09 & C24 Second Drove & Cross Keys	0	0	0	0	0
C20 Leonards	1	0	0	0	1
C26 & C27 Poplar Drove & Willow Row / Willow Road	2	0	1	0	3
Total	17	3	6	3	29

Source: Mott MacDonald

4.3.1 Design response to consultation feedback

Six of the seven proposals shown as part of the public information process were taken forward to the final submission.

In February 2017 C06 Barrington Road was removed from the project scope and TWA order due to the significant cost of the infrastructure proposed to mitigate the closure of the crossing and concerns raised during the consultation phases.

5 Conclusion

A consultation strategy was developed to adhere to the statutory requirements from Rule (10(2)d) of the Application Rules and implemented. It also helped to ensure that the consultation process was inclusive and effective, improving the acceptability of the proposals to be applied for within the Cambridgeshire Level Crossing Reduction Transport and Works Act Order (TWAO), and thereby increasing the level of confidence that robust proposals have been developed.

As a result of consultation with stakeholders, landowners and the public, the design at 17 of the 33 level crossings (number at the start of the project) has been substantially amended. A further three crossings have been removed from the process due to stakeholder consultation responses whilst others have minor changes.

Appendix D sets out on a crossing by crossing basis, the key comments and themes raised in the consultation responses. It gives the stakeholder type who made the comment, a summary of their feedback and the project team response. Where comments or suggestions have not been taken forward a justification of this approach is provided.

Appendices

A.	Schedule 5 and 6 parties	33
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A. Schedule 5 and 6 parties

The Transport and Works (Application and Objections Procedure) (England and Wales) Rules 2006

A.1 Schedule 5

Those to be served with a copy of the application and documents

Category	Authority sought for:	Documents to be deposited with:	Party to be served for this TWAO:
1	Works affecting the foreshore below mean high water spring tides, or tidal waters, or the bed of, or the subsoil beneath, tidal waters.	The Crown Estate Commissioners; the Trinity House; the Environment Agency; the Secretary of State for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs; the Secretary of State for Transport (marked "for the attention of Maritime and Coastguard Agency"); and, for works:	Not applicable – works not affecting any foreshore or tidal water areas.
		In or adjacent to Wales, the National Assembly for Wales;	
		In or adjacent to the counties of Devon and Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly, the Duchy of Cornwall; and	
		In or adjacent to the counties of Cumbria, Lancashire, Merseyside and Cheshire; the Duchy of Lancaster.	
2	Works affecting the banks or the bed of, or the subsoil beneath, a river.	The Environment Agency and any relevant operator.	Environment Agency
3	Works affecting the banks or the bed of, or the subsoil beneath, an inland waterway comprised in the undertaking of the British	The British Waterways Board; the Inland Waterways Amenity Advisory Council; the Inland Waterways Association; the National Association of Boat	Canal & River Trust (former British Waterways Board) Inland Waterways Amenity Advisory Council Inland Waterways Association

Catagory	Authority sought	Documents to be	Party to be served for this
Category	for:	deposited with:	TWAO:
	Waterways Board or any of the reservoirs, feeders, sluices, locks, lifts, drains and other works comprised in or serving the undertaking.	Owners; and the Environment Agency.	National Association of Boat Owners
4	Works affecting the	Any relevant operator; the	Environment Agency
	banks or the bed of, or the subsoil beneath, a canal or inland navigation not	Environment Agency; the Inland Waterways Association; and the National Association of	Inland Waterways Association National Association of
	comprised in the undertaking of the		Boat Owners
	British Waterways Board or any of the reservoirs, feeders, sluices, locks, lifts, drains and other works comprised in or serving such canal or inland navigation.		Littleport & Downham IDB
			March West and White Fen IDB
			Middle Fen and Mere IDB
			Padnal and Waterden IDB
			Waterbeach Level IDB
			Whittlesey and District IDB
			Cambridgeshire County Council
5	Works causing or likely to cause an	The Environment Agency, and for works –	Not applicable – works not affecting passage of fish in
	obstruction to the passage of fish in a river.	In England, the Secretary of State for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs; and	a river.
		In Wales, the National Assembly for Wales.	
6	Works involving tunnelling or excavation deeper than 3 metres below the surface of the land, other than for piling or making soil tests.	The Environment Agency.	Not applicable – works don't involve tunnelling or excavation to this level

Category	Authority sought for:	Documents to be deposited with:	Party to be served for this TWAO:
7	Works affecting an area under the control of a harbour authority as defined in section 57(1) of the Harbours Act 1964(a).	The relevant harbour authority and the relevant navigation authority (if different).	Not applicable – works not affecting any harbour areas.
8	Works affecting a site protected under the Protection of Wrecks Act 1973(b).	For works – In or adjacent to England, the Secretary of State for Culture, Media and Sport; and In or adjacent to Wales, the National Assembly for Wales.	Not applicable – works not affecting any sites affected under the Protection of Wrecks Act.
9	involving the authority, or where the		Cambridgeshire County Council
	stopping- up or diversion of, a street, or affecting a proposed highway.	street is not a highway maintainable at public expense, the street managers.	Anthony Peter Burlton
			Highways England Company Limited
			Network Rail Infrastructure Limited
			D S Smith Packaging Limited
			George David Gibson
			Exning Estate Company
			John Bourne Shropshire
			Trevor James Smith (as trustee of The R G Shropshire 1968 Settlement)
			Davina Helen Harvey (as trustee of The R G Shropshire 1968 Settlement)
			Luke Daniel Palmer
			Adam Giles Palmer
			Stuart Laurie
			Roger Keith Braham

Category	Authority sought	Documents to be	Party to be served for this
	for:	deposited with:	TWAO:
			Jill Braham
			Kier Henry Edwin Petherick
10	The stopping-up or diversion of a	Every parish or community council in whose area the	Brinkley Parish
	footpath, a bridleway,	relevant way or track is, or	Burrough Green Parish
	a byway or a cycle track.	is proposed to be, situated, the Auto-Cycle	Ely Parish
		Union, the British Horse	Exning Parish
		Society, the Byways and Bridleway Trust, the Open	Fordham Parish
		Spaces Society, the	Harston Parish
		Ramblers Association, the British Driving Society and	Littleport Parish
		the Cyclists Touring Club;	Little Downham Parish
		and for works –	Little Thetford Parish
		In the counties of	Little Wilbraham Parish
		Cheshire, Derbyshire, Greater Manchester,	March Parish
		Lancashire, Merseyside,	Meldreth Parish
		South Yorkshire, Staffordshire and West	Soham Parish
		Yorkshire, the Peak and	Stretham Parish
		Northern Footpaths Society, and	Waterbeach Parish
		In the county of	Westley Waterless Parish
		Bedfordshire, the borough	Whittlesey Parish
		of Luton and within the district of South	Auto-Cycle Union
		Bedfordshire the parishes	British Driving Society
		of Barton le Clay,	British Horse Society
		Caddington and Slip End, Dunstable, Eaton Bray, Houghton Regis, Hyde,	Byways and Bridleways Trust
		Kensworth, Streatly, Studham, Sundon,	Cycling UK (Cyclist Touring Club)
	Toddington, Totternhoe and Whipsnade, the	Open Spaces Society	
		Chiltern Society; and	Ramblers Association - HQ
		In the county of Buckinghamshire, in the districts of Chiltern, Wycombe and South Bucks, and within the district of Aylesbury Vale the parishes of Aston	

Category	Authority sought	Documents to be	Party to be served for this
	for:	deposited with:	TWAO:
		Clinton, Buckland, Drayton Beauchamp, Edlesborough, Northall and Dagnall, Halton, Ivinghoe, Marsworth, Pitstone, Wendover and Weston Turville, the Chiltern Society; and	
		In the county of Hertfordshire, in the districts of Dacorum and Three Rivers, and within the district of North Hertfordshire the parishes of Hexton, Hitchin, Ickleford, Ippollitts, King's Walden, Langley, Lilley, Offley, Pirton, Preston and St Apul's Warden, the Chiltern Society; and	
		In the county of Oxfordshire, the district of South Oxfordshire, the Chiltern Society; and	
		In Wales, the Welsh Trail Riders' Association.	
11	The construction of a transport system involving the placing of equipment in or over a street.	The relevant street authority and, where the works are to be carried out in Greater London, Transport for London.	Not applicable
12	Works affecting land	The relevant statutory	Affinity Water Limited
	in, on or over which is installed the	undertaker.	Airwave Solutions
	apparatus,		Anglian Water
	equipment or street furniture of a		Arqiva Limited
	statutory undertaker.		British Gas Services Limited
			British Telecommunications Public Limited Company
			Colt Technology Services Group Limited
			Eastern Power Networks

Category	Authority sought for:	Documents to be deposited with:	Party to be served for this TWAO:
		-	Easynet Limited
			Energetics Electricity Limited
			Environment Agency
			Everything Everywhere Limited
			Exterion Media (UK) Limited
			Geo Networks Limited
			Hibernia Limited
			Hutchison 3G UK Limited
			Independent Pipelines Limited
			Instalcom UK Limited
			Interoute Vtesse Limited
			Kcom Group plc
			Level 3 Communications
			London Power Networks
			McNicholas Rail Limited
			Mobile Broadband Network Limited
			National Grid Electricity Transmission Plc
			National Grid Gas Plc
			National Grid Plc
			Northumbrian Water Limited
			Reach Active Limited
			Royal Mail Group Limited
			Scotia Gas Networks Limited
			Southern Gas Networks
			Telefonica UK Limited
			The Gas Transportation Company Limited

Category	Authority sought	Documents to be	Party to be served for this
	for:	deposited with:	TWAO:
			UK Power Networks Holdings Limited
			Utility Assets Limited
			Virgin Media Limited
			Vodafone Limited
13	Works in an area of coal working notified to the local planning authority by the British Coal Corporation or the Coal Authority.	The Coal Authority.	Not applicable – not within any areas of coal working.
14	Works affecting:	For works –	Historic England
	(i) a building listed under Part 1 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990(a); (ii) an ancient	In or adjacent to England, the Historic Buildings and Monuments Commission for England; and In or adjacent to Wales, the National Assembly for Wales and the Boyal	
	monument scheduled under the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979(b); or	Wales and the Royal Commission on Ancient and Historical Monuments in Wales.	
	(iii) any archaeological site.		
15	Works affecting:	For works –	Historic England
	(i) a conservation area designated under Part 2 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990; or (ii) an area of archaeological importance designated under section 33 of the Ancient Monuments	In England, the Historic Buildings and Monuments Commission for England; and In Wales, the National Assembly for Wales.	

Category	Authority sought	Documents to be	Party to be served for this
	and Archaeological Areas Act 1979.	deposited with:	TWAO:
16	Works affecting a garden or other land of historic interest registered pursuant to section 8C of the Historic Buildings and Ancient Monuments Act 1953(a).	For works – In England, the Historic Buildings and Monuments Commission for England; and In Wales, the National Assembly for Wales.	Not applicable – not affecting any gardens or land of historic interest.
17	Works affecting: (i) a site of special scientific interest of which notification has been given or has effect as if given under section 28(1) of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981(b); (ii) an area within 2 kilometres of such a site of special scientific interest and of which notification has been given to the local planning authority; or (iii) land declared to be a national nature reserve under section 35 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981; or a marine nature reserve designated under section 36 of that Act.	For works – In or adjacent to England, English Nature; and In or adjacent to Wales, the Countryside Council for Wales.	Natural England

Category	Authority sought for:	Documents to be deposited with:	Party to be served for this TWAO:
18	Works affecting a National Park or an Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty.	For works – In England, the Countryside Agency; and In Wales, the Countryside Council for Wales.	Not applicable – not affecting any National Parks or Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty.
19	Works which are either: (i) within 3 kilometres of Windsor Castle, Windsor Great Park or Windsor Home Park; or (ii) within 800 metres of any other royal palace or royal park and which are likely to affect the amenity or security of that palace or park.	The Secretary of State for Culture, Media and Sport.	Not applicable – not within said distances of royal palace / parks.
20	Works which are within 250 metres of land which: (i) is, or has been within 30 years immediately prior to the date of the application, used for the deposit of refuse or waste; or (ii) has been notified to the local planning authority by the waste regulation or disposal authority for the relevant area.	The Environment Agency.	Not applicable – not within said distances of refuse or waste sites.
21	The carrying-out of an operation requiring hazardous substances consent under the Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990(c).	The hazardous substances authority as defined in that Act and the Health and Safety Executive.	Not applicable – works don't involve using hazardous substances.
22	Works not in accordance with a development plan and which either— (i)	(i) and (ii). For works – (a) in England, the Secretary of State for	Not applicable – works don't involve significant land take.

Category	Authority sought	Documents to be	Party to be served for this
	for:	deposited with:	TWAO:
	involve the loss of not less than 20 hectares of agricultural land of grades 1, 2 and 3a (in aggregate); or (ii) taken with the other associated works cumulatively involve the loss of not less than 20 hectares of such land.	Environment, Food and Rural Affairs. (b) in Wales, the National Assembly for Wales.	
23	(i) Works which would affect the operation of any existing railway passenger or tramway services provided under statutory powers; or (ii) the construction of a new railway for the provision of public	The Rail Passengers' Council (a) or the London Transport Users' Committee (b) as the case may require.	Not applicable
	passenger transport, or of a new tramway.		
24	Works to construct, alter or demolish a transport system or to carry out works ancillary to its operation or works consequential upon its abandonment or demolition	Her Majesty's Railway Inspectorate.	Office of Rail and Road & Office of Rail Regulation (Her Majesty's Railway Inspectorate)
25	Works to construct new railways to which any regulatory provisions in the Railways Act1993(c) would apply or provisions to amend existing powers in relation to railways subject to such regulation.	The Office of Rail and Road	Not applicable – Network Rail is not applying for powers to make new railways or make changes to railway operations. Changes to level crossings are to be covered by the Order, made under powers granted by the Level Crossings Act 1983, not the Railways Act 1993. However, Office of Rail and

Category	Authority sought for:	Documents to be deposited with:	Party to be served for this TWAO:
			Road & Office of Rail Regulation (Her Majesty's Railway Inspectorate)
26	The right for a person providing transport services to use a transport system belonging to another.	The operator of the relevant transport system.	Not relevant – Network Rail is not applying to use anyone else's transport system.
27	Works affecting land in which there is a Crown interest.	The appropriate authority for the land, within the meaning of section 25(3).	Not applicable
28	Works to be carried out in Greater London.	The Mayor of London.	Not applicable

A.2 Schedule 6

Those to be served with notice of application

Category	Authority sought	Those to be serve with notice:	Party to be served:
1	Works affecting the foreshore below mean high water spring tides, tidal waters or the bed of, or subsoil beneath, tidal waters (except where the land affected by the works falls within category 17 of Schedule 5 to these Rules).	For works – (a) In or adjacent to England, English Nature; and (b) In or adjacent to Wales, the Countryside Council for Wales.	Not applicable – works not affecting any foreshore or tidal water areas.
2	Works affecting the banks or the bed of, or the subsoil beneath, a river.	The Crown Estate Commissioners; and (except where the land affected falls within category 17 of Schedule 5 to these Rules) for works – (c) In England, English Nature; and (d) In Wales, the Countryside Council for Wales.	The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty In Right Of Her Crown The Crown Estate Commissioners The Crown Estate (Crown Estate Commissioners) Natural England
3	Works affecting the banks or the bed of, or the subsoil beneath, an inland waterway, a canal or inland navigation, or any of the reservoirs, feeders, sluices, locks, lifts, drains and other works comprised in or serving that inland waterway, canal or inland navigation.	Any organisation (other than the Inland Waterways Association and the National Association of Boat Owners) upon which the Secretary of State has required the applicant to serve notice, as appearing to the Secretary of State to represent a substantial number of persons using the inland waterway, canal or inland navigation in question; and (except where the land affected falls within category 17 of Schedule 5 to these Rules) for works — (a) In England, English Nature; and	Canal and River Trust Natural England

Category	Authority sought for:	Those to be serve with notice:	Party to be served:
		(b) In Wales, the Countryside Council for Wales.	
4	Works affecting an area under the control of a harbour authority as defined in section 57(1) of the Harbours Act 1964(a).	The navigation authority for any adjoining waterway (if different from the navigation authority for the harbour area) and the conservancy authority for any adjoining waterway.	Not applicable
5	Works which would, or would apart from the making of an order, require a consent to the discharge of matter into waters or onto land under Chapter 2 of Part 3 of the Water Resources Act 1991(b).	The Environment Agency.	Environment Agency
6	Works likely to affect the volume or character of traffic entering or leaving— (i) a special road or trunk road; (ii) any other classified road.	For works – (a) in England, the Secretary of State for Transport (marked "for attention of the Highways Agency"); and (b) In Wales, the National Assembly for Wales. (c) The relevant highway authority.	Highways England Cambridgeshire County Council Suffolk County Council
7	The construction of a transport system involving the placing of equipment in or over a street (except a level crossing).	Owners and occupiers of all buildings of all buildings which have a frontage on, or a private means of access which first meets the highway at, the part of the street in or over which equipment is to be placed, other than those on whom a notice has been served pursuant to rule 15(1).	Not applicable
8	Works affecting any land on which there is a theatre as defined in Section 5 of the Theatres Trust Act 1975 (b).	The Theatres Trust.	Not applicable

Category	Authority sought for:	Those to be serve with notice:	Party to be served:
9	The modification, exclusion, amendment, repeal or revocation of a provision of an Act of Parliament or statutory instrument conferring protection or benefit upon any person (whether in his capacity as the owner of designated land or otherwise) specifically named therein.	The person upon whom such protection or benefit is conferred, or the person currently entitled to that protection or benefit.	Not applicable
10	The compulsory purchase of ecclesiastical property (as defined in section 12(3) of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981(a)).	The Church Commissioners.	Church Commissioners For England Church House
11	Works in Greater London or a metropolitan county.	The relevant Fire and Rescue Authority within the meaning of Part 1 of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004(b) and the relevant Police Authority within the meaning of Part 1 of the Police Act 1996(c).	Not applicable – not in Greater London or a metropolitan county.
12	The right to monitor, survey or investigate land (including any right to make trial holes in land).	Every owner and occupier of the land, other than the owner or occupier named in the book of reference as having an interest or right in or over that land.	Not applicable – as any land will be listed in the Book of Reference
13	Works or traffic management measures that would affect services provided by a universal service provider in connection with the provision of a universal postal service and relating to the delivery or collection of letters.	Every universal service provider affected.	Royal Mail

Category	Authority sought for:	Those to be serve with notice:	Party to be served:
14	Works in an area of coal working notified to the local planning authority by the British Coal Corporation or the Coal Authority.	The holder of the current licence under section 36(ii) of the Coal Industry Nationalisation Act 1946 (savings as to certain coal) or under Part 2 of the Coal Industry Act 1994 (licensing of coal mining operations).	Not applicable
15	Works for which an environmental impact assessment is required.	For works – (a) In England, the Commission for Architecture and the Built Environment; and (b) In Wales, the Design Commissioner for Wales.	Not applicable as an EIA is not required
16	The compulsory acquisition of land, or the right to use land, or the carrying out of protective works to buildings.	Any person, other than a person who is named in the book of reference described in rule 12(8), whom the applicant thinks is likely to be entitled to make a claim for compensation under section 10 of the Compulsory Purchase Act 1965(f) if the order is made and the powers in question are exercised, so far as he is known to the applicant after making diligent inquiry.	Affected landowners

B. Private user questionnaire



User Worked Crossing Users' Questionnaire

Level Crossing Xx miles, XXX chain, XX Line

Against each type of use, please indicate the number and frequency of traverses of the railway in the appropriate box (e.g. 14 traverses per week, 2 traverses per hour). For vehicle users there is no need to include the number of traverses as a pedestrian to open/close the gates.

	Type & frequency of use	Hourly (or number of traverses per hour)	Daily (or number of traverses per day)	Weekly (or number of traverses per week)	Monthly (or number of traverses per month)	Seasonal* (please state months of use below)	Very Infrequent (or number of traverses per year)	Nil
Q1	Adult Pedestrians				inontin)			
Q2	Pedestrians under 18 years old							
Q3	Adult Cyclists							
Q4	Cylists under 18 years old							
Q5	Horse (accompanied by rider)							
Q6	Animals on the hoof							
Q7	Car							
Q8	Motorcycle / Quad-bike / Moped							
Q9	Van / small lorry up to 3.5 tonnes							
Q10	Van / lorry over 3.5 tonnes							
Q11	Trailers over 750 kg e.g. caravan, boat, articulated lorry trailer*							
Q12	Minibus up to 16 passengers							
Q13	Coach / Bus over 16 passengers							
Q14	Single tractor							
Q15	Tractors with trailers or large attachment*							
Q16	Combine Harvester or other large agricultural plant*							
Q17	Tracked vehicles with/without trailers or large attachment*		_					
Q18	Other (please specify) *							

XX-1 1 of 5



details in t	tems marked * in the above table ple the box below such as make, model, you use the crossing for only part of t	approx. dim	nensions ar	
Weigita	- Ou use the crossing for only parts.	Tie your, pro	idse spee	y.
	Type of User	Regular User (e.g. more than two crossing traverses per month)	Irregular User (e.g. less than two crossing traverses per month)	
Q20.	1 Myself			Any additional information
Crossing Users	2 Other family members			
(Please tick	3 Employees, contract staff			
as appropriate)	4 Visitors, e.g. milk delivery, refuse collection, postal deliveries, oil deliveries, home shopping deliveries, friends, relatives (please describe in the additional information box to the right)			
provided),	any users that may have difficulty in using the gates or telephones (wher of trains (where required). For examp	re provided)		
Q21. Non-	-English speaking users	Yes ⊏] No	D 🗆
Q22. Mob	ility impaired	Yes ⊏] No	o 🗆
Q23. Visu	ally impaired	Yes ⊏] No	D
Q24. Audi	bly impaired	Yes ⊏] No	D
Q25. Men	tally impaired	Yes ⊏] No	o 🗆
Q26. Unac	ccompanied children (under 18)	Yes ⊏] No	
Q27. Olde	r people	Yes ⊏] No	
Q28. Othe	er (<mark>if yes</mark> please detail below)	Yes ⊏] No	D 🗆
Q29. Prov	ride further details (where possible)			

XX-1 2 of 5



Q30. Would you be willing to	consider closure of this crossing?	
Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
Q31. Are you willing to padloo	k the gates at this crossing?	
Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
Q32. If so would you like Netv	vork Rail to provide the padlock and keys?	
Yes	No 🗌	
Q33. Is this crossing used often and 6am?	en with vehicles, or animals on the hoof, between the hours of 11	1pm
Yes 🗌	No 🗆	
Q34. Any Other Comm	ents or concerns about the safe use of the level crossi	<u>ng</u>

XX-1 3 of 5



Other Users of XX Level Crossing

(XX miles, XX chain, XX Line)

Q35. To ensure our records are up to date, please provide details below of any other known users of this level crossing, and return it with the completed questionnaire. Please feel free to continue on a separate sheet if necessary.

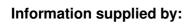
User	Interest in land (freehold owner/lessee or tenant/contractor/other (please specify))

Other Level Crossings for which you are recorded as a user

Q36. Please supply details of level crossings for which you are recorded as a user, and return it with the completed questionnaire with any changes required.

ELR	Miles	Chains	Crossing Name

XX-1 4 of 5





Name:		
Address:		
·		
Telephone number:		
Mobile number:		
Email Address:		
Signature:	Da	te:

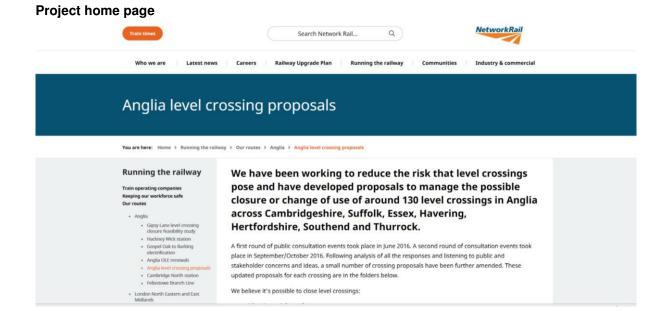
XX-1 5 of 5

C. Public consultation materials

C.1 Programme wide materials

C.1.1 Website

https://www.networkrail.co.uk/running-the-railway/our-routes/anglia/anglia-level-crossings/



C.1.2 Banners for public consultation events

A photo of the Barrington Road public information event is shown below, demonstrating the use of banners and plans on information boards.

Photo from the Barrington Road public information event, December 2016



Source: Mott MacDonald



Over the past few years Network Rail has been working hard to better manage its level crossings and the risks they pose. As part of our Railway Upgrade Plan we have made the railway safer and more efficient by closing and modifying more than 1000 level crossings across Britain since 2010.

However, level crossings continue to cause delays to trains and pose a risk to pedestrians and motorists, so there is still much more we can do to improve safety and reliability across the network.

Benefits

Closing or modifying level crossings provide the following benefits:

- Improve the safety of level crossing users
- Deliver a more efficient and reliable railway, which is vital in supporting the regional and UK economy
- Reduce the ongoing operating and maintenance cost of the railway
- Reduce delays to trains, pedestrians and other highway users
- Improve journey time reliability for all railway, highway and other rights of way users









Anglia Level Crossing Proposals

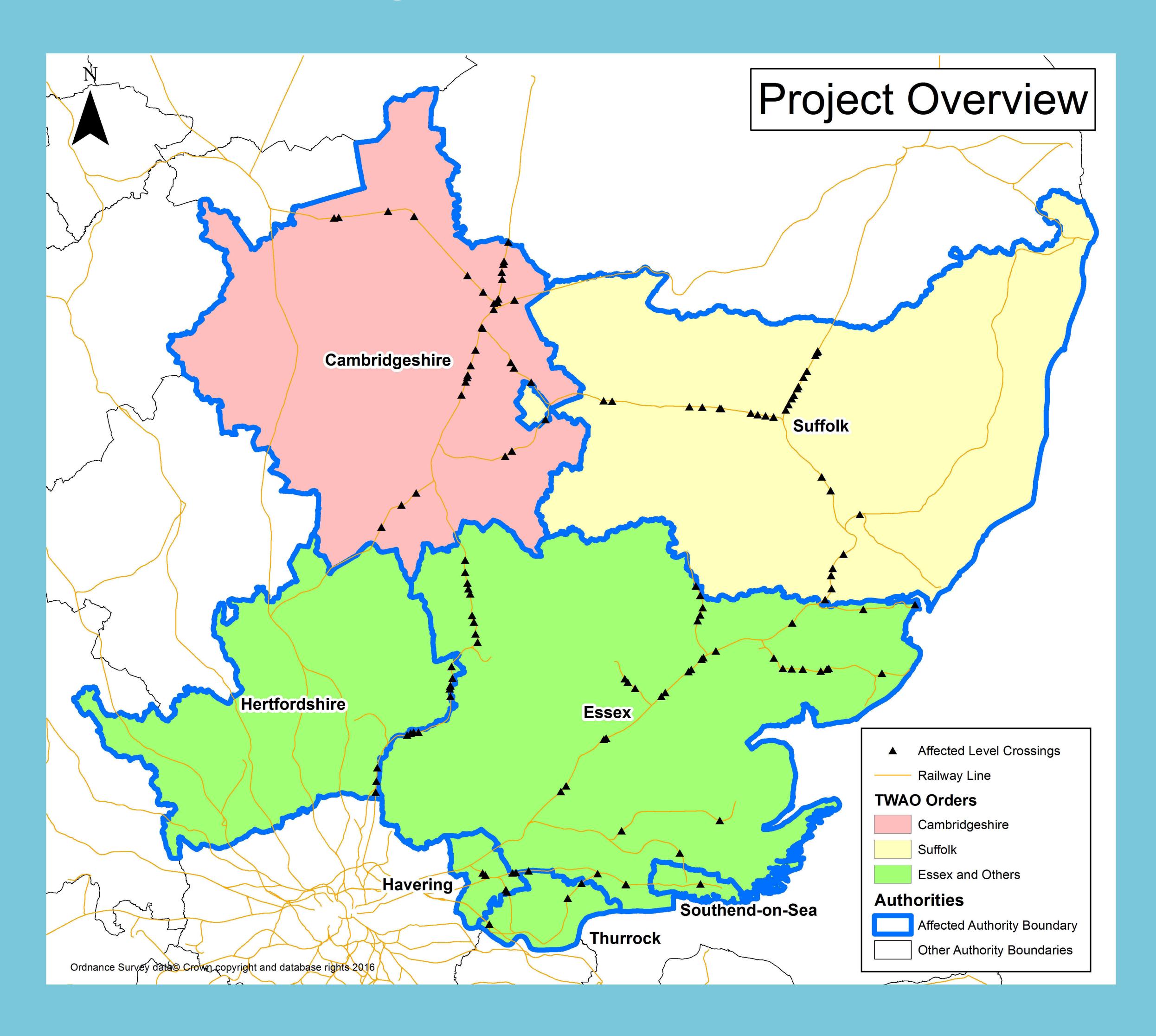
Following an initial review of level crossings in the Anglia region, we have identified more than 130 where we believe it is possible to close or downgrade them by:

- Diverting people to a nearby alternative means to cross the railway
- Providing a new public route to a nearby alternative means to cross the railway
- Amending the right to cross the railway to include or exclude certain user groups

Closing level crossings and diverting users to alternatives will make the railway safer by reducing the number of points where people can come into contact with trains. It will also help to improve reliability and enable separate, potential future developments for faster and more frequent services.

The level crossings in this initial phase do not require building any new bridges or underpasses. They have been selected as they are considered to be affordable and deliverable by March 2019 (the end of Network Rail's current funding period).

We will be working across seven local authority areas (shown below), and will deliver the changes through three Transport and Works Act Orders. The process will be supported by a rigorous consultation programme.



Separate schemes

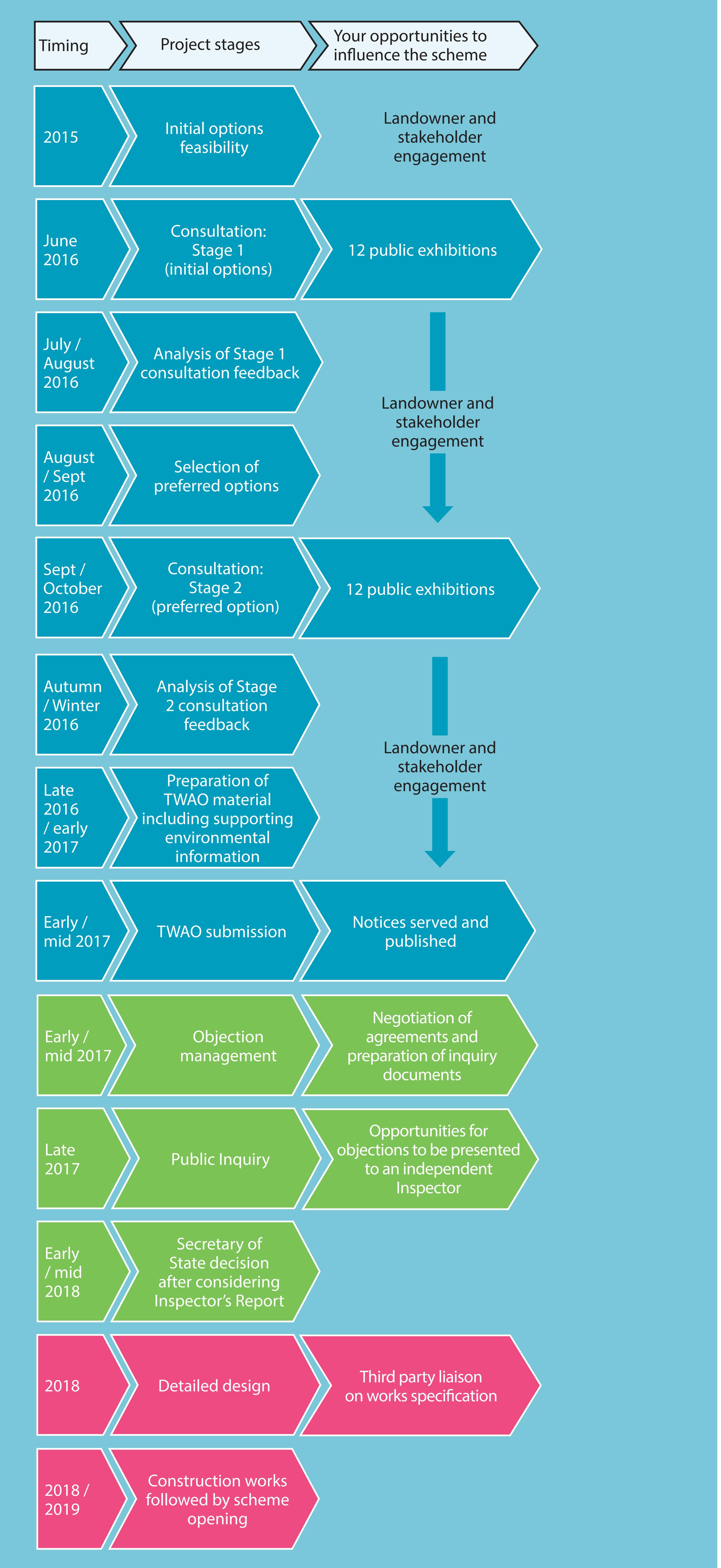
High risk level crossings are also being closed or upgraded as part of our Railway Upgrade Plan.





Transport and Works Act Order Process

Anglia Level Crossing Proposals





C.2 Round 1 public consultation materials

Find out about Anglia Level Crossing Proposals

Over the past few years Network Rail has been working hard to better manage its level crossings and the risks they pose. Network Rail has developed proposals to manage the possible closure of over 130 of its level crossings in Anglia.

We fully recognise the importance of public rights of way and where possible we will seek to maintain connectivity with the countryside. We value your feedback on our initial options for the level crossing closures in your area, and would like to invite you to a public exhibition to find out more and provide the opportunity to comment.

Public Exhibition - Cambridge

A public exhibition regarding our initial options for level crossing closures in the Cambridge area will be held on:

Friday 10th June (2.00pm-7.00pm) at: Browns Field Youth & Community Centre 31A Green End Road Cambridge CB4 1RU

Please see overleaf for a map of the level crossings that will be covered at this event.

Network Rail and their consultants will be at the exhibition to explain the options, answer your questions and obtain your feedback.

If you cannot attend, but want to provide feedback via our online survey, please visit:

www.networkrail.co.uk/anglialevelcrossings.

The survey for the crossings shown on the map overleaf will be live from 10th June 2016 and close on 1st July 2016.

Additional exhibitions

We will be holding additional public exhibitions for nearby areas across the Anglia region. Details of all the events are available on the website.

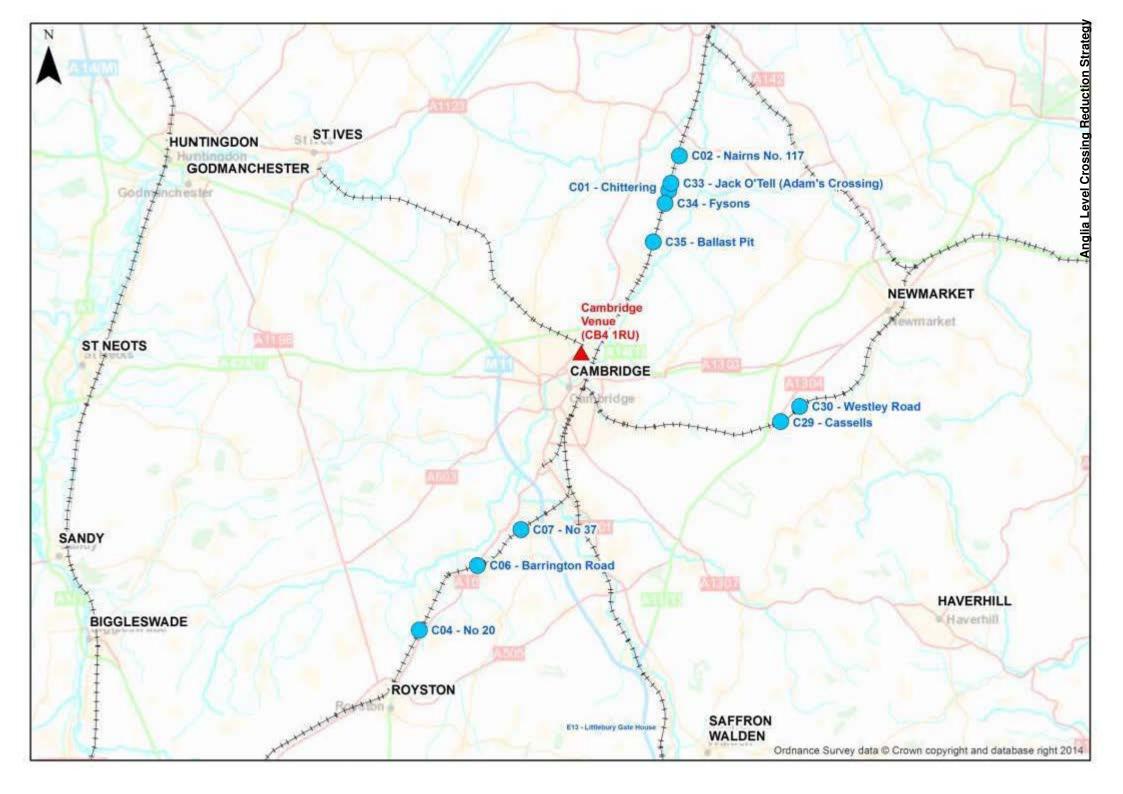
A second round of public consultation on the preferred option for each level crossing will take place in August / September 2016. Details will be available in due course.

NetworkRa

If you have any general enquiries, you can contact our team via the Network Rail helpline or via email.

T: 03457 11 41 41

E: anglialevelcrossings@networkrail.co.uk



END OF BUY-TO-LET?

THREE quarters of Savills' sales in Cambridge last year were either to investors or those buying second hornes.

The stark figures reflect a continuing trend in the 'high-end' market Savills tends to operate in, which its director for residential sales Toby Greenhow says is not reflective of the market as a whole.

And Mr Greenhow also believes the Government's recent changes to discourage investors - which includes the recent introduction of an additional 3 per cent surcharge on top of stamp duty rates for investors and second home buyers, the phasing out of mortgage interest tax relief for landlords and the fact that residential property was exempt from plans to cut capital gains tax - will have the desired affect. "That's a good news story for Cambridge and I expect we'll see a greater number of owner occupiers - that's one of our predictions," he added.

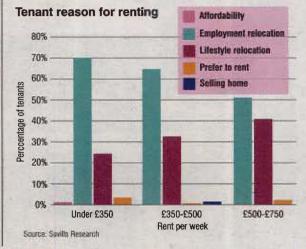
A previous News investigation found that Cambridge is among the top 20 local authorities in the country for the amount of second homes it has, alongside many holiday destinations and similar investment hotspots like Kensington and Westminster.

We have also reported on signs that suggest a beginning of the end of the city's 'buy-to-let' boom, with an increase in tenants being evicted due to landlords selling up reported in the city and South Cambs.



Average cost of newbuild homes





BOOMING CAMBRIDGE

CAMBRIDGE'S economic growth could feasibly see the city expand to the point where it fills the triangle between the A14, M11 and A11.

That is what one expert told Savills during its research, which forecasts further good news about the city's economic prospects.

There has been a 31.3 per cent growth in employment in the 10 years to 2015 in the area, with a further 7 per cent per cent increase expected to 2025. The area's population is set to grow by 10 per cent over the same period.

Knowledge intensive companies make up 23 per cent of companies in Cambridge and South Cambs, 38 per cent of all employees, and 50 per cent of the revenues. Revenue for knowledge intensive companies have increased from £2.1 billion to £2.9 billion since the economic crash, but failed to rise last year after a period of consistent growth.

"People come to Cambridge for the jobs, primarily," said Susan Emmett from Savills UK development research team.

"There are some lifestyle changes within that, but actually it's the employment that's the main attraction."

Tech staff are buying right across the market, from cheaper homes right through to Savills' 'prime' market.

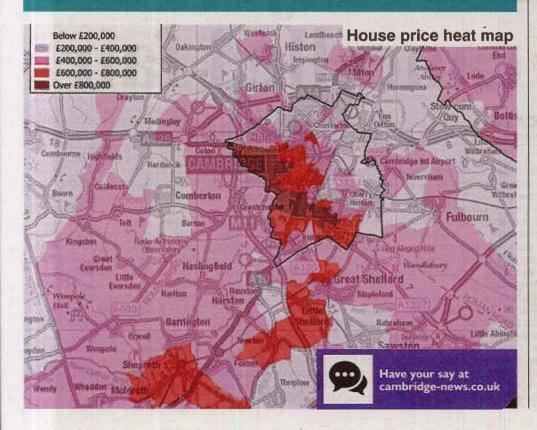
However, Savills data suggests the bulk of buyers of homes worth in excess of £1 million in the city tend to be London commuters in professional and financial services.

HOW SAVILLS SAYS CAMBRIDGE CAN PLAN FOR GROWTH

- Invest to attract investment.
 The city must plan for further growth if the region is to continue to benefit from the two main sectors of technology and bioscience colliding.
- 2. More employment space needed. Existing sites could absorb some demand through redevelopment or densification. But new employment land should be brought forward, including out-of-town and fringe locations.
- 3. Deliver a greater mix of housing. Despite a growth agenda, there is still an undersupply of housing in and around Cambridge, particularly at lower price

points. Addressing affordability pressures requires not only an increase in housing delivery, but also a wider mix of homes.

- 4. Local councils need flexibility to react to specific needs.
- Changes in Government policy regarding affordable housing focussing on more homes for sale could leave a gap for the lowest paid workers in Cambridge.
- 5. Upgrading infrastructure is key Cambridge drives the economy beyond the city and the South Cambs. Joint working across local authorities is essential, along with a strategic vision for the 'city region'.



Find out about Anglia Level Crossing Proposals

Over the past few years Network Rail has been working hard to better manage level crossings and the risks they pose. We have developed proposals to manage the possible closure of around 130 of its level crossings in Anglia.

We value your feedback on our initial options for the level crossing closures in your area, and would like to invite you to a public exhibition to find out more and provide the opportunity to comment.

Public Exhibition - Cambridge

A public exhibition regarding our initial options for level crossing closures in the Cambridge area will be held on:

Friday 10th June (2.00pm-7.00pm) at: Browns Field Youth & Community Centre 31A Green End Road Cambridge CB4 1RU

For more information, please visit the website: www.networkrail.co.uk/anglialevelcrossings

Anglia Level Crossing Reduction Strategy





Anglia Level Crossing Proposals Questionnaire

Please complete the following questionnaire to provide feedback on our initial options for level crossing changes in the Anglia region. Please leave your completed questionnaire in the drop box provided. If you would prefer to complete it at home, p

leas	se return it in the freepost envelope provided.
	uestionnaires must be returned within 28 days of the consultation event for that crossing.
Vhic	ch level crossing does your response relate to?
	e provide the Unique ID number and crossing name as labelled in the level crossing summary sheet – it is very tant that this is correct, to ensure your responses relate to the correct level crossing)
	Unique ID:
	Nαme:
)	On average, how often do you use the level crossing?
	(Please select a single response) Daily Weekly Fortnightly Monthly Rarely Never (please go to Q6)
2)	By what means do you use the level crossing?
	(Please select <u>all</u> that apply) □ On foot

2

(Ple	ase select <u>all</u> that apply)
	On foot
	On foot, accompanying a child / children on foot
	On foot, with a pram or push chair
	On foot, with a mobility aid
	Wheelchair
	Pedal cycle
	Horse
	Motorcycle / scooter
	Car / van
	Heavy goods vehicle
	Farm vehicle
	Other (please specify)

3)	By what means do you <u>most often</u> use the level crossing?
	(Please select a <u>single</u> response)
	☐ On foot
	☐ On foot, accompanying a child / children on foot
	On foot, with a pram or push chair
	☐ On foot, with a mobility aid
	☐ Wheelchair
	☐ Pedal cycle
	☐ Horse
	☐ Motorcycle / scooter
	Car / van
	☐ Heavy goods vehicle
	☐ Farm vehicle
	Other (please specify)
4)	For what purpose do you use the level crossing?
	(Please select <u>all</u> that αpply)
	☐ Access to school
	Access to other local amenities
	Access to own property
	Access to neighbouring properties
	☐ Commuting
	☐ Moving livestock
	Leisure
	Other (please specify)
5)	For what purpose do you most often use the level crossing?
	(Please select a <u>single</u> response)
	☐ Access to school
	Access to other local amenities
	Access to own property
	Access to neighbouring properties
	Commuting
	☐ Moving livestock
	Leisure
	Other (please specify)
6)	Please state your <u>full</u> home postcode
J	(this information will be mapped to help with our data analysis).

7)	To v	what extent do you agree with the changes proposed at the level crossing itself?	
	(Ple	ase select α <u>single</u> response)	
		Strongly Agree Agree Undecided / neither agree or disagree Disagree Strongly disagree	
8)	po yo	ase consider the plan within the level crossing summary sheet which shows tential diversion route/s. If there are multiple options shown, please indicate which most strongly prefer. If you would like to suggest your own alternative option, ease tick "other" and provide details below.	ch
	(Ple	ease select a <u>single</u> response)	
		Red route (if applicable) Blue route (if applicable) Green route (if applicable) Orange route (if applicable) Purple route (if applicable) Other (please specify and if possible, use the drawing on the summary sheet to illustrate an alternative route suggestion).	

Please submit your drawing with your completed questionnaire via the drop box or in the freepost envelope provided.

ategory	No Concern	Concern (please specify)
afety of pedestrians / cyclists / equestrians		
afety of users of motorised vehicles		
onvenience (route and length) of diversion route		
Connection to the Public Right of Way network		
iround condition / flood risk		
nvironment / ecology		
usiness impact		
menity (e.g. landscape, noise)		
ther (please specify)		
f you have any further comments abou rogramme in general, please provide th		s presented, or about the

Any personal information supplied will be held and used in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998.



Cambridgeshire Proposals

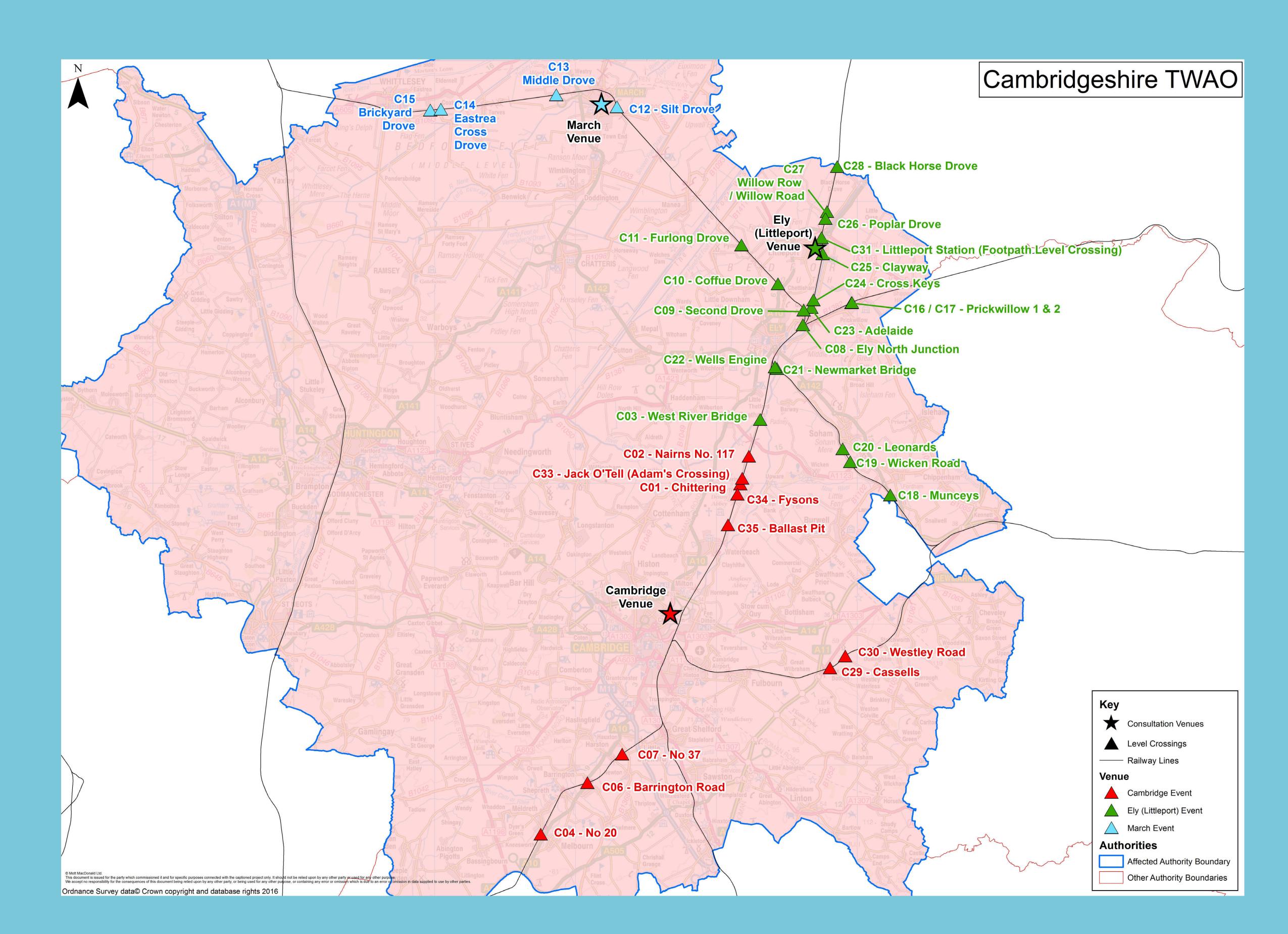
How this scheme may affect you

Closing a level crossing may mean that we need to divert you to a near-by proposed or existing alternative route to safely cross the railway.

Whilst there will be closure of some rights of way, others will be created together with additional connectivity to the wider public rights of way network.

We welcome your feedback

We recognise the importance of public rights of way and where possible we will maintain access to the countryside. We value your feedback on our initial options for the level crossing proposals in your area.



How to provide your feedback

Network Rail and its consultants are available to provide you with further details of the proposed options for each level crossing, and to discuss them with you.

Please provide a member of the project team with the unique ID / name for the level crossing/s you are interested in from the map above.

A summary sheet for each level crossing has been prepared with key information about the level crossing and options being considered.

We welcome specific feedback on individual level crossings. To provide your feedback, please complete our questionnaire, which is:

- Available at this event please return your completed copy to the drop-box provided – or if you would prefer to complete it at home, please use the freepost envelope provided.
- Available to complete electronically now with the help of a member of the project team, or at home via the website www.networkrail.co.uk/anglialevelcrossings



Anglia

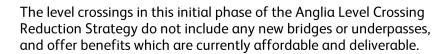
Level Crossing Proposals

NetworkRail

C01 - Chittering Waterbeach Parish – Footpath 18

Network Rail has been working hard to better manage its level crossings and the risks they pose, and has developed proposals for the possible closure or change to public rights of way at over 130 of its level crossings in Anglia. Closing or modifying level crossings can help to bring about a number of benefits:

- Improve the safety of level crossing users
- Deliver a more efficient and reliable railway, which is vital in supporting the regional and UK economy
- Reduce the ongoing operating and maintenance cost of the railway
- Reduce delays to trains, pedestrians and other highway users
- Improve journey time reliability for all railways, highway and other rights of way users





Chittering is one of the level crossings in Cambridgeshire County. It is located in Waterbeach Parish and has the postcode CB25 9PW. This is a stop, look and listen public footpath level crossing where the user has to decide whether it is safe to cross. The railway at this crossing carries passenger and freight trains. A photograph of the crossing is shown above.

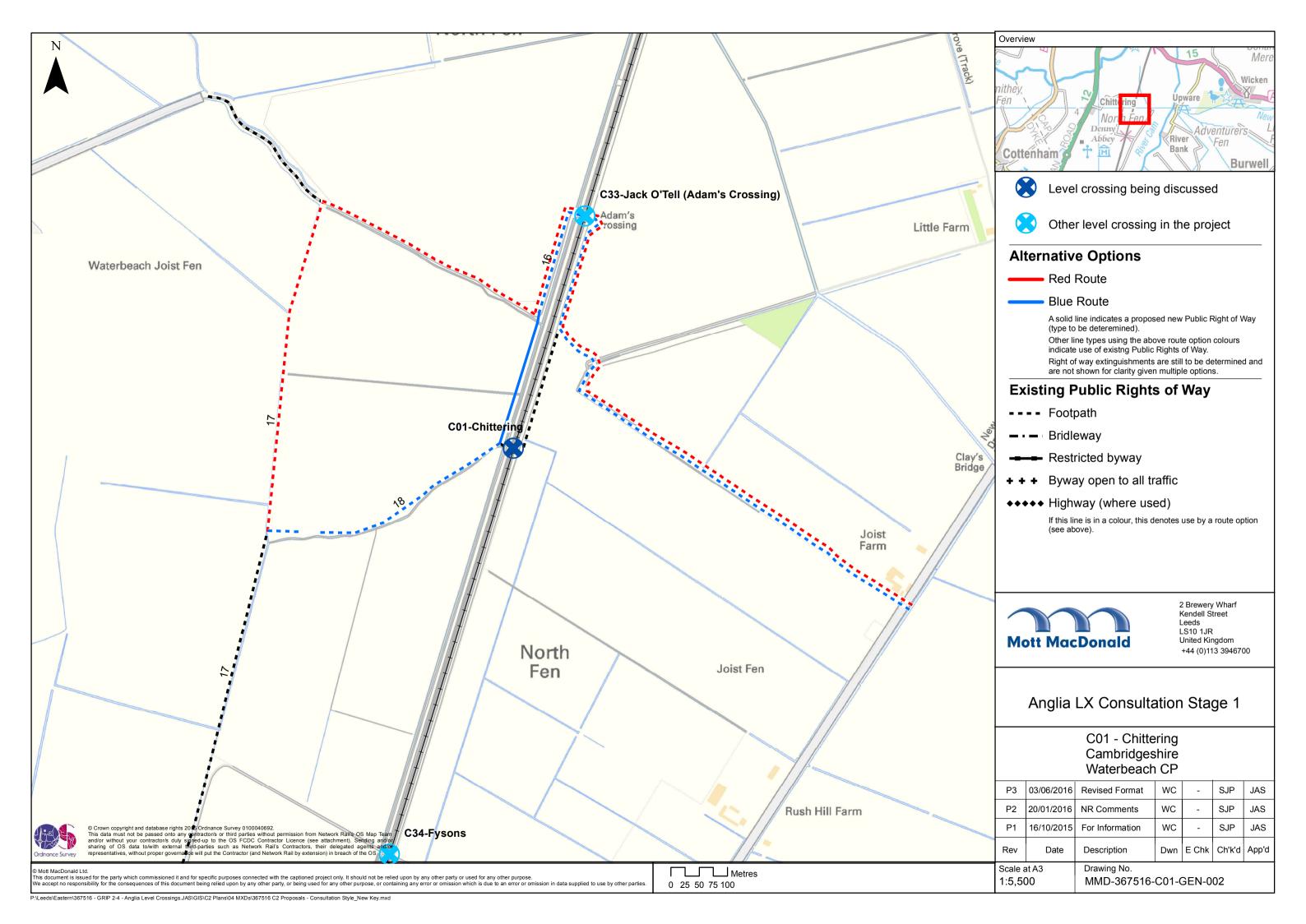
Our proposed changes: There are two public rights of way that cross the railway in close proximity to each other. Our proposal is to reduce this to just one public right of way crossing the railway, by closing Chittering level crossing to all users. To cross the railway the following separate options are currently proposed (shown on the drawing overleaf):

Red Route - This option makes use of existing footpaths in order to cross the railway at C33 Jack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing) level crossing to the north. This would include the closure of two lengths of footpath on either side of Chittering level crossing.

Blue Route - This option makes use of both existing and new footpaths. The new footpath would be routed along a field boundary in order to cross the railway via C33 Jack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing) to the north. This would also include the closure of the footpath on either side of Chittering level crossing.

This summary sheet and a questionnaire are available at the public exhibitions and on the project website at: **www.networkrail.co.uk/anglialevelcrossings**. Please complete the separate questionnaire using the level crossing identification number **C01** and your feedback will be considered before the proposals are finalised.

To contact our team, please email us at: anglialevelcrossings@networkrail.co.uk or phone the helpline: 03457 11 41 41. We thank you for your time and providing your comments on the Anglia Level Crossing Proposals.



C.3 Round 2 public consultation materials

Find out about Anglia Level Crossing Proposals

Over the past few years Network Rail has been working hard to better manage its level crossings and the risks they pose. Earlier in the year, we presented options for the possible closure or change to public rights of way at over 130 level crossings in Anglia.

We fully recognise the importance of public rights of way and where possible we will seek to maintain connectivity with the countryside by providing alternative options. We have reviewed our proposals and would now like to invite you to a second public exhibition to see our preferred options, find out more and provide you with an opportunity to comment further.

Public exhibition - March

A public exhibition of our preferred options for level crossing changes in the March area will be held on:

Wednesday 7th September (2.00pm-7.00pm) at: March Community Centre 34 Station Road March Cambridgeshire PE15 8LE

Please see overleaf for a map of the level crossings that will be covered at this event.

Network Rail and their consultants will be at the exhibition to explain the options, answer your questions and obtain your feedback.

If you cannot attend, but want to provide feedback via our online survey, please visit:

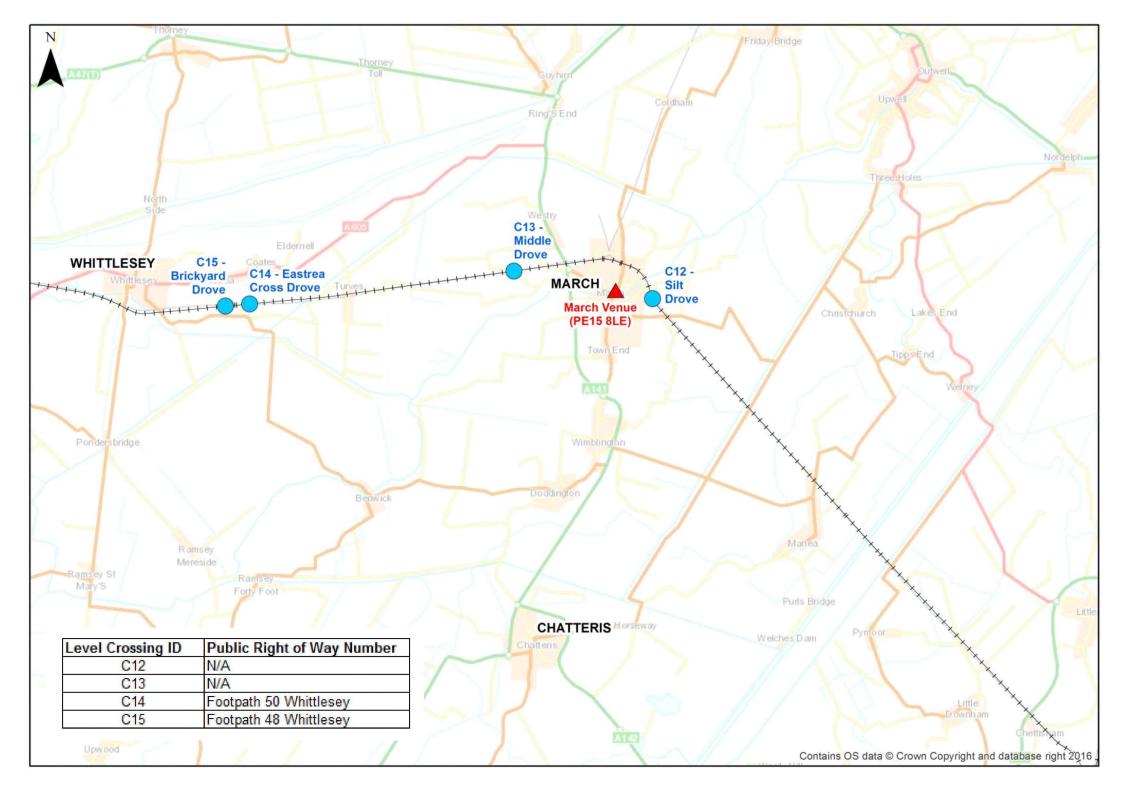
www.networkrail.co.uk/an glialevelcrossings.

The survey for the level crossings shown on the map overleaf will be live from **7**th **September 2016** and will close on **28**th **September 2016**.

We will be holding public exhibitions for other level crossings in nearby areas across the Anglia region. Details of all these events and information about the wider project are available on the website.

If you have any general enquiries, you can contact our team via the helpline or via email.

T: 03457 11 41 41 E: anglialevelcrossings@ networkrail.co.uk





Army focus for author's new book

AWARD-WINNING local author Midge Gillies has released her sixth book.

Army Wives; From Crimea to Afghanistan: the Real Lives of the Women Behind the Men in Uniform, uses first-hand accounts, letters and diaries to tell the fascinating and varied stories of the women who lived through the life-changing events of war.

The book explores all aspects of army life,

from the impact life-changing injury – mental or physical – has on the family, to the everyday pressures of being a modern army wife, whether living in barracks or trying to maintain a normal home life outside 'the patch'.

Midge lives in Ely with her husband, crime novelist Jim Kelly, and their daughter, Rosa. Army Wives is available at all good book shops, priced at £20. CONSULTATION

Have a say on level crossings

PLANS to close or change the use of level crossings in Cambridgeshire will be the focus of a second round of consultation events in September.

tation events in September.

Network Rail bosses have identified around 130 level crossings in East Anglia that they feel should be closed or modified – including 32 in Cambridgeshire.

They say closing crossings and diverting to alternatives will not only make the railway safer by removing the point where people can come into contact with trains, but that it will also help improve reliability and enable separate, potential future developments for faster and more frequent services.

However, the proposals, which Network Rail says does not affect A or B roads, are proving controversial, with residents and organisations saying closing some crossings will affect walking and cycling routes.

Following feedback from members of the public at con-

JORDAN DAY

© Jordan DayCN

sultation events earlier in the year, the potential closure of Adelaide level crossing (C23), which is public footpath 49 in Ely, has now been removed from the list "in order to preserve a circular walking route in the area".

Richard Schofield, Network Rail's route managing director for Anglia, said: "The initial consultations were very successful and we gathered a lot of useful feedback.

"I'd encourage anyone interested to come along to see the updated proposals and share any concerns or ideas with us, before we put these forward under Transport and Works Act Orders early next year.

"The proposals include small changes to how people cross the railway and the closures will help us reduce the risks that level crossings pose, improve safety and reliability of the railway for the future."

Among the local crossings which could be closed or altered are: West River Bridge, Little Thetford; Ely North Junction; Second Drove, Ely; Prickwillow 1, Ely; Prickwillow 2, Ely; Munceys, Fordham; Wicken Road, Soham; Leonards, Soham; Newmarket Bridge, Ely; Wells Engine, Ely; Cross Keys, Ely; Furlong Drove, Little Downham; Black Horse Drove, Littleport; Clayway, Littleport; Coffue Drove, Little Downham; Littleport Station, Littleport and Willow Row/Willow Road, Littleport.

Consultation events are being held at March Community Centre on Wednesday, September 7 from 2-7pm, Hughes Hall in Cambridge on Thursday, September 8 from 2-7pm and Littleport Village Hall on Monday, September 12 from 2-6.30pm.

To find out more, visit www. networkrail.co.uk/anglialevelcrossings/

NetworkRail

Find out about Anglia Level Crossing Proposals

Over the past few years Network Rail has been working hard to better manage its level crossings and the risks they pose. We have developed proposals to manage the possible closure and changes to public rights of way at around 130 level crossings in Anglia.

We value your feedback on our preferred options for the level crossing proposals in your area, and would like to invite you to a public exhibition to find out more and provide the opportunity to comment.

Public exhibition - Littleport

A public exhibition regarding our preferred options for level crossing proposals in the Littleport area will be held on:

Monday 12th September (2.00pm-6.30pm) at: Littleport Village Hall Victoria Street Littleport Ely CB6 1LX

For more information, please visit the website: www.networkrail.co.uk/anglialevelcrossings 25% off all appliances on fully fitted or supply only Kitchen



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Anglia Level Crossing Proposals Questionnaire

Strongly disagree

Please complete the following questionnaire to provide feedback on our preferred options for level crossing changes in the Anglia region. Please leave your completed questionnaire in the drop box provided. If you would prefer to complete it at home, please return it via post free of charge by putting FREEPOST ANGLIA LEVEL CROSSING PROPOSALS on the envelope. All questionnaires must be returned with 21 days of the consultation event for that level crossing.

1)	Which level crossing does your response relate to?						
	(Please provide the Unique ID number and level crossing name as labelled in the level crossing summary sheet – it is very important that this is correct, to ensure your responses relate to the correct level crossing).						
	Unique ID :						
	Name of level crossing :						
	If the level crossing has more than one option presented on the summary sheet, please specify which option you wish to provide feedback on:						
	☐ Option A						
	☐ Option B						
	(If you wish to provide feedback on both options, please complete two questionnaires).						
2)	Please select from the following:						
	(Tick all that apply).						
	☐ I am a member of the public						
	I am a local stakeholder (e.g. Councillor). Please specify:						
	I am a representative from a Local User Group. Please specify:						
3)	To what extent do you agree with the preferred option for this level crossing?						
	(Please select a single response)						
	Strongly agree						
	☐ Agree☐ Undecided / neither agree or disagree						
	☐ Disagree						

(This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis).	Safety of pedestrians / cyclists / equestrians	(Please tick one response for each category)		
Safety of users of motorised vehicles Convenience (route and length) of diversion route Connection to the Public Right of Way network Ground condition / flood risk Environment / ecology Business impact Amenity (e.g. landscape, noise) What is your home postcode? (This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis).	Safety of users of motorised vehicles	Category	Yes	No
Convenience (route and length) of diversion route Connection to the Public Right of Way network Ground condition / flood risk Environment / ecology Business impact Amenity (e.g. landscape, noise) What is your home postcode? (This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis).	Convenience (route and length) of diversion route Connection to the Public Right of Way network Ground condition / flood risk Environment / ecology Business impact Amenity (e.g. landscape, noise) What is your home postcode? (This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis).	Safety of pedestrians / cyclists / equestrians		
Connection to the Public Right of Way network Ground condition / flood risk Environment / ecology Business impact Amenity (e.g. landscape, noise) What is your home postcode? (This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis).	Connection to the Public Right of Way network Ground condition / flood risk Environment / ecology Business impact Amenity (e.g. landscape, noise) What is your home postcode? (This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis).	Safety of users of motorised vehicles		
Ground condition / flood risk	Ground condition / flood risk	Convenience (route and length) of diversion route		
Environment / ecology Business impact Amenity (e.g. landscape, noise) What is your home postcode? (This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis).	Environment / ecology Business impact Amenity (e.g. landscape, noise) What is your home postcode? (This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis). If you have any further comments about the preferred option, please provide the	Connection to the Public Right of Way network		
Business impact Amenity (e.g. landscape, noise) What is your home postcode? (This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis).	Business impact Amenity (e.g. landscape, noise) What is your home postcode? (This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis). If you have any further comments about the preferred option, please provide the	Ground condition / flood risk		
Amenity (e.g. landscape, noise) What is your home postcode? (This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis).	Amenity (e.g. landscape, noise) What is your home postcode? (This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis). If you have any further comments about the preferred option, please provide the	Environment / ecology		
What is your home postcode? (This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis).	What is your home postcode? (This information will be mapped to help with our data analysis). If you have any further comments about the preferred option, please provide the	Business impact		
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Any personal information supplied will be held and used in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998.

Anglia Level Crossing Proposals

C01 – Chittering (Waterbeach Parish) Public Right of Way Reference – Footpath 18 Waterbeach

Network Rail has been working hard to better manage its level crossings and the risks they pose. It has developed proposals for the possible closure or change to public rights of way at around 130 level crossings in Anglia. Closing or modifying level crossings can help to bring about a number of benefits:

- Improve the safety of level crossing users
- Deliver a more efficient and reliable railway, which is vital in supporting the regional and UK economy
- Reduce the ongoing operating and maintenance cost of the railway
- Reduce delays to trains, pedestrians and other highway users
- Improve journey time reliability for railway, highway and other rights of way users

The level crossings in this initial phase of the Anglia Level Crossing Reduction Strategy do not include any new bridges or underpasses, and offer benefits which are currently affordable and deliverable.

Chittering is one of the level crossings in the County of Cambridgeshire. It is located in Waterbeach Parish and has the postcode CB25 9PW. This is a stop, look and listen public footpath level crossing where the user has to decide whether it is safe to cross. The railway at this crossing carries passenger and freight with a line speed of 90 mph. There are generally 186 trains passing through this level crossing per day.

Network Rail's level crossing risk assessments are supported by use of the All Level Crossing Risk Model (ALCRM). This produces a score for the 'individual risk' presented as a letter ranging from A to M, where A is the highest risk and M is the lowest. In addition 'collective risk' is based on the number of people who use the crossing, and is presented as a number ranging from 1 to 13, where 1 is the highest risk and 13 is the lowest. Chittering level crossing currently has an ALCRM score of C10 which is considered high risk. Key issues relate to frequent trains, deliberate misuse or user error, and sun glare. There were no incidents of misuse, no near misses and no accidents at this crossing between 2011 and 2015.

Public consultation was undertaken in June on initial options for changes at this level crossing. At this level crossing, four questionnaire responses were received. For Chittering a summary of the questionnaire responses is shown below (route colours refer to the June 2016 Stage 1 consultation plan – please see the project website for details):

- 25% of responses were neutral towards the proposals
- 75 % of responses disagreed with the proposals
- 25 % supported the red route
- 50% of responses prefered another route (neither red or blue)
- 25 % of responses did not state a preference

As part of the consultation process a wide range of statutory consultees, landowners and user groups were also consulted. The responses received have been taken into account when determining the preferred option.

During June and July of this year, Network Rail undertook new census surveys of the number and type of level crossing users. A three day census was undertaken (Saturday, Sunday and Monday) and the daily usage was as follows (during this census dismounted cyclists have been classed as pedestrians):

Weekday (Monday)	0 pedestrians
Weekend (average daily)	0 pedestrians



The consultation feedback together with a range of other factors such as user safety and convenience, environmental impacts and economic factors were used to determine a preferred option. In this case an amended version of the blue route shown at the June 2016 Stage 1 consultation has been taken forward.

Our preferred option is to close the level crossing to all users and provide a new footpath running north and adjacent to the railway to tie into the existing footpath number 16. A new timber footbridge would be constructed to cross over a drainage ditch. Users would cross the rail at the public footpath level crossing, Jack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing) which has an ALCRM score of D10 (see plan overleaf). Jack O'Tell is also included in the level crossing reduction scheme however it is only the vehicle rights that would be affected. The new footpath and footbridge would be constructed to an appropriate standard with new wayfinding signs with details to be discussed and agreed with the local authority. Crossing infrastructure would be removed and fencing installed to prevent trespass onto the railway. A short length of footpath 18 would be extinguished from the east side of the railway up to its connection with footpath 16 as it would form a dead end.

Diversion lengths:

 Users coming from the west of the railway wishing to head east along footpath 16 would have their route increased by approximately 460m.

Photo 1: Existing level crossing



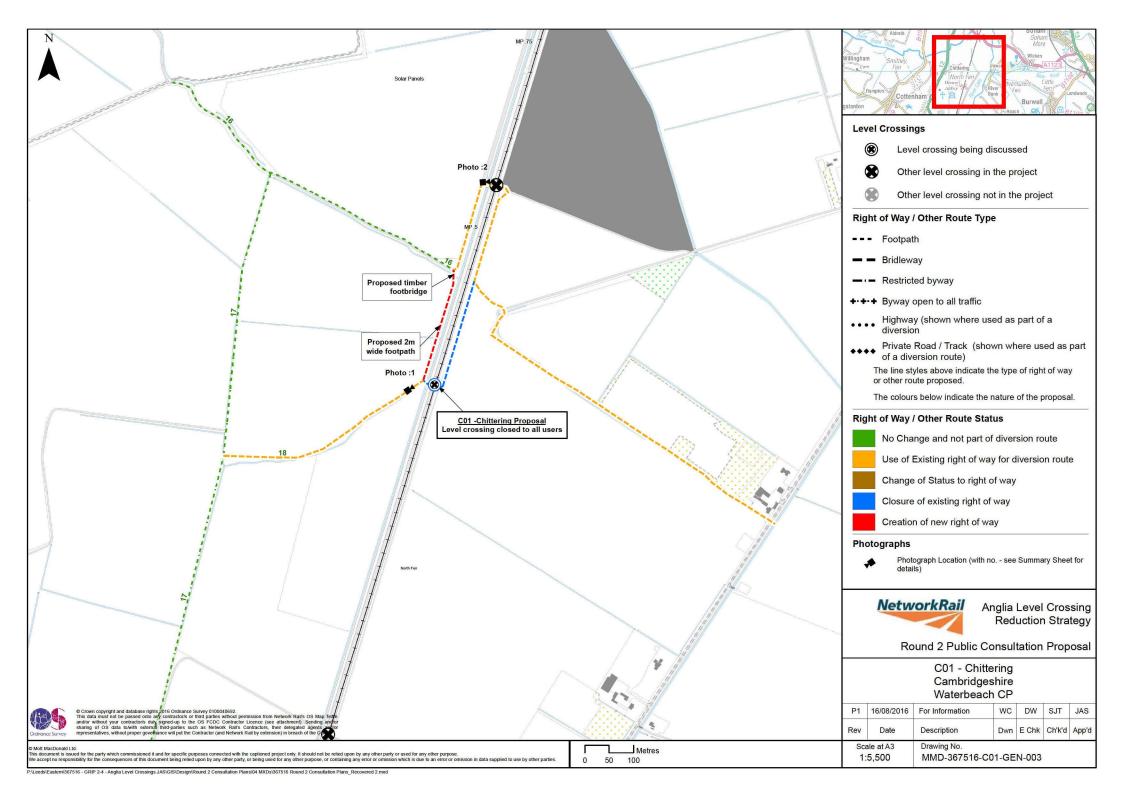
Photo 2: Alternative railway crossing



Photo locations are shown on the plan overleaf.

This summary sheet and a questionnaire are available at the public exhibitions and on the project website at: www.networkrail.co.uk/anglialevelcrossings. Please complete the separate questionnaire using the level crossing identification number CO1 and your feedback will be considered before the proposals are finalised ahead of submitting a Transport and Works Act Order to the Secretary of State.

To contact our team, please email us at: anglialevelcrossings@networkrail.co.uk or phone the helpline: 03457 11 41 41. We thank you for your time and providing your comments on the Anglia Level Crossing Proposals.



C.4 December 2016 Information Update materials

Update on Anglia Level Crossing Proposals – Barrington Road

Over the past few years Network Rail has been working hard to better manage its level crossings and the risks they pose. Public consultation was held in September on preferred options for the possible closure or change to public rights of way at over 130 level crossings in Anglia.

Public information event

This is an invitation to update you on changes to the proposals being taken forward for the Barrington Road level crossing, as a result of the feedback received from the public and stakeholders – including concerns regarding safety, lack of integration with the new A10 cycleway and length of diversion.

To address these concerns, the proposals for the Foxton level crossing have be redesigned to accommodate new shared pedestrian / cycle facilities, and supporting infrastructure.

The public information event will be held on:

Wednesday 14th December (2.00pm-7.00pm) at:

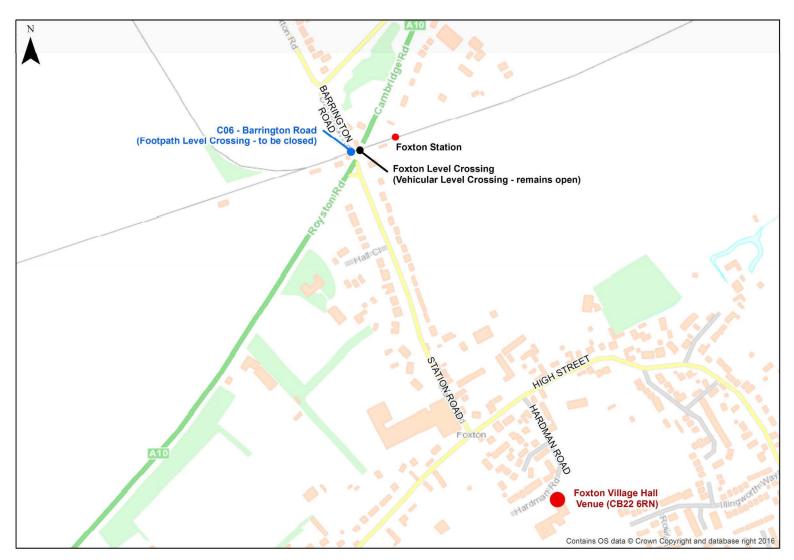
Foxton Village Hall & Sports Pavilion Hardman Road Cambridge CB22 6RN

Network Rail and its consultants will be at the event to explain the updated proposals and answer your questions. If you cannot attend, you can view the latest proposals on the project website:

www.networkrail.co.uk/an glialevelcrossings

If you do not have access to the internet, please contact the Network Rail helpline (03457 11 41 41). Alternatively, write to Network Rail free of charge by putting FREEPOST ANGLIA LEVEL CROSSING PROPOSALS on the envelope (please include a return address so we can send you the information).

If you have any queries about the scheme in general or wish to comment on the proposals, please contact the helpline (also available on the project website), use the FREEPOST address or project email: anglialevelcrossings@net workrail.co.uk



Review rejects obesity proposal

Call for JobCentre staff to be placed in rehabilitation centres to offer employment advice

A GOVERNMENT commissioned review has rejected proposals to require jobless obese people and those with drink and drug addictions to seek treatment as a condition of receiving benefits.

Cambridge University professor Dame Carol Black, the principal of Newnham College, found that making treatment compulsory would lead to more people hiding their addictions.

And she heard "serious concerns" from health professionals about the legal and ethical implications of forcing jobseekers

to get help.

But she suggested that the Government should trial a new requirement for new benefit claimants to attend health care meetings early in their claims to assess the impact of any health condition on their ability to work.

When he commissioned the study in July, former prime minister David Cameron said he wanted FREYA LENG
Health correspondent
@freyalengCN

to look at what could be done with people who "refuse help, but expect taxpayers to carry on funding their benefits".

But Downing Street has now indicated it is not looking at withdrawing benefits from people because of their refusal to seek help for obesity or addiction.

Dame Carol's report warned that successful completion of a drug or alcohol rehabilitation programme is not always enough to help those with dependencies back into work, as many employers believe former addicts still represent a risk.

But she said that a return to the routines of working life is an important part of recovery, stating: "Work has not hitherto been an integral part of treatment, and it needs to be if progress is to be made." Her 140-page report suggested the Government should fund the additional costs for in-work support faced by smaller employers who recruit staff with a history of alcohol or drug dependence.

And it called for trials of Jobcentre Plus staff being placed in rehabilitation centres to offer advice on returning to work, as well as the use of recovered addicts as mentors in job centres.

Dame Carol recommended that JobCentre Plus staff should be able to refer claimants to weight management services when their obesity is identified as a barrier to work.

Responding to the report, a Downing Street spokesman said: "We are very clear that we want to support those who are suffering from long-term but treatable conditions back into work and we will look at how best we can achieve that. Dame Carol's review will form part of that process."



NetworkRail

Update on Anglia

Level Crossing Proposals - Barrington Road

Over the past few years Network Rail has been working hard to better manage its level crossings and the risks they pose. We have developed proposals to manage the possible closure and changes to public rights of way at around 130 level crossings in Anglia.

We would like to invite you to a **public information event** for the C06 Barrington Road level crossing, to update you on the outcome of the previous round of public consultation held in September, and to share the resultant design changes being taken forward.

Wednesday 14th December (2.00pm-7.00pm) at: Foxton Village Hall & Sports Pavilion Hardman Road Cambridge CB22 6RN

Proposals for the following level crossings have also been significantly updated: C08 Ely North Junction, C09 Second Drove & C24 Cross Keys, C20 Leonards and C26 Poplar Drove & C27 Willow Row / Willow Road. Details of the changes are available on the project website: www.networkrail.co.uk/anglialevelcrossings. Please note, proposals for other level crossings in the programme are unchanged or have minor modifications only.

If you do not have access to the internet, please contact the Network Rail helpline (03457 11 41 41) or write to Network Rail free of charge by putting FREEPOST ANGLIA LEVEL CROSSING PROPOSALS on the envelope, and including a return address to obtain further details.

Anglia Level Crossing Reduction Strategy



Update on Anglia Level Crossing Proposals



Changes resulting from consultation - Cambridgeshire

Over the past few years Network Rail has been working hard to better manage its level crossings and the risks they pose. It has developed proposals for the possible closure or change to public rights of way at around 130 level crossings in Anglia. Closing or modifying level crossings can help to bring about a number of benefits:

- Improve the safety of level crossing users
- Deliver a more efficient and reliable railway, which is vital in supporting the regional and UK economy
- Reduce the ongoing operating and maintenance cost of the railway
- Reduce delays to trains, pedestrians and other highway users
- Improve journey time reliability for railway, highway and other rights of way users

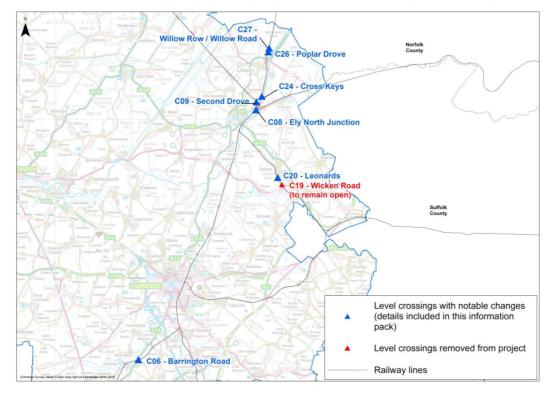
The level crossings in this initial phase of the Anglia programme do not include any new railway bridges or underpasses and offer benefits which are currently affordable and deliverable.

A second round of public consultation was held in September / October 2016 on our preferred options for the possible closure or change to public rights of way at around 130 level crossings in Anglia.

This information pack is to update you on which proposals have been significantly changed within Cambridgeshire, as a result of the feedback received from the public and stakeholders.

Please note that proposals which are unchanged or have minor modifications from the September consultation are not included in this public information update.

We have made notable changes to our proposals at the following level crossings in Cambridgeshire.



The following pages provide you with details of our latest proposals for these level crossings.

These are also available on the project website: www.networkrail.co.uk/anglialevelcrossings.

Please note, proposals for other level crossings in the programme that are not referred to in this information pack are unchanged or have minor modifications only.

Anglia

Level Crossing Proposals

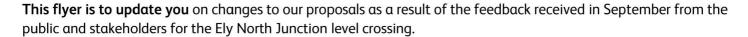
NetworkRail

CO8 – Ely North Junction Ely Parish

Ely North Junction is one of the level crossings in the County of Cambridgeshire. It is located in Ely Parish and has the postcode CB7 4TZ. This is a stop, look and listen footpath crossing where the user has to decide whether it is safe to cross. The railway at this level crossing carries passenger and freight trains with a line speed of 60 mph. There are generally 194 trains passing through this level crossing per day. A photo of the crossing is shown here.

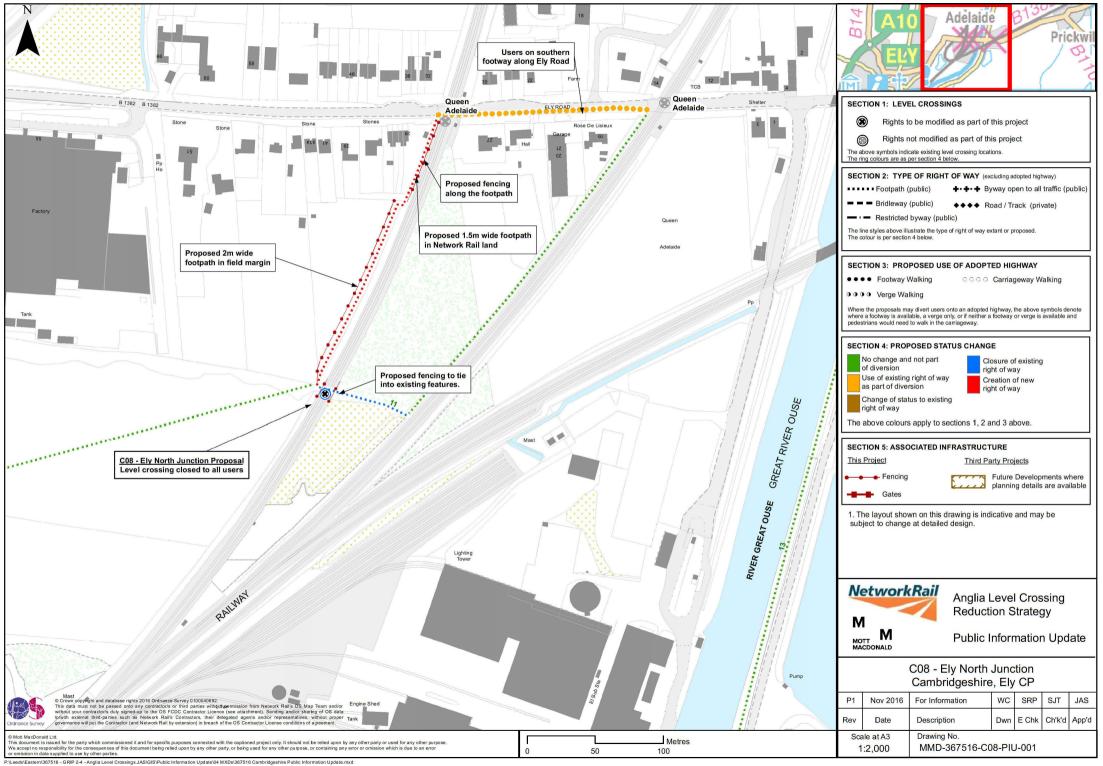
Public consultation was held in September 2016 on the preferred option (at the time) for this level crossing. 6 questionnaire responses were received. Key themes included:

- The footpath is a key link from the settlement of Ely to the wider countryside
- The diversion includes too much road (footway) walking
- The right of way to the east of the railway should be retained to allow access to the woodland area



Our revised proposals are to close Ely North Junction level crossing to all users. Crossing infrastructure would be removed and fencing installed to prevent trespass onto the railway. Rather than diverting footpath 11 along the industrial unit access road to Ely Road, as previously proposed, footpath 11 would be retained up to the level crossing. Users would be diverted, to western Queen Adelaide level crossing to the north, along a new 2m wide footpath adjacent to the railway. The new footpath would be in Network Rail land past the residential dwelling and field margins in private land to the south. The proposal would significantly reduce walking adjacent to the main road. New fencing would be provided between the new footpath and railway and also between the footpath and the field (currently used as a paddock). The existing footpath which runs south along the railway from the eastern Queen Adelaide crossing would be retained, with a short section leading up to C08 being extinguished. An overview of the revised proposals is shown on the drawing overleaf.





Update on Anglia Level Crossing Proposals



Thank you

We appreciate you taking the time to read this information and we hope it has been useful to you.

The information in this pack is also available on the project website: www.networkrail.co.uk/anglialevelcrossings

If you have any queries about the scheme in general, please contact the Network Rail helpline (03457 11 41 41 or on the project website). If you wish to comment on the proposals, please use the project email address: anglialevelcrossings@networkrail.co.uk. Alternatively, please write to Network Rail free of charge by putting FREEPOST ANGLIA LEVEL CROSSING PROPOSALS on an envelope and including your comments inside.

Next steps

- Further assessment work and preparation of a draft Transport and Works Act Order for submission in March 2017
- Formal objection / representation period
- Formal public scrutiny, the form of which will be decided by the Secretary of State for Transport



D. Project team response

C01 - Chittering

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
1	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Enhancement	Consider suggested footpath link between level crossings on the west side of the railway.	Connection between C01 Chittering and C33 Jack O'Tell included on west side of railway in Round 2 proposals. Wider connections make use of existing footpaths and tracks to make connections rather than provide new rights over landowner fields.	
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Diversion route too long / unpleasant	Diversion too long, and unpleasant to walk alongside the railway.	Consideration of this taken and discounted on the grounds that a watercourse separates the proposed footpath and the railway, and the existing Footpath 18 currently runs parallel to the railway on the east side of the railway. No design action taken.	
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Consider development proposals	Increase in population at Waterbeach must be considered	Consideration has been given to potential new third party developments which are at an appropriate planning stage. Affected landowners and developers have been consulted. The final proposal does not prejudice the proposed development or vice versa.	
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club) Local access, user, or interest group (Ramblers South East Cambs.)	Upgrade level crossing facilities	Replacing stiles with gates, providing good safety boarding with anti-slip surfaces between the rails Show timetable information at existing crossing.	The final proposal has no stiles proposed. No improvement to surfacing between the rails is proposed at C33 Jack O'Tell footpath level crossing. The main remit of this Project is closure of level crossings with diversions where acceptable diversion routes can be provided. Timetable information cannot be shown due to potential changes in scheduled timetable.	

C01 - C	I - Chittering					
Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response		
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Ramblers South East Cambs.)	Replacing one level crossing with another	Proposal takes walkers to another level crossing which makes the issue of increasing safety questionable	All level crossings pose a risk, irrespective of the number of incidents that may have occurred. A rationalisation of level crossings at this stage will help facilitate improvements or future proposals to provide an at grade crossing (e.g. a footbridge).		

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Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
1	Landowner	Retain level crossing/level crossing is safe. Business impact	Landowner position clear that they would not close any existing crossing which are all used daily, unless we could have one Automated system as a replacement. Frequent accessibility to multiple areas of the farm and the soil type has meant they can grow a substantial range of crops, including time critical salads. The farm has multiple contracts with major supermarkets as a result of this conditions, accessibility and the infrastructure that has evolved as a result of it.	Property cost estimates have been prepared for affected level crossings on the scheme. Discussions are ongoing with affected businesses and this considers any time-critical contracts which may be put at risk by the additional time taken to get crops from field to freezer.	
2	Landowner	Retain level crossing/level crossing is safe. Business impact	Further correspondence and information received from the landowner confirming the same position as set out at R1.	Property cost estimates have been prepared for affected level crossings on the scheme. Discussions are ongoing with affected businesses and this considers any time-critical contracts which may be put at risk by the additional time taken to get crops from field to freezer.	
2	Local access, user, or interest group (NFU)	Business impact	High value salad and vegetable crops are grown in this area. These require intense field management operations, including irrigation. Harvesting is time sensitive from a crop quality perspective and also to fulfil market delivery requirements too. The business impact of the proposals will be dramatic and proposals need to be reconsidered with the principal landowner to ensure the crossing remains open and is safe for users.	Property cost estimates have been prepared for affected level crossings on the scheme. Discussions are ongoing with affected businesses and this considers any time-critical contracts which may be put at risk by the additional time taken to get crops from field to freezer.	

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Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
4	Landowner	Retain level crossing/level crossing is safe. Business impact	Landowner is a large farming enterprise affected by the closure of 4 level crossings and oppose the proposals. High value salad and vegetable crops are grown on the farm requiring intensive management and irrigation. Potentially significant business impact due to increased journey times and impact upon the way in which the land is farmed.	Property cost estimates have been prepared for affected level crossings on the scheme. Discussions are ongoing with affected businesses and this considers any time-critical contracts which may be put at risk by the additional time taken to get crops from field to freezer. Diversion routes through the extensive farming operation have been considered.

C03 - West River Bridge

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
1	Landowner	Support	Landowner indicated that providing access is maintained, they have no significant issues.	Noted.
1	Landowner	Comment	Proposals must not in any way de-value their land and cause their tenants unreasonable disruption	Noted and not considered to do either
2	Member of the public	Enhancement	Ensure new route is properly constructed with a suitable surface to protect against flooding	A stone surfacing has been proposed and discussions with the Environment Agency and the Local Authority are ongoing.
				It is acknowledged that the route may be subject to flooding events. The proposed surfaced footpath would be suitable and resistant to flood events.
2	Landowner	Support	Landowner indicated that providing access is maintained, they have no significant issues.	Noted.
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Enhancement	Suggested enhancements: -Needs gate and fencing -Need flooding details - need details to make decision -Need to agree surface materials - should be designed so that not washed away during flood periods	Fencing to the existing level crossing would be provided. NR would retain access to the railway via the existing gate which would be locked. Discussions with the Environment Agency are ongoing in relation to flood risk. Careful consideration would be taken to ensure the
			-Potential for flooding risk -Warning mechanisms for walkers in times of flood - how is the risk managedPotential for small wall and surfaced path to raise path subject to headroom and EA approval	surfacing along the proposed footpath is suitable and would be resistant to flood damage. Signage could be provided at detailed design to advise users about water levels

C03 - West River Bridge

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
				A retaining wall option was discounted due to the reduction in conveyance of water flow under West River Bridge.

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
1	Landowner	Safety concerns	Landowner considered the extinguishment to the east of the level crossing a real benefit, however the creation of the public right of way along the existing road track he felt was inappropriate. The road track is not really fit for purpose and is used extensively by heavy agricultural machinery leading to a range of buildings close to the crossing with potential conflicts near the access.	The feedback was considered and the diversion route changed to a field margin route along the western edge of the field.
1	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Alternative route / status	Consider the Bury Lane byway connection and the farm shop. Bridge width needs to be considered & RSA carried out. Census to be undertaken at level crossing to ascertain usage and further footway usage survey to be undertaken on Station Road to determine current usage. Cambridgeshire County Council recommended liaising with Cambridgeshire Alliance who cover mobility issues regarding the proposal.	A route through the woods connecting to FP10 was considered, but deemed to have potential ecological impacts. Route to northern perimeter of field / woods to Station Road and partial extinguishment of FP10 adopted for Round 2 proposals. Comments from RSA adopted for modifying proposals on Station Road and south of the railway.
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Diversion route too long / unpleasant	Proposed diversion route is considered to be inconvenient, involving an additional 480m walking route. Much of the diverted route runs along a road or behind industrial buildings, replacing a pleasant, open cross-field track.	The final proposal has the proposed diversion located in field margins partially on the south side of the railway to the west of Station Road. The length of the diversion was considered further and it was not possible to identify a shorter route without providing
				a solution which would be outside the scope of NR's current phase of works
2	Member of the public	Enhancement	Install footpath along Station Road and provide good quality fencing	Consideration of this was taken forward and the final proposal has the proposed diversion located in field

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Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
				margins partially on the south side of the railway to reduce road side walking.
2	Members of the public	Safety concerns	Safety concerns about the diversion route over humpback railway bridge and / or along the road.	An existing raised footway is available on the west side of Station Road giving safe access over the railway.
	Strategic			The length of walking along Station Road has been reduced in the final proposal.
	stakeholder (County			An Automatic Traffic Count was recorded on Station Road to help interim design options.
	Councillor for Meldreth, and chair of the Meldreth, Shepreth and Foxton Rail User Group)			Selected diversions have been assessed by a Road Safety Audit and appropriate mitigation measures considered. Discussions have been held with the local Highway Authority regarding all diversion routes
	Local access, user, or interest group Meldreth Parish Paths Partnership)			
2	Member of the public	Diversion route too long / unpleasant	Incline of the bridge will pose physical difficulty for some pedestrians and children.	The footway is an existing feature and no design change is proposed within the scope of works in this project.

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
2	Member of the public	Enhancement	Additional footpath in the field margins to the west of Station Road as this would obviate the need to cross the road from the pavement to Bury Lane at the blind corner and make the route a little more rural.	Consideration of this was taken forward and the design freeze option has the proposed diversion located partially in field margins on the south side of the railway to the west of Station Road.
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Diversion route too long / unpleasant	Issue of footway width on Station Road - not enough space to pass. This is a large residential growth area and therefore the use of the footpath	The design freeze option has the proposed diversion located partially in field margins on the south side of the railway to the west of Station Road.
	County Council)	Consider development proposals	and crossing will grow. The provision of new footpath in field boundaries adjacent to Station Road is welcomed but it is not adequate mitigation.	The proposed development site is not affected. Increases in local population may increase risk at level crossings through greater use.
		Provision of bridge / underpass	A bridge should be provided	Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpass across the railway is not part of the current Phase of works and would fall into a later NR funding period if deemed appropriate.
3	Landowner	Business impact	New routes on land could cause contamination of their turkey business. Proposal would be more	Providing a route away from the poultry building could result in the footpath being located closer to the railway which
		Support subject to conditions	·	may reduce the amenity value of footpath 10 and increase diversion length.
		Diversion route too long / unpleasant	bridge thus avoiding interaction with the poultry buildings and heavy goods vehicle private access track.	

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
4	Landowner	Retain the level crossing	Crossing used by the landowner to access areas of his property. Potential Bio security issue with new footpath route given proximity to poultry unit. Health and safety as new footpath could bring pedestrian into contact with agricultural traffic and traffic generated by the business units.	Providing a route away from the poultry building could result in the footpath being located closer to the railway which may reduce the amenity value of footpath 10 and increase diversion length. Security issues could be mitigated by the provision of a secure boundary treatment.

C07 - No. 37

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire Strategic stakeholder (District Councillor for Harston and Hauxton)	Safety concerns Enhancement	There is no footpath along this section of London Road except for the segment on the bridge. For the diversion to offer improved safety to my residents there needs to be a surfaced footpath on one side of London Road. This could be a "cheap" sort like the path further on eastwards towards Newton. It does not need to be a standard pavement. A pavement for pedestrians and cyclists to pass over the bridge which would be most beneficial. If the route is to be used then a proper footpath with crossing points would have to be built. The new footpath is a good idea, however the dotted red route requires improvement if to be used by pedestrians etc	The round 1 and round 2 diversion routes utilised walking on the existing verges. After further consultation feedback and a road safety audit, new footways ('Hoggin' type) and field margin footpaths are now proposed.	
1	Landowner	Support	No major issues with what was being proposed.	Noted	
1	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Enhancement	Consider upgrading the public footpath to a bridleway.	The level crossing is currently a footpath crossing and does not form part of a bridleway public right of way. Cambridgeshire County Council desired upgrade of public rights of way unlikely to be justified under TWAO process.	
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Retain the level crossing / level	Not enough evidence presented to show that the level crossing isn't safe.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other	

C07 - No. 37

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
		crossing is safe		benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy
2	Members of the public Strategic stakeholder (Harston Parish Council) Strategic stakeholder (Heidi Allen MP Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Safety concerns Enhancement	The existing grass verge in this area is narrow and uneven with hidden drainage channels. These present a trip hazard. The road leading up to the 'humpback' bridge is up an incline on both sides with poor visibility. Also traffic along this road, unfortunately, frequently travels at speed	The final proposal reduces the length of verge walking on London Road significantly by proposing in field margin routes and stepped access over the railway. Selected diversions have been assessed by a Road Safety Audit and appropriate mitigation measures considered. Discussions have been held with the local Highway Authority regarding all diversion routes. The suggested crossing point over London Road is at the crown of the bridge to ensure maximum visibility of traffic flow in either direction.
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Diversion route too long / unpleasant	Extra 350m increase in walking route length	The proposed diversion route improves connectivity to the byway open to all traffic (BOAT) 3 to the east of London Road. The length of the diversion was considered further and it was not possible to identify a shorter route without providing a solution which would be outside the scope of NR's current phase of works

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Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
2	Strategic stakeholder (Heidi Allen MP	Enhancement	A new, wide footpath along the Harston side of the road would be preferable if this proposal is passed; however, this still results in the loss of a bridleway which in turn has a negative effect on sustainable and healthy options for local residents, therefore I am not able to support the proposed closure of this crossing.	This level crossing is currently a footpath level crossing and no loss of bridleway has been proposed for this level crossing closure.
2	Members of the public Local access,	Enhancement	Footway should be provided between Shelford Road (and the end of the Newton path) and the proposed new path.	Consideration of this taken and the design freeze option reduces the length of footway walking on London Road significantly by proposing in field margin routes and stepped access over the railway.
	user, or interest group (Ramblers South East Cambs)			A continuation of the existing path on London Road near Shelford Road is proposed where available adopted highway width is available.
2	Strategic stakeholder (Clerk to Hauxton Parish Council)	Alternative route / status	Follow the proposal of the Cambridgeshire County Council by-ways officer, Peter Gaskin, and make the whole route a bridleway from the stables near to High street right through to Donkey Lane, Hauxton.	The level crossing is currently a footpath crossing and does not form part of a bridleway public right of way. Cambridgeshire County Council desired upgrade of public rights of way unlikely to be justified under TWAO process.
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Support subject to conditions	In order for the proposal to be acceptable Cambridgeshire County County require: - A link for Shelford Road with Byway 3 with a combination of verge and field margins paths. Ideally this should be multiuser / bridleway although the constraint of a narrowing verge and steps at the railway bridge was accepted.	Consideration of this taken and the design freeze option reduces the length of footway walking on London Road significantly by proposing in field margin routes and stepped access over the railway. The level crossing is currently a footpath crossing and does not form part of a bridleway public right of way.

C07 - No. 37

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
			- The proposed link between Byway 3 and the new footpath (to the east of Station Road) should run behind the hedge in field margins adjacent to Station Road and be a bridleway Cambridgeshire County County believe that the new public right of way to the west of Station Road should be a bridleway and not a footpath.	Cambridgeshire County Council desired upgrade of public rights of way unlikely to be justified under TWAO process.
4	Landowner	Alternative route	Landowner opposes the preferred route but no alternatives provided.	The scheme has been developed in consultation with local stakeholders.

C08 - Ely North Junction

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
1	Landowner	Comment	The proposals must not in any way de-value their land and cause their tenants unreasonable disruption	The proposals are not expected to do either	
1	Landowner	Objection	Representing the industrial estate. The current diversion would be located on the main haulage route for the companies deliveries, with potential for ped / vehicle conflicts.	The route via the industrial estate access road was removed from the final scheme proposals.	
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire (stakeholder category unknown)	Alternative route / status	The proposed route from Pitts level crossing could sensibly go (left) around the field which is often waterlogged.	Discussions with the factory operator confirmed that the current vehicle operations would conflict with proposed pedestrian movements. Options of fencing were considered and discussed. However, this is likely to limit vehicle movements along the lane into the site. Public suggestion of field edge routing considered, but consultation / site visits suggest people already meander through the field away from the existing public right of way route. No identified benefit to change this section of public right of way - existing alignment south of factory buildings to	
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire	Diversion route too long /	The proposed route is longer and less attractive - residents need improved access to	be maintained for Round 2. The length of the diversion was considered further and it was not possible to identify a shorter route without providing	
	County Council) Member of the public	unpleasant	green space.	a solution which would be outside the scope of NR's current phase of works	
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Retain the level crossing / level crossing is safe	There is not enough evidence presented to show that the level crossing isn't safe.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy.	

C08 - Ely North Junction

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Enhancement	Proposed footpath should have a minimum width of 2m, be fenced on one side only and be regularly maintained to prevent encroaching vegetation. Request that the proposed stile at the field corner is replaced with a mobility standard gate.	The proposed footpath would be 2m wide for most the diversion route. However, this was reduced to 1.5m locally near Queen Adelaide level crossing (west) on the Round 3 December Public Information Update design. The footpath would be fenced on both sides to prevent trespass to the railway for the short length of footpath located on Network Rail land. The maintenance liability of the proposed footpath would be with Cambridgeshire County Council. No stiles have been proposed as part of this project and a gate could be provided. Details of this would be captured during detailed design.
2	Member of the public	Upgrade level crossing facilities	Replace stiles with gates, provide good safety boarding with anti-slip surfaces between the rails and show timetable information.	No stiles have been proposed as part of this project and a gate could be provided. Details of this would be captured during detailed design. The main remit of this Project is closure of level crossings with diversions where acceptable diversion routes can be provided.
2	Member of the public	Enhancement	Requires a proper swing-gate at the field boundary, rather than a stile so that less agile people and dogs can get through more easily.	No stiles have been proposed as part of this project and a gate would be provided. Details of this would be captured during detailed design.
2	Member of the public	Safety concerns	Road walking isn't as safe the current level crossing	Selected diversions have been assessed by a Road Safety Audit and appropriate mitigation measures considered. Discussions have been held with the local Highway Authority regarding all diversion routes

C08 - Ely North Junction

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Loss of public right of way / Severance of popular route or amenity	Objections raised due to the footpath being a 'gateway to local countryside', loss of amenity, walking alongside roads, and no safety case. The area is one of residential growth and the path is needed to encourage people into the countryside.	Section of Footpath 11 to the east of the railway to remain on the final proposal.
3	Members of the public	Environmental impact	Green, or black-painted fencing (as alongside the line at Willow Walk rail access point, Ely) is more acceptable, especially at the 1.5m wide footpath section - which may actually be too narrow to be pleasant and require widening somewhat. No fence should be above 1.5m in height.	The proposed footpath would be 2m wide for most the diversion route. However, this is reduced to 1.5m locally near Queen Adelaide level crossing (west) on the single option design. The footpath would be fenced on both sides to prevent trespass to the railway for the short length of footpath located on Network Rail land. Fencing detail could be reconsidered at detailed design to improve the amenity of the route.
3	Members of the public	Accessibility of proposal	The proposed route is longer and less attractive - residents need improved access to green space. Loss of connectivity to Nature Reserve	No design action taken to mitigate this; the design has previously been altered to shorten the diversion.
3	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Enhancement	Route is an improvement but raised concerns about accessibility and maintenance issues. Cambridgeshire County Council seek further clarification about the 1.5m footpath width shown alongside the railway.	Design team demonstrated to Cambridgeshire County Council the length of localised reduction in footpath length. The design team considered public consultation feedback to determine a suitable location to end footpath 11 to the east of the railway.
4	Landowner	Alternative Route	Preference would be for alignment of route to the east into Network Rail land.	The use of NR land has been investigated but engineering constraints make this alternative unfeasible.

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response		
1	Landowners x2	Support	Landowners did not have any particular concerns over the closures and saw the benefit of the extinguishment of the rights of way.	Noted (due to other consultation responses the final proposals changed – see landowner response at Round 4)		
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Alternative route / status	Provide new right of way connecting Clayway crossing with Second Drove crossing. Cumulative impacts on circular walks (C09, C24, C23) These crossings currently afford the option for enjoyable and attractive short circular walks, would possibly consider the closure of C23 as long as a new public footpath is provided parallel with the railway line within the field to link C23 and C24, thus maintaining the circular aspect. Might accept the closure of C23 and C24 as long as both the proposed new FP between C24 and the underpass (including the underpass) and the suggested new public footpath link between C23 and C24 are provided	Connection between C09 Second Drove and Clayway incorporated into Round 2 proposals. C23 now to remain open so circular walk from Clayway, to C23 Adelaide via C09 and up to underbridge at Brick Hill back down to Clayway maintains circular walking route.		
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Provision of bridge / underpass	Provide an underpass or bridge. Cumulative impacts on circular walks (C09, C24, C23)	Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpass across the railway is not part of the current Phase of works and would fall into a later NR funding period if deemed appropriate		
2	Strategic stakeholder (Ely Parish Council)	Alternative route / status	If possible, all public rights of way that are being proposed to have sections re-routed, could be re- graded as Bridleways or Restricted Byways, not just the re-routed	The level crossing is currently a footpath level crossing and the status of the proposed diversion route reflects this.		

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
			section but the whole of the affected Right of Way, thus connecting and giving valued passage.	
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Enhancement	To mitigate closures, a new footpath could be provided to link footpaths 49 and 50, along the west side of the railway, to create a new circular route. Any new right of way should be at least 2m wide, with fencing on one side only, so as to allow easy access for future maintenance.	This feedback was considered and a link provided between footpaths 49 and 50 was proposed for the Round 3 December Public Information Update.
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Ramblers South East Cambs)	Diversion route too long / unpleasant	A diversion involving an additional 1.8km is far too long for most walkers.	The length of the diversion was considered further and it was not possible to identify a shorter route without providing a solution which would be outside the scope of NR's current phase of works
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Ramblers South East Cambs)	Consider development proposals	Future housing development at Ely North and will cause a demand for country walks close by.	The proposed development site is not affected. Increases in local population may increase risk at level crossings through greater use.
2	Member of the public	Enhancement	Support if proposed new footpaths to the underpass to the north (shown red on drawing) and a new footpath (shown purple on the drawing) leading south to meet with footpath 49 are created.	This feedback was considered and a link provided between footpaths 49 and 50 was proposed for the Round 3 December Public Information Update.
2	Member of the public	Loss of public right of way / Severance of	Proposal renders many other footpaths as useless	The length of proposed public right of way in this area is greater than the public right of way extinguished.

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response				
		popular route or amenity						
2	Member of the public	Safety concerns	Walking along the side of the railway (in the proposed diverted path route) is unsafe for dog owners. Wire mesh fencing would be required.	Fencing would be provided for a length on the west side of the railway to mitigate this hazard and prevent trespass to the railway. New circular walks are created				
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Support subject to conditions Loss of public right of way / Severance of popular route or amenity	Cambridgeshire County Council supported the suggestions raised by the Ramblers and several other members of the public that a new footpath link between footpaths 50 and 49 to the west of the railway would, in conjunction with the new footpath at Second Drove reprovide for short circular walks in the area. Cambridgeshire County Council reiterated the need for improvements at Clayway crossing (C25)	This feedback was considered and a link provided between footpaths 49 and 50 was proposed for the Round 3 December Public Information Update.				
3	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Support subject to conditions	Cambridgeshire County Council suggested the route shown was a better option for Ramblers due to the creation of an open space for society. Cambridgeshire County Council objection would be removed provided the routes shown are delivered in full and agreement on maintenance achieved.	Commuted sums have been estimated and discussed with Cambridgeshire County Council for increased maintenance liability. Consultation with the Environment Agency and Cambridgeshire County Council is ongoing to ensure the proposed footpaths are located at suitable levels to have nil impact on the likelihood of flooding.				

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
			Cambridgeshire County Council requested feedback on potential flooding issues to the underpass north of C24 Cross Keys level crossing. Cambridgeshire County Council suggested the footpath levels to the east of the railway should be at the same or higher level to the footpath adjacent to the River Great Ouse.	
4	Landowner	Alternative Route	Landowner did not agree with the preferred route as the new route to the east of NR land will result in loss of usable land. Preference for existing track to be used for alternative; potentially avoids need for footbridge. Little traffic on right of way to west of NR land. Concerns of private property damage given increased interaction of public with land.	The proposed new footpath provides a link to the existing network and the Adelaide level crossing and river front.
4	Landowner	Security Concerns	Concerns over public access to land.	The scheme has been developed in consultation with local stakeholders and has the support of the County Council and Ramblers.

C10 - Coffue Drove

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
1	Landowner	Support	Landowner confirmed that he had no particular issue with this. Also acknowledged that local equestrian users use the underpass rather than using the level crossing so this would just be a formulation of existing customs. Comment that actually the downgrading of the byway open to all traffic would have great benefit to him and other land owners in the area	Noted	
1	Landowner	Comment	The proposals must not in any way de-value their land and cause their tenants unreasonable disruption	The proposals are not expected to do either	
1	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Enhancement	Cambridgeshire County Council requested mounting blocks for horses which was accepted by NR. MM to consider restrictions for 4 wheeled motorised users but retain 2 wheeled motorised users through the underpass.	Proposal for Round 2 changed to restricted byway for 'small' vehicles, with large vehicles to be diverted via Beald Drove level crossing. Mounting blocks to be included in proposals	
			Bridleway would be a minimum; however they would prefer a restricted byway to maintain connectivity for extensive byway open to all traffic (BOAT) network in the area.		
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Provision of bridge / underpass	Provision of tunnel under railway reducing disruption to users and similar environmental impact	Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpass across the railway is not part of the current Phase of works and would fall into a later NR funding period if deemed appropriate	
2	Member of the public	Enhancement	The underpass is currently only 2.1m wide, so to widen may be expensive. The underpass will require height and width restriction signs.	No design action taken. This option was considered and discounted due to the alternative option available for larger vehicles via Beald Drove level crossing.	

C10 - Coffue Drove

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response		
		Safety concerns	Suggestion made that the diversion route is not suitable for large vehicles in winter.	Signage would be installed to inform users of the height and width restrictions.		
				Flooding of the underpass has been considered and would be mitigated by re-profiling the ground locally on approach to and departure from the underpass		
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire	Support subject to conditions	Diversion proposed now acceptable; MM are talking to Environment Agency about drainage; MM yet to speak to British Horse Society about warning signs. Will ensure include mounting block. Will need to include TRO to prohibit 4x4s.	Design team continued to consult with the Environment Agency, British Horse Society and Internal Drainage Board.		
	County Council)			Confirmation received from Cambridgeshire County Council that there is no restriction on byway open to all traffic (BOAT) 43 during winter.		
3	Local access, user, or interest group (British Horse Society)	Support subject to conditions	Bridge must be to a sufficient standard to be safe for equestrians. Add mounting blocks and a warning system for riders. Maintenance programme needs to be established to ensure the route remains available to equestrians.	New surfacing of the underpass would be proposed and this would be non-slip and suitable for equestrian users.		

C11 - Furlong Drove Stakeholder Feedback theme **Summary of feedback** Project team response Round category 1 Landowner Comment The proposals must not in any way de-value The proposals are not expected to do either. their land and cause their tenants unreasonable disruption FP8 and FP33 changed to bridleway in Round 2 1 Round 1 Enhancement Red route is OK, but a suggestion was made that it should be a bridleway. Questionnaire proposals. Off highway footpath connection between FP22 and BOAT34 provided. Suggestion that a permissive byway should be provided with vehicular rights for 2 Strategic stakeholder BOAT connections to west of railway unaffected, use of wheelers on land adjacent either side of the (Cambridgeshire highway at other locations. RSAs did not highlight any embankment to the next nearest level County Council) crossing. issues requiring addressing, so provision of BOATs not incorporated as road use not identified as an issue in RSA. Permissive byways not considered to be required, bridleway routes provided north of the crossing, highway access elsewhere. Provision of bridge Provision of tunnel under railway reducing Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpass across Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire disruption to users and similar the railway is not part of the current Phase of works and / underpass environmental impact would fall into a later NR funding period if deemed appropriate 2 The length of the diversion was considered further and it Diversion route too Proposed diversions are considered Local access, user. inconvenient for pedestrians, at 700m more or interest group long / unpleasant was not possible to identify a shorter route without than the existing route and with a significant (Cambridge providing a solution which would be outside the scope of Rambling Club) increase in the distance walked on public NR's current phase of works.

roads

C11 – F	C11 – Furlong Drove					
Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response		
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Replacing one level crossing with another	The diversion to the Third Drove level crossing merely replaces one crossing with another. The proposal argues that there is a danger of misuse, but no incidents at all have been recorded in the period 2011 to 2015.	All level crossings pose a risk, irrespective of the number of incidents that may have occurred. A rationalisation of level crossings at this stage will help facilitate improvements or future proposals to provide an at grade crossing (e.g. a footbridge).		
2	Member of the public	Retain the level crossing / level crossing is safe	There is not enough evidence presented to show that the level crossing isn't safe.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy.		
2	Member of the public	Alternative route / status	Restricted byway would be better than a bridleway.	Upgrade of footpath 8 to a bridleway was agreed with CCC as a preferable minimum.		
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Alternative route / status	Preference would be to formalise existing position and downgrade byway open to all traffic (BOAT) level crossing to a bridleway.	This was considered by the design team and keeping the BOAT was deemed suitable to maintain field access and access to properties. Downgrading may have resulted in private track for		
				access which would impose third party maintenance liability.		
3	Local access, user, or interest group (British Horse Society)	Enhancement	Provide a link to the southern section. Ideally a link across to Furlong Drove would make the route a loop rather than a 'there and back' section which is not a good idea for horses; they often get excited if they have to stop and turn for home.	A continuous loop is provided to the north of the railway for equestrians. The route to the south is predominantly for field and property access only.		

C11 – F	C11 – Furlong Drove				
Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)				
3	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Loss of public right of way / Severance of popular route or amenity	For equestrian users, the closure would remove this rare opportunity for equestrians to canter for over 1km either side of the crossing, which they could not do on the road.	A continuous loop is provided to the north of the railway for equestrians. The route to the south is predominantly for field and property access only. The opportunity for a long canter either side of the crossing would still be available.	
3	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Loss of public right of way / Severance of popular route or amenity	Loss to the public right of way network which is valuable in the wellbeing of local residents. Cambridgeshire County Council would prefer to retain whole route as a bridleway south of the houses on northern section, to maintain connectivity for users to extensive byway open to all traffic (BOAT) network in the area in the interest of the current and long term leisure and public health benefits of local communities.	A new bridleway is proposed to the south of the railway and Footpath 8 would be upgraded to a bridleway in the final proposal.	
4	Landowner	Alternative Route	Preference for use of existing rights of way including Furlong Drove. Access to the dyke in the field boundary should be maintained. Health and safety concerns where the dyke adjacent the preferred route is used for irrigation.	The BOAT is maintained along Furlong Drove for access to fields. The preferred route follows an existing public footpath (proposed upgrade to a bridleway).	

C12 – Silt Drove

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
1	Landowner		The landowner has indicated that Green Street and Badgeney Road do get very congested and they struggle to get larger pieces of machinery (potato harvesting equipment drills to cultivate) and in particular the combine harvester along this route. He has suggested as part of this could potential refuge areas be created along this route at least allowing the flow of traffic and accessibility to the north to be easier.	Private vehicle rights to be provided for adjacent farm users.
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Alternative route / status	Network Rail could create an alternative route using land already in its possession. It would mean creating a new path, about 140 metres long; it should run close to the bottom of the railway embankment, on the South-Western side of the railway, to connect Silt Road crossing with the public park some way to the West. This route is used regularly by members of the local running club - pedestrian access would be appreciated.	Motorised users diverted at Round 2 with private and bridleway for public use maintained. Only change affects motorised users, no change in amenity for the public.
1	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Support subject to conditions	Support Blue Route as a restricted by-way as this gives the same rights to cyclists. Bridleway should be retained at a minimum, however the preference would be a Restricted Byway to maintain connectivity for extensive byway open to all traffic (BOAT) network in the area.	This has partly been taken into consideration for the Round 2 proposal. The level crossing would be a bridleway level crossing. However, motorised users would be diverted along adopted highway over the railway.

C12 – Silt Drove

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
2	Strategic stakeholder (Fenland District Council)	Enhancement	New locked vehicular gates and bridleway gates with mounting blocks should be provided. Suggestion that it might also be appropriate to provide a small green/red traffic signal similar to that at Middle Drove. Good signage and notices should also assist people's safe crossing of the railway.	The bridleway provision has been taken into consideration for the final proposal. All necessary level crossing associated infrastructure has been considered at this stage. Any change would be subject to NR review at detailed design.
2	Member of the public	Accessibility of proposal	The alternative route via Badgeney Road means that all the farm traffic needs to pass through a housing estate which is not desirable from safety grounds and sometimes prove impossible when cars are parked on both sides of the road.	Private user rights for certain agricultural users would be maintained.
2	Member of the public	Enhancement	The stile at the current crossing next to the gate on the Silt Drove side is in need of repair. If the gate cannot be opened to get a bike through there will need to be adequate access next to the crossing gate to make this possible. The stile on the Badgeney side of the crossing is also in need of attention.	A new bridleway gate will be provided as part of the scheme proposals.
2	Local access, user, or interest group (NFU)	Enhancement	The width of the crossing for private users must allow for agricultural machinery. Considerations should be made for private user registration and the business interruption and There are security concerns as a result of the creation of a dead end.	The final proposal retains the existing vehicular gates. Locks would be added to the gates and private rights granted. Turning heads are proposed either side of the level crossing to mitigate the dead end.

C12 - Silt Drove Round Stakeholder category Feedback theme Summary of feedback Project team response 2 Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire (Cambridgeshire County Council) Enhancement Suggestion made that turning heads are likely to be required. Turning heads are proposed either side of the level crossing to mitigate the dead end.

C13 – Middle Drove

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
1	Landowner x3	Objections	Concerns over long diversion route for agricultural vehicles. Road acts as informal 'one way loop' during harvest times. Several farmers with land interests to both sides of the railway.	Motorised users diverted at Round 2 with private and bridleway for public use maintained. Only change affects public motorised users – agricultural users would be allowed to use the crossing.	
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Support subject to conditions	Bridleway should be kept as a minimum; would be better to keep a restricted Byway to maintain connectivity for extensive byway network in the area.	Motorised users diverted at Round 2 with private and bridleway for public use maintained. Only change affects public motorised users. Mounting blocks requested by Cambridgeshire County Council incorporated into Round 2 drawing.	
2	Landowners	Landowner consultation	Landowners request key for level crossing	All private user worked crossing rights would be agreed between Network Rail and the affected landowner during detailed design	
2	Strategic stakeholder (Fenland District Council)	Enhancement	New locked vehicular gates and bridleway gates with mounting blocks should be be provided. Suggestion that it might also be appropriate to provide a small green/red traffic signal similar to that at Middle Drove. Good signage and notices should also assist people's safe crossing of the railway.	The bridleway provision has been taken into consideration for the final proposal. All necessary level crossing associated infrastructure has been considered at this stage. Any change would be subject to NR review at detailed design.	
2	Member of the public	Accessibility of proposal	Needs to be usable if road work on adjacent road to keep access	Traffic management would be agreed between the local authority and NR. Any mitigation measures would be communicated in the usual way such as single lane running over Whitemoor Drove level crossing.	
2	Local access, user, or interest group (NFU)	Enhancement	The width of the crossing for private users must allow for agricultural machinery.	The final proposal retains the existing vehicular gates. Locks would be added to the gates and private rights granted.	

Round Stakeholder category Feedback theme Summary of feedback Project team response Considerations should be made for private user registration and the business interruption and There are security concerns as a result of the creation of a dead end. There are security concerns as a result of the creation of a dead end.

C14 - Eastrea Cross Drove

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
1	Local access, user, or interest group (Sustrans)	Enhancement	The route should remain as it is, to avoid creating a "dead end" public path south of the railway. However, if the route were to be diverted as in the Red Option the preference would be that its new (western) section should be made suitable for cycling as well as walking, and if possible the surface of the eastern section also be improved for cycle use.	PRoW dead ends removed. New wooden footbridge to cross ditch / drainage channel north of C14 Eastrea level crossing provided to address Cambridgeshire County Council comment, with link to Wype Road further north to serve Eastrea maintained. New footpath connection between Wype Road and FP48.	
1	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Enhancement	Cambridgeshire County Council would like a more direct link from new path to the road. Cambridgeshire County Council: object as extinguishment with no mitigation. Consideration must be made as to mitigation for the south side or link in to Eastrea Cross Drove level crossing.	New wooden footbridge to cross ditch / drainage channel north of C14 Eastrea level crossing provided to address Cambridgeshire County Council comment, with link to Wype Road further north to serve Eastrea maintained. New footpath connection between Wype Road and FP48.	
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Alternative route / status	Provide a bridleway south of the railway boundary between Fen Lots Drove level crossing and C15 Brickyard Drove. At C15 also provide a southeasterly route to the field boundary of Jamwell Farm directly to Eastrea level crossing and a route that continues to the next field, to line up with the footpath leading to C14 Eastrea Drove.	New footpath connection between Wype Road and FP48 created (Jamwell Farm link) which enables users to cross the railway at Eastrea level crossing.	
			Alternatively, for the Fen Lots Drove level crossing, follow the field boundary on the plan between footpath 41 and Benwick Road and provide connections to Benwick Road and the existing footpath that heads towards C15 Brickyard Drove		

C14 - Eastrea Cross Drove

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response		
2	Strategic stakeholder (Fenland District Council)	Support subject to conditions	The footpath (and the bridge) should be operational prior to the level crossing and footpath closures.	Proposed diversion routes would be operational prior to formal closure of the level crossing.		
2	Member of the public	Enhancement	Handrails should be included on the new footbridge and the footpath properly surfaced.	Footpath details and bridge requirements have been agreed with CCC and their PRoW officer.		
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Support subject to conditions	Footpath (and bridge) should be operational prior to level crossing and footpath closures. The grass verge may not be suitable for walking on.	Footpath details and bridge requirements have been agreed with CCC and their PRoW officer.		
3	Landowners	Alternative route / status	Suggested a route to the east utilising the existing cycle route towards Cross Drove then linking back to Wype road, as this would limit land required from the 5 landowners affected by the current owners thus decreasing likely compensation.	Although cost is important to the Promoters Objectives, it is equally important to provide the preferred option, which provide a more direct diversion route.		
3	Landowner	Alternative route / status	Suggestion made that more of the footpath should be on Network Rail land. Proposed footpath could be located on the existing cycle route/byway thus avoiding agricultural land.	Across the scheme the design team has considered use of NR land where it has been deemed appropriate. Given the nature of the existing route an in-field diversion route was selected on the final proposal.		
3	Landowner	Alternative route / status	Landowner would not want the maintenance of the land and would require adequate fencing to ensure users did not trespass on his land. Therefore, their preferred route would be for the proposed pedestrian footpath to follow the existing cycle route onto Lake Drove therefore avoiding their property.	CCC would maintain PRoW which would be created by the scheme.		

C15 - Brickyard Drove

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response		
1	Local access, user, or interest group (Sustrans)	Enhancement	The route should remain as it is, to avoid creating a "dead end" public path south of the railway. However, if the route were to be diverted as in the Red Option the preference would be that its new (western) section should be made suitable for cycling as well as walking, and if possible the surface of the eastern section also be improved for cycle use.	New wooden footbridge to cross ditch / drainage channel north of C14 Eastrea level crossing provided to address Cambridgeshire County Council comment, with link to Wype Road further north to serve Eastrea maintained. New footpath connection between Wype Road and FP48.		
1	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Enhancement	Cambridgeshire County Council would like a more direct link from new path to the road. Cambridgeshire County Council: object as extinguishment with no mitigation. Consideration must be made as to mitigation for the south side or link in to Eastrea Cross Drove level crossing.	New wooden footbridge to cross ditch / drainage channel north of C14 Eastrea level crossing provided to address Cambridgeshire County Council comment, with link to Wype Road further north to serve Eastrea maintained. New footpath connection between Wype Road and FP48.		
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Alternative route / status	Provide a bridleway south of the railway boundary between Fen Lots Drove level crossing and C15 Brickyard Drove. At C15 also provide a south-easterly route to the field boundary of Jamwell Farm directly to Eastrea level crossing and a route that continues to the next field, to line up with the footpath leading to C14 Eastrea Drove.	New footpath connection between Wype Road and FP48 created (Jamwell Farm link) which enables users to cross the railway at Eastrea level crossing.		
			Alternatively for the Fen Lots Drove level crossing, follow the field boundary on the plan between footpath 41 and Benwick Road and provide connections to Benwick Road and the existing footpath that heads towards C15 Brickyard Drove			
2	Strategic stakeholder	Support subject to conditions	The footpath (and the bridge) should be operational prior to the level crossing and footpath closures.	Proposed diversion routes would be operational prior to formal closure of the level crossing.		

C15 - Brickyard Drove

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
	(Fenland District Council)			
2	Member of the public	Enhancement	Handrails should be included on the new footbridge and the footpath properly surfaced.	Footpath details and bridge requirements have been agreed with CCC and their PRoW officer.
4	Landowner	Retain the Level Crossing	There is not enough evidence to show that the level crossing isn't safe. Concerns over security and health and safety given proximity of proposed route to house and farm buildings. Concern over implications for agricultural enterprise.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy.
				Consultation has been undertaken with affected landowners to help determine the potential effects on businesses. Where appropriate changes have been made to the scheme proposals. Residual and genuine impacts on businesses will result in potential compensation claims.

C16 – Prickwillow 1

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response		
1	Landowner	Comment	The proposals must not in any way de-value their land and cause their tenants unreasonable disruption	The proposals are not expected to do either		
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Support subject to conditions	The proposed steps down the banks should be constructed to the satisfaction of Cambridgeshire County Council and they should be dedicated as public rights of way. The steps should be kept clear of vegetation in the long term and regular inspected and maintained.	Stepped access details and requirements have been agreed with CCC and their PRoW officer. Maintenance liability of the stepped access would be placed with CCC.		
2	Member of the public	Accessibility of proposal	Steep steps or sloped ramps are unacceptable, due to the difficulty of use for less-abled walkers and the ugly impact on a rural area, as well as the threat from farm tractor traffic on the road suggested.	The proposals are subject to an Equalities Impact Assessment and screening for Diversity Impact Assessments have been undertaken. Due to the existing topography and ground conditions of the existing embankments either side of the railway it was not feasible within this phase of work to provide ramped access. Selected diversions have been assessed by a Road Safety Audit and appropriate mitigation measures considered. Discussions have been held with the local Highway Authority regarding all diversion routes.		
2	Member of the public	Alternative route / status	Provision of an overbridge.	Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpass across the railway is not part of the current Phase of works and would fall into a later NR funding period if deemed appropriate		
2	Member of the public	Diversion route too long / unpleasant	Safety concerns about the use of the unlit tunnel.	The clearance height of the underpass is over 4m and the length is relatively short. There is good forward visibility through the bridge. Lighting was considered and discounted on the grounds that this would not fit in with the surroundings and could be expensive.		

C17 – Prickwillow 2

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
1	Landowner	Comment	The proposals must not in any way de-value their land and cause their tenants unreasonable disruption	The proposals are not expected to do either	
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Support subject to conditions	Proposed steps down the banks should be constructed to the satisfaction of Cambridgeshire County Council. They should be dedicated as public rights of way; Network Rail must ensure that the steps are kept clear of vegetation long term and are regularly inspected and maintained.	Stepped access details and requirements have been agreed with CCC and their PRoW officer. Maintenance liability of the stepped access would be placed with CCC.	
2	Strategic stakeholder (Ely Parish Council)	Retain the level crossing / level crossing is safe	There is not enough evidence presented to show that the level crossing isn't safe.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy.	
2	Member of the public	Accessibility of proposal	Steep steps or sloped ramps are unacceptable, due to the difficulty of use for less-abled walkers and ugly impact on a rural area, plus the threat from farm tractor traffic on the road suggested.	The proposals are subject to an Equalities Impact Assessment and screening for Diversity Impact Assessments have been undertaken. Due to the existing topography and ground conditions of the existing embankments either side of the railway it was not feasible within this phase of work to provide ramped access.	
				Selected diversions have been assessed by a Road Safety Audit and appropriate mitigation measures considered. Discussions have been held with the local Highway Authority regarding all diversion routes.	

C17 – Prickwillow 2

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
2	Member of the public	Provision of bridge / underpass	Provision of an overbridge. Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpas the railway is not part of the current Phase of would fall into a later NR funding period if deem appropriate		
2	Member of the public	Diversion route too long / unpleasant	Safety concerns about the use of the unlit tunnel.	The clearance height of the underpass is over 4m and the length is relatively short. There is good forward visibility through the bridge. Lighting was considered and discounted on the grounds that this would not fit in with the surroundings and could be expensive.	

Round	Round Stakeholder Feedback theme		Summary of feedback	Project team response	
1	Landowner	Business impact	Landowner did not agree with the preferred route which proposed to utilise landowner's farm road. The farm road leading down to the arable land is a single track, with steep ditches either side; there is therefore limited space for a footpath. During harvest, the road has an extremely high volume of machinery using the access road, which the landowner is not comfortable with from a health and safety point of view. The landowner would prefer if the crossing were closed completely with no diversion.	Two options being included as part of Round 2 consultation. Long path objected to by landowner retained, pending confirmation of alternative as achievable, this enables consultation on both.	
1	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council) Alternative route / status Consider bypass		Consider bypass	Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpass across the railway is not part of the current Phase of works and would fall into a later NR funding period if deemed appropriate.	
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Upgrade level crossing facilities	Replace the stiles with gates, providing good safety boarding with anti-slip surfaces between the rails and showing timetable information.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy.	

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Diversion route too long / unpleasant Safety concerns Replacing one level crossing with another Retain the level crossing / level crossing is safe.	Option A: The diversion is inconvenient; it is considerably longer than the existing route, at 800m more. The diverted path runs alongside the railway line before joining a busy road, which is unpleasant to walk beside. There is a dangerous crossing at a very busy roundabout. And the new route still crosses the railway at a level crossing. The railway is relatively lightly used and has excellent sightlines. Gates already exist at the level crossing.	Option A was discounted. Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy.

C18 - Munceys

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
		Diversion route too long / unpleasant Retain the level crossing / level crossing is safe	Network Rail to be 900m longer than the current route. This is very inconvenient and quite unacceptable in terms of the average length of walk which my Club offers. The new route to the east of the railway runs along the back of industrial premises and is not attractive; neither is the stretch routed alongside the railway line attractive. The existing route has been used without a problem for many years.		
2	Member of the public	Safety concerns	Proposed route Option A crossing A142 is extremely dangerous for pedestrians especially but might also be dangerous for drivers.	Option A was discounted.	
2	Member of the public	Enhancement	Suggestion made to just downgrade to pedestrian access, no need for a phone, just use existing pedestrian gate (upgrade if necessary) to avoid any regular maintenance.	The main remit of this Project is closure of level crossings with diversions where acceptable diversion routes can be provided.	
2	Member of the public	Alternative route / status Provision of bridge / underpass	Landwade Road road bridge is very narrow and hump-backed. Suggestion made that a pedestrian footbridge should be constructed on the Turner's side of the brick bridge	Selected diversions have been assessed by a Road Safety Audit and appropriate mitigation measures considered. Discussions have been held with the local Highway Authority regarding all diversion routes. Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpass across the railway is not part of the current Phase of works and would fall into a later NR funding period if deemed appropriate.	

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Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
2	Members of the public	Retain the level crossing / level crossing is safe	There is not enough evidence presented to show that the level crossing isn't safe.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy	
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Environmental Impact Safety Concerns Diversion route too long / unpleasant	C18B - route to west of railway looks OK, but the road walking includes a blind bend and a narrow bridge with 0.5m verge. Cambridgeshire County Council's view is that it is unlikely to be supported by road safety. The route past the industrial unit will be uninviting with large security fences. Lots of vegetation clearance would be required.	Selected diversions have been assessed by a Road Safety Audit and appropriate mitigation measures considered. Discussions have been held with the local Highway Authority regarding all diversion routes.	
3	Strategic stakeholder (Suffolk County Council)	Safety concerns	Landwade Road road bridge is very narrow and hump-backed.	Selected diversions have been assessed by a Road Safety Audit and appropriate mitigation measures considered. Discussions have been held with the local Highway Authority regarding all diversion routes.	
3	Landowner	Landowner Consultation	There's is a secure facility and any public path would need security fencing. The fire road must remain un-restricted which does not leave any space for a path.	Further details from the land owner requested by land agents and none was supplied. Consultation with the Fire services did not identify any restriction. The final proposal would make use of the edge of the industrial site for a PRoW.	

Round	Stakeholder category			Project team response
3	Strategic stakeholder (Exning Parish Council)	aspect(s) of proposal crossing the railway line at Fordham Road level crossing will be much safer for pedestrians; the land being flat in that area and the road straight, giving improved visibility to both road and pedestrian traffic.		Previous consultation and discussion with the local authority highlighted that option A was not preferred due to the long diversion route, loss of amenity and road safety concerns. Option B to the south maintains almost all of the existing PROW links and creates significant new lengths of footpath.
		Safety concerns	Object to option B on the grounds of public safety. The suggested route for pedestrians across the road bridge on Landwade Road near the Turners depot is unsafe; there being no footway or room to create one. Visibility is restricted across the railway bridge for road and pedestrian traffic and there are regular occurrences of vehicles leaving the road at the bend just before Wadebridge Farm and crashing.	There is no footway, but a narrow verge does exist for the 80m length which would allow pedestrians to step off the carriageway as vehicles approached.

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Round	ound Stakeholder category Feedback theme Summary of feedback		Summary of feedback	Project team response		
1	Landowner	Landowner Consultation	The footpath indicated to run through the landowner's land adjoining Mill Drove Farm has never been a right of way as the most direct way is to walk along the road and use the byway adjacent to the agricultural buildings. The right of way referred to through the property is recorded on the definitive PROW map and while r of the solution at Round 1 is now proposed to be r and form part of the diversion route.			
1	Local access, user, or interest group (Sustrans)	Alternative route / status	The level crossing is used by students at Soham Village College for their journeys to and from school from Wicken and other people from the village will choose this route, as the bridleway between Mill Drove and Wicken is improved by the parish councils of Wicken and Soham. Discussions with landowner confirmed existing route by pupils leading to change in alignment of link be school and Mill Drove. This was incorporated into proposals			
ı			It would be acceptable to provide a diversion via the Mill Drove road crossing providing a more direct route to the school between the Mill Drove crossing and the school could be found and providing the more direct route were suitable for cycle use.			
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Upgrade level crossing facilities	Replace stiles with gates, providing good safety boarding with anti-slip surfaces between the rails and showing timetable information	The main remit of this Project is closure of level crossings with diversions where acceptable diversion routes can be provided.		
				Timetable information cannot be shown due to potential changes in scheduled timetable.		
2	Member of the public Local access, user, or interest group	Retain the level crossing / level crossing is safe	There is not enough evidence presented to show that the level crossing isn't safe.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy.		

C20 - Leonards

Round	Stakeholder Feedback theme		Summary of feedback	Project team response		
	(Cambridge Rambling Club)					
2	Member of the public Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Diversion route too long / unpleasant	The proposed diversion adds 700m to the distance walked, and the new route is tortuous. The additional section along the droveway is unpleasant.	The length of the diversion was considered further and it was not possible to identify a shorter route without providing a solution which would be outside the scope of NR's current phase of works.		
2	Member of the public Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Replacing one crossing with another	Proposal takes walkers to another level crossing which makes the issue of increasing safety questionable	All level crossings pose a risk, irrespective of the number of incidents that may have occurred. A rationalisation of level crossings at this stage will help facilitate improvements or future proposals to provide an at grade crossing (e.g. a footbridge).		
2	Member of the public Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Consider development proposals	This path is likely to see increased use once new housing off Cherry Tree Lane is built. It provides a good link through to paths forming part of the wider Wicken/Soham path network.	The proposed development site is not affected. Increases in local population may increase risk at level crossings through greater use.		
2	Members of the public	Safety concerns	Concerns regarding road walking	The length of road walking has been reduced in the final proposal.		

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Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
				Selected diversions have been assessed by a Road Safety Audit and appropriate mitigation measures considered. Discussions have been held with the local Highway Authority regarding all diversion routes.
2	Member of the public	Provision of bridge / underpass	Footbridge should be provided	Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpass across the railway is not part of the current Phase of works and would fall into a later NR funding period if deemed appropriate.
2	Member of the public	Loss of public right of way / Severance of popular route or amenity	Footpath 101 gives good pedestrian access to Mill Drove and BW113. the start (or end) of the "Wicken Walks", a well-used and popular circular walk to Wicken and back, made even more enjoyable by visiting the Maids Head in Wicken on the way.	Network Rail recognises the importance of connectivity to facilities and the countryside. Significant efforts have been made to provide diversions routes that are acceptable in terms of length, amenity and connectivity.
2	Member of the public	Diversion route too long / unpleasant	Diversion route too long / unpleasant	The length of the diversion was considered further and it was not possible to identify a shorter route without providing a solution which would be outside the scope of NR's current phase of works.
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Alternative route / status Diversion route too long / unpleasant	Route past the industrial unit will be uninviting with large security fences Potential option to reinstate footpath 114 with diversion to rear and north of farm buildings.	MM confirmed there is a mistake in the R2 consultation plan - should show walked route straight across the field rather than as shown. This suggestion from CCC has been taken forward to the final proposal
3	Landowner	Objection	Landowner does not support new footpath through the middle of his field	Previous consultation responses have indicated that this route is already used by the public

C20 - Leonards

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
3	Strategic stakeholder (Soham Town Council)	Retain the level crossing / level crossing is safe	It is part of a well-used footpath and has a long sight line.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy.
3	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Alternative route / status	Cambridgeshire County Council stated East Cambridgeshire Ramblers object to the proposals. Cambridgeshire County Council suggested an amendment to the design to avoid dog-leg for those travelling from the north east to footpath 114. It was suggested that a bridge located where footpath 100 meets footpath 101 could be moved north approx. 100m (near existing sluice) and a new east west public right of way provided.	This was discounted on the grounds that it was confirmed by CCC that moving the bridge would be difficult and costly and this suggestion would be detrimental to users travelling from the south.
4	Landowner	Alternative Route	The landowner has aspirations to develop land preference for alternative route along field boundary. Landowners preference for alternative route using Mill Drove as opposed to new footpath around Mill Drove Farm.	As a result of stakeholder consultation the plans have evolved to reduce road walking on the diversion route. The diversion route makes good of a PROW that is currently unusable by diverting it around the farmstead.
4	Landowner	Alternative Route/Safety Concerns	Preferred route passes through fenced off pony paddock. Health and safety concerns around interaction of public and horses. Preference would be for alternative alignment avoiding paddock land or stop fence along the length of the new footpath.	The proposed diversion route utilises an existing farm track around the edge of the paddocks. This route is already in use informally by walkers.

C21 – Newmarket Bridge

Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response		
Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Enhancement	Suggested link to the proposed Ely bypass to serve diversion route during flood events.	The proposed development site is not affected. Increases in local population may increase risk at level crossings through greater use.		
Member of the public	Provision of bridge / underpass	Suggestion made to consider a footbridge across the river at this point, using the disused half of the rail bridge track-bed, or alongside this bridge, as dog walkers appear to favour a circular walk from Ely, along one river bank and then across the rail bridge, to return via the other bank.	Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpass across the railway is not part of the current Phase of works and would fall into a later NR funding period if deemed appropriate.		
Member of the public	Support subject to conditions	If the public footpath over the crossing is to be closed, the replacement must also be a public footpath and not a mere permissive path. To do otherwise would be to allow the footpath to be severed if the landowner ever decided to withdraw permission.	The final proposals included a PRoW footpath beneath the railway.		
Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Environmental impact	Council's position is dependent upon the outcome of the Environment Agency discussions relating to flood data. There is the potential issue of trespass onto the railway if the river floods. Query raised as to whether Network Rail would allow users to make use if their private user level crossing if the underpass is impassable due to flooding. Query raised as to whether the increase in footpath	Discussion with the Environment Agency have commenced and are ongoing. It is not envisaged that members of the public would use the private level crossing at times where the underpass is impassable due to flooding. Suitable signage would be provided to warn users during times where water levels result in the route being impassable.		
	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council) Member of the public Member of the public Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire Cambridgeshire)	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council) Member of the public Member of the public Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire Counditions Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire) Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council) Member of the public		

C22 – Wells Engine

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Enhancement	The proposed diversion is across a heavily vegetated, very wet area that is liable to flooding, especially in winter. The new path should be constructed in a manner and materials that enables it to be used at all times.	Footpath details and requirements have been agreed with CCC and their PRoW officer. Option retained for Round 2
2	Member of the public	Enhancement	Must ensure that new infrastructure fits in the surrounding aesthetic.	The proposed PRoW would be similar to the construction of the path to the cycle path near Newmarket Bridge level crossing.
2	Member of the public	Retain the level crossing / level crossing is safe	There is not enough evidence presented to show that the level crossing isn't safe.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy.
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Environmental impact	Council's position is dependent upon the outcome of the Environment Agency discussion on flood data. There is the potential issue of trespass onto the railway if the river floods. Query raised as to whether Network Rail would allow users to make use if their private user level crossing if the underpass is impassable due to flooding. Query raised as to whether the increase in footpath level been considered	Discussion with the Environment Agency have commenced and are ongoing. It is not envisaged that members of the public would use the private level crossing at times where the underpass is impassable due to flooding. Suitable signage would be provided to warn users during times where water levels result in the route being impassable.

C22 – Wells Engine

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
4	Local access, user or interest group (Sustrans Ltd)	Enhancement	Preferred route liable to flood and new path should be constructed in a manner that enables it to be used at all times.	Discussion with the Environment Agency have commenced and are ongoing. It is not envisaged that members of the public would use the private level crossing at times where the underpass is impassable due to flooding. Suitable signage would be provided to warn users during times where water levels result in the route being impassable.

C25 - Clayway

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Loss of public right of way / Severance of popular route or amenity Alternative route / status	Suggestion to reroute the footpath back down Sandhill	Site visits confirmed that Jetty rights for properties facing Great Ouse permits fencing off property widths to river, but with passing gates. Access through gates should still be permitted. New link between Clayway and Sandhill not required to facilitate existing routes. The Sandhill track between the crossing points and the river path can still be used.
1	Landowner	Support	Landowner owns a number of properties adjacent to the vehicle level crossing and would be happy to discuss a deal regarding land to improve pedestrian access	Discussions to held at the detailed design stage. Current plans do not require this third party land.
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Upgrade level crossing facilities	Comments on the provision of barriers and existing poor sightlines at other level crossings.	The main remit of this Project is closure of level crossings with diversions where acceptable diversion routes can be provided.
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club) Local access, user, or interest group (The Littleport Society)	Loss of public right of way / Severance of popular route or amenity	This is a pleasant off-road alternative to the Sandhills level crossing; the route is far preferable to roadside walking.	Network Rail recognises the importance of connectivity to facilities and the countryside. Significant efforts have been made to provide diversions routes that are acceptable in terms of length, amenity and connectivity.

C25 - Clayway

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
2	Member of the public	Upgrade level crossing facilities	Replacing stiles with gates, providing good safety boarding with anti-slip surfaces between the rails and showing timetable information	The main remit of this Project is closure of level crossings with diversions where acceptable diversion routes can be provided.
2	Member of the public	Safety concerns	Concerns regarding road walking	Selected diversions have been assessed by a Road Safety Audit and appropriate mitigation measures considered. Discussions have been held with the local Highway Authority regarding all diversion routes.
2	Member of the public	Retain the level crossing / level crossing is safe	There is not enough evidence presented to show that the level crossing isn't safe.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy.
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Loss of public right of way / Severance of popular route or amenity	The alternative route does not mitigate the loss of 'enjoyment' of an off-road route to the river.	Network Rail recognises the importance of connectivity to facilities and the countryside. Significant efforts have been made to provide diversions routes that are acceptable in terms of length, amenity and connectivity.

C26 & C27 - Poplar Drove & Willow Row / Willow Road

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
1	Landowner	Objection	Landowner would not accept both crossings to be closed, however, would consider one. At present Willow Road is OK to use with vehicles up to the size of a tractor and trailer, however, not suitable for a combine, like Poplar Drove. In light of this information he would prefer if Willow Row crossing was closed and Poplar Drove was to remain open	The final scheme proposal closes Willow Row and provides private user rights over Poplar Drove.
1	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Alternative route / status	Extinguishment with Willow Row / Willow Drove would result in the loss of one of the few safe off-road circular routes in area away from A10 for peds, equestrians and horse and carriage drivers. This would be against Cambridgeshire County Council's adopted Right of Way Improvement Plan policy. Therefore request maintain bridleway rights as a minimum; would prefer Restricted Byway to maintain connectivity for byway open to all traffic (BOAT) / unsurfaced county road (UCR) network.	The proposals were amended at Round 2 to provide bridleway access across Willow Row/Willow Road (although this was amended again at Round 3 to a full closure with public access retained at Poplar Drove).
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Provision of bridge / underpass Environmental impact	Provide a tunnel under the railway to reduce disruption to users and similar environmental impact	Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpass across the railway is not part of the current Phase of works and would fall into a later NR funding period if deemed appropriate. An Environmental Assessment and Appraisal Plan will be undertaken for each proposal.
2	Landowner	Business impact	Landowners request private rights over level crossing	All private user worked crossing rights would be agreed between Network Rail and the affected landowner during detailed design.
2	Members of the public	Loss of public right of way / Severance of	The alternative cycling route via Willow Row is used by farm vehicles and almost impossible to cycle	The comments were taken on board and at Round 3 Poplar Drove was retained as a restricted BOAT.

C26 & C27 - Poplar Drove & Willow Row / Willow Road

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
		popular route or amenity	over, whereas Poplar Drove is rough in places but has a metaled surface.	
2	Local access, user, or interest group (NFU)	Business impact	Private user registration process should be confirmed with landowners if diverted to C26. Also the business interruption and economic implications should be taken account of.	All private user worked crossing rights would be agreed between Network Rail and the affected landowner during detailed design. Consultation has been undertaken with affected landowners to help determine the potential effects on businesses. Where appropriate changes have been made to the scheme proposals. Residual and genuine impacts on businesses will result in potential compensation claims.
2	Local access, user, or interest group (NFU)	Safety concerns	Security concerns as a result of the creation of a dead end.	Turning heads are proposed either side of the level crossing to mitigate the dead end.
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Alternative route / status	There is no reason why Poplar Drove could not be retained for public use (with a restriction on 4 wheeled vehicles) and private user rights.	The Round 3 proposal incorporates this comment.
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Enhancement	Cambridgeshire County Council would require that if Willow Road is shut or downgraded that the byway open to all traffic (BOAT) status on the western approach is also extinguished or downgraded.	The Round 3 proposal incorporates this comment.
3	Local access, user, or interest group (British Horse Society)	Support subject to conditions	A new bridleway should be created on the eastern side of the railway track bank to link the two tracks to make this proposal acceptable.	The Round 3 proposal incorporates this comment.

C26 & C27 - Poplar Drove & Willow Row / Willow Road

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
		Enhancement		
3	Landowner	Business impact	Comments that the Round 2 proposal was preferable as this would only require a padlock, whereas the Round 3 update involves closing C27 which will have a huge affect on business both time and financially.	Consultation has been undertaken with affected landowners to help determine the potential effects on businesses. Where appropriate changes have been made to the scheme proposals. Residual and genuine impacts on businesses will result in potential compensation claims.
3	Landowner	Alternative route / status	The safest and most cost effective solution would be to allow the landowner private vehicle access, to allow them to run their business and move their produce back to the storage sheds, and reduce the drove to a bridleway.	Consultation has been undertaken with affected landowners to help determine the potential effects on businesses. Where appropriate changes have been made to the scheme proposals. Residual and genuine impacts on businesses will result in potential compensation claims.
3	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Enhancement	Concerns raised regarding byway open to all traffic (BOAT) 31 to the west of the railway. Due to the potential future vehicle movements it was suggested that surface improvements are required to reduce maintenance liability.	The final proposal incorporates this comment.

C28 - Black Horse Drove

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
1	Landowner	Business impact	Main concern is in regard to increased maintenance liability as a result of stopping up the western section of Black Horse Drove. He would not object if NR or CCC retained the maintenance liability.	The final proposals do not stop up Black Horse Drove west of the level crossing.
2	Landowner	Business impact	Proposals cause a risk to business revenue and customer satisfaction due to: Increased maintenance costs. Degradation of services to the business and home. Legal costs of ensuring access continues to the property now and in the future. Potential decrease in the value of the property.	Consultation has been undertaken with affected landowners to help determine the potential effects on businesses. Where appropriate changes have been made to the scheme proposals. Residual and genuine impacts on businesses will result in potential compensation claims.
2	Landowner	Retain the level crossing / level crossing is safe	There is not enough evidence presented to show that the level crossing isn't safe.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy.
2	Member of the public	Accessibility of proposal	To downgrade the black horse drove west of the crossing to a private track would mean that emergency services (including police, doctors, phone company and water and septic tank service who come to empty the waster regularly) could not access the properties.	Consultation with emergency services has been undertaken and no concern has been raised to date. All the listed users will still be able to use the crossing
3	Landowner	Retain the level crossing / level crossing is safe	There is not enough evidence presented to show that the level crossing isn't safe.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy.

C29 - Cassells

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
1	Landowner	Comments	Landowner has no objections to the proposals for this crossing.	Noted.
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Alternative route / status	Suggested that the footpath would be better serviced on the right of the main road situated in land currently utilised for allotment gardens. Comments that to the north east of the crossing there used to be a link to the existing footpath to the road facilitated by a set of steps. The north west section of footpath along the road edge would be extremely problematic the crossing is not really fit for pedestrian users and therefore would have to be significantly improved in his opinion. The alternative proposed must involve at least improvement to the road verge e.g. a gravel surface. A segregated way for pedestrians is essential.	Pedestrian route amended with new footway on the western side for Round 2 proposals.
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Support subject to conditions	Delivering an off road footway would be an improvement, as this would provide a link into Six Mile Bottom, however it is important to identify long-term maintenance responsibilities.	Commuted sums have been estimated and discussed with Cambridgeshire County Council for increased maintenance liability.
2	Member of the public	Retain the level crossing / level crossing is safe	There is not enough evidence presented to show that the level crossing isn't safe.	Network Rail have prepared a needs case for the closure of the level crossings. Safety criteria, while important, is only one of the Promoter's Objectives and there are other benefits the Promoter seeks to achieve with the level crossing reduction strategy.

C29 - Cassells

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
2	Member of the	Environmental Impact	The construction of a footway along Brinkley Road will likely require the removal of hedgerows.	An Environmental Assessment and Appraisal Plan will be undertaken for each proposal.
2	Member of the public	Replacing one level crossing with another	The proposal takes walkers to another level crossing which makes the issue of increasing safety questionable.	All level crossings pose a risk, irrespective of the number of incidents that may have occurred. A rationalisation of level crossings at this stage will help facilitate improvements or future proposals to provide an at grade crossing (e.g. a footbridge).
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Enhancement	The verge is narrow with a 600mm slope down from the field height and the width goes down 400mm through the level crossing. There are three pieces of street furniture, including a Telegraph pole, which will need to be moved.	This feedback has been considered and incorporated into the final proposal.

C30 - Westley Road

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response
1	Landowner	Support	The landowner had no objections providing they retained private user rights over the railway	The final proposal maintains crossing rights for registered users.
1	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Enhancement Environmental Impact	A request was made that this level crossing should be retained as a bridleway as a minimum, however the preference would be for the status to become a Restricted Byway to maintain connectivity for the extensive BOAT (Byways Open to All Traffic) and bridleway network in the area. If stopping up the highway, then a request made by be made for turning heads to be provided.	Crossing changed to Bridleway status with gates and mounting blocks provided at Round 2.
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Provision of bridge / underpass	Provision of tunnel under railway reducing disruption to users and similar environmental impact.	Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpass across the railway is not part of the current Phase of works and would fall into a later NR funding period if deemed appropriate.
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Upgrade level crossing facilities	Install electronic barriers at the crossing or maintain authorised access for the 3 houses closest to the railway; the road from the A1304 to the crossing is in very poor condition and is often impassable after heavy rain or indeed heavy snow fall; consider access for vehicles and lorries given narrow nature of roads,	Maintenance of the adopted highway is the responsibility of the local authority. Any concerns regarding this type of matter would need to be raised with CCC.
2	Member of the public	Enhancement	Concerns about the hazards from uneven surface at the crossing. Suggested that an improved surface should be provided.	The main remit of this Project is closure of level crossings with diversions where acceptable diversion routes can be provided.
2	Local access, user, or interest group (NFU)	Business impact Safety concerns	The width of the crossing for private users must allow for agricultural machinery.	The final proposal retains the existing vehicular gates. Locks would be added to the gates and private rights granted.

C30 - Westley Road Feedback Stakeholder Summary of feedback **Project team response** Round category theme Considerations should be made for private user All private user worked crossing rights would be registration and the business interruption and agreed between Network Rail and the affected landowner during detailed design. There are security concerns as a result of the creation of a dead end. Turning heads are proposed either side of the level crossing to mitigate the dead end. 2 Strategic stakeholder Safety concerns Concerns with the safety record on Brinkley Road / Selected diversions have been assessed by a (Cambridgeshire London Road and query raised as to why the use of Road Safety Audit and appropriate mitigation County Council) a private underpass to at Westley Lodge Farm is not measures considered. Discussions have been being used. held with the local Highway Authority regarding all diversion routes. The private underpass near Westley Lodge Farm was considered but was not deemed suitable for

vehicle or bridleway use.

C31 – Littleport Station

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Provision of bridge / underpass	Provide a new underpass under the station to prevent a long walk around and through an existing tunnel that is frequently flooded A tunnel under the lines from the car park be feasible, so that existing car park ticket machine and cycle rack may be used Provide pedestrian / wheelchair accessible bridge over the railway	Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpass across the railway is not part of the current Phase of works and would fall into a later NR funding period if deemed appropriate.	
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Accessibility of proposal Enhancement	Alternative arrangements must be made for those arriving from north and wishing to park. In addition to car parking ticket machines must be on both sides of station Provide pedestrian crossing over main road, west of level crossing and underpass, provide disabled parking bays at eastern end of underpass	Round 2 proposal updated and agreed with NR. Autotracking confirms right turn from westbound lane is possible for HGVs, Suggestion is that large vehicles would be signed to advance to Littleport to turn back to access station. They would not currently be able to used the under bridge.	
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Upgrade level crossing facilities	Upgrade the existing level crossing facilities	The existing level crossing cannot be retained with the proposals to lengthen the station platforms.	
2	Strategic stakeholder (Littleport Parish Council)	Enhancement	Suggestion to widen the underpass	This would be expensive and would not fall within the Promoter's current phase of works.	
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Fen Line	Consider development proposals	The effects of the proposed Cambridge-King's Lynn 8-car scheme park must be considered.	The proposals are designed to complement this scheme.	

C31 – Littleport Station

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
	Users Association)				
2	Local access, user, or interest group (Fen Line Users Association) Local access, user, or interest group (Cambridge Rambling Club)	Enhancement	There is a need to deal with the flooding issue in the subway, the proposed ramp and the subway should be well-lit, and there will be a need for an additional ticket machine and card reader for the southbound platform.	Additional ticket machines are proposed as part of the platform lengthening scheme. Flooding is not a frequent event through the underpass, and an alternative route is available via Station Road	
2	Local access, user, or interest group (The Littleport Society)	Traffic issues	Closure will cause severe delays to traffic	The closure of the underpass to all traffic will restrict movements across the railway when the main road level crossing barriers are down. However it is considered the impacts of this will be limited due to the following reasons: • The existing underpass only allows for one way operation • The access road to the underpass is blocked by larger vehicles on the main road • Alternative routes via the bypass exist and is it likely that some through traffic will divert • Surveys show that during the week less than 45 vehicles use the underpass (including those accessing the station car park)	

C31 - Littleport Station Stakeholder Feedback **Summary of feedback** Project team response Round category theme The impact of additional queuing traffic has been assessed as not significant in air quality terms. The closure of the underpass is supported by the Highway Authority Ensure that the underpass is maintained in a safe, The underpass would be maintained by NR and the 2 Local access. Enhancement user, or interest secure, and welcoming condition for pedestrians, footway beneath the underpass would be maintained by including lighting and regular inspections and aroup CCC. (Ramblers maintenance. South East Cambs) A bridge over the railway lines for pedestrians 2 Member of the Provision of Consideration of a proposed bridge or underpass across should be reconsidered public the railway is not part of the current Phase of works and bridge / would fall into a later NR funding period if deemed underpass appropriate. 2 Strategic Support subject Agreement with the proposal subject to no adverse The closure of the underpass to all traffic will restrict stakeholder issues arising from the traffic analysis conducted. movements across the railway when the main road level to conditions (Cambridgeshire crossing barriers are down. However it is considered the County Council) impacts of this will be limited due to the following reasons: • The existing underpass only allows for one way operation • The access road to the underpass is blocked by larger vehicles on the main road • Alternative routes via the bypass exist and is it likely that some through traffic will divert Surveys show that during the week less than 45 vehicles use the underpass (including those

accessing the station car park)

C31 – L	C31 – Littleport Station					
Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Project team response			
				The impact of additional queuing traffic has been assessed as not significant in air quality terms. The closure of the underpass is supported by the Highway Authority		

C33 / C34 / C35 - Jack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing) / Fysons / Ballast Pit

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
1	Landowner	Retain level crossing/level crossing is safe. Business impact	Landowner position clear that they would not close any existing crossing which are all used daily, unless we could have one Automated system as a replacement. Frequent accessibility to multiple areas of the farm and the soil type has meant they can grow a substantial range of crops, including time critical salads. The farm has multiple contracts with major supermarkets as a result of this conditions, accessibility and the infrastructure that has evolved as a result of it.	Property cost estimates have been prepared for affected level crossings on the scheme. Discussions are ongoing with affected businesses and this considers any time-critical contracts which may be put at risk by the additional time taken to get crops from field to freezer.	
2	Landowner	Retain level crossing/level crossing is safe. Business impact	Further correspondence and information received from the landowner confirming the same position as set out at R1.	Property cost estimates have been prepared for affected level crossings on the scheme. Discussions are ongoing with affected businesses and this considers any time-critical contracts which may be put at risk by the additional time taken to get crops from field to freezer.	
1	Round 1 Consultation Questionnaire	Alternative route / status	Suggestion that it would be good to establish better cycle routes between Chittering and Waterbeach as none are currently present.	There are no bridleways or routes for cyclists affected by the proposals in this location.	
2	Cambridge Rambling Club - Local access, user, or interest group	Upgrade level crossing facilities	Provide timetable information at the level crossing, for increased safety.	Timetable information cannot be shown due to potential changes in scheduled timetable.	
2	Local access, user, or interest group (NFU)	Business impact	High value salad and vegetable crops are grown in this area. These require intense field management operations, including irrigation.	Property cost estimates have been prepared for affected level crossings on the scheme. Discussions are ongoing with affected businesses and this considers any time-critical	

C33 / C34 / C35 - Jack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing) / Fysons / Ballast Pit

Round	Stakeholder category	Feedback theme	Summary of feedback	Project team response	
			Harvesting is time sensitive from a crop quality perspective and also to fulfil market delivery requirements too. The business impact of these proposals will be dramatic and proposals need to be reconsidered with the principal landowner to ensure the crossing remains open and safe for users.	contracts which may be put at risk by the additional time taken to get crops from field to freezer.	
2	Local access, user, or interest group (NFU)	Business impact	Proposals create a new track across farmland and thus creates business interruption as well as security and safety issues.	Consultation has been undertaken with affected landowners to help determine the potential effects on businesses. Where appropriate changes have been made to the scheme proposals. Residual and genuine impacts on businesses will result in potential compensation claims.	
2	Strategic stakeholder (Cambridgeshire County Council)	Business impact Enhancement Accessibility of proposal	-Farm vehicles on footpaths as there is peat soil in this areaLong Drove being a single track with poor sub base, edging onto soft verges. Concerns over intensification of its use -Issues with public right of way condition and damage to unsuitable routes -Bridge structures on public right of way not suitable for vehicles	Private user diversion route would not use PRoW bridges. The maintenance liability of the existing adopted highway would be the responsibility of CCC. Commuted sums are under discussion with CCC.	
4 (relating to C33 / C34)	Landowner	Retain level crossing/level crossing is safe. Business impact	Landowner is a large farming enterprise affected by the closure of 4 level crossings and oppose the proposals. High value salad and vegetable crops are grown on the farm requiring intensive management and irrigation. Potentially significant business impact due to increased journey times	Property cost estimates have been prepared for affected level crossings on the scheme. Discussions are ongoing with affected businesses and this considers any time-critical contracts which may be put at risk by the additional time taken to get crops from field to freezer.	

C33 / C34 / C35 - Jack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing) / Fysons / Ballast Pit

Round	ound Stakeholder Feedback theme		Summary of feedback	Project team response	
			and impact upon the way in which the land is farmed.	Diversion routes through the extensive farming operation have been considered.	
4 (relating to C35)	Landowner	Landowner Consultation	Landowner does not object to the closure of the crossing in principle but opposed to the creation of a new right of way across ownership to third party land.	The third party land has no alternative access once the LX is closed. A new route to the west is therefore required.	

